Sewer Overflow Study for the Hudson River Conference Prignet 1972 Interstate Sandation Commission

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW STUDY

FOR THE

HUDSON RIVER CONFERENCE



INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION

New York New Jersey Connecticut

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW STUDY FOR THE HUDSON RIVER CONFERENCE

by

Interstate Sanitation Commission

10 Columbus Circle

New York, N.Y. 10019

for the

OFFICE OF ENFORCEMENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL and the

OFFICE OF RESEARCH AND MONITORING
STORM AND COMBINED SEWER TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

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INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION

10 Columbus Circle

New York, New York - 10019

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ABSTRACT

A detailed examination was conducted of ten (10) combined sewer overflow systems within that portion of the Hudson River Basin lying within the Interstate Sanitation District. The work included the identification and study of these combined sewer systems in order to determine their location, physical characteristics, and service areas.

The procedure employed included the physical examination of each system's regulators to determine their location, type, dimensions, and condition. A study of available records was made to determine, where possible, trunk line flow, interceptor line design capacity, and characterization of the drainage area served by each regulator which included population and land use. Ten (10) summary tables and forty (40) regulator location figures are included in the report. Dry weather and wet weather sampling was also conducted. Bypass loadings for several pollution parameters have been calculated during storm flow conditions based upon this sampling. Recommendations for minimizing combined sewer overflows are included.

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SECTION I

CONCLUSIONS

From the information collected in the course of this study, much insight was gained into the status of the ten sewage collection systems contained in that portion of the Hudson River Basin which lies within the District waters of the Interstate Sanitation Commission. Based upon this study, we have reached the following conclusions:

- 1) The general condition of the ten sewage systems which were studied indicates that more attention needs to be given to the operation, performance, efficiency, and maintenance of the regulators.
- 2) Within six of the systems inspected, over 25% of the regulators were inoperable. The severity of conditions which resulted in regulator inoperability ranged from the need for adjustments to the need for complete overhaul.
- In far too many cases, the personnel assigned to regulator maintenance duty are not properly equipped with either maintenance tools or the necessary safety equipment to properly service the regulators. A noticeable lack of understanding on the part of many of the maintenance personnel as to the purpose and proper operation of regulators was evident during field inspection. Additionally, many of the regulators were intentionally jammed or chained in the open position to maximize wet weather flow to the treatment plant. This can create a three-fold problem of (a) an imbalance of sewage mixture from each regulator drainage basin during wet weather flow; (b) an unreasonably high wet weather flow to the treatment plant which in turn minimizes the effective treatment of this sewage; and (c) a surcharge of the interceptor system with associated local flooding of sewage into streets and basements.
- 4) With the exception of the Hoboken, New Jersey sewage system, ingress and egress to regulators were through manholes. The small size of the manholes required that personnel had to climb down inadequately sized ladder rungs for access to the regulator chamber. This made maintenance and inspection of equipment difficult and in many cases dangerous. Such conditions are definite deterrents to creating an environment conducive to proper and systematic maintenance of regulator equipment.
- 5) In many cases, adequate data relating to demographic and hydraulic characteristics for each regulator drainage basin

were either not available or were outdated or incomplete.

- 6) No remote sensing devices are presently installed on any of the regulators or tide gates to indicate whether the regulator or tide gate is operating properly. Thus, only time-consuming inspection techniques can be utilized to determine when and where a regulator gate, orifice, or tide gate is jammed or clogged and creating a condition of prolonged dry weather bypassing or salt water intrusion into the system.
- 7) It is strongly felt that in comparison to the attention given to treatment plant efficiencies, too little attention is given to the operation, performance, maintenance, and efficiency of regulators which are a vital part of the sewage system. In fact, the sewage network should be treated as an integral part of the total system of collection and treatment.
- 8) Field inspections of tide gates and regulators revealed instances where control equipment, i.e., hand cranks and chains, were so severely corroded that they could impair the proper functioning of the equipment. In these cases, tide gates or regulators could jam during dry weather flow such that effluent would bypass the treatment plant.
- 9) Wet weather sampling conducted at Regulator B-1, located in the Newtown Creek Treatment Plant drainage basin, exhibited a very pronounced first flush phenomena. The quantities of pollutants such as solids, BOD, and oil and grease which are bypassed during a storm are extremely high; for example, during the storm of June 16, 1972, which spanned a 4-hour period and had a peak intensity of 0.65 inches in 1 hour, over 1,000,000 pounds of total suspended solids, 36,000 pounds of BOD, and 180,000 pounds (24,000 gallons) of oil and grease were bypassed. During this period of bypassing (about 4 hours), approximately 30 times as much suspended solids were bypassed as are discharged from the treatment plant in a full 24-hour normal dry weather flow period. The respective maximum concentrations (Mg/L) for TSS, BOD, and oil and grease were 20,000, 465, and 4,300 during this storm. These values, together with those found for heavy metals, confirm that a high priority needs to be given to the pretreatment of industrial wastes and source control to minimize their deposition on streets and subsequent contamination of runoff water.
- 10) In view of the tremendous quantities of pollutants bypassed during the rainfall from this combined sewer system, it does not seem reasonable to debate whether secondary treatment plants should be designed for 80, 85, or 90% BOD or suspended solids removal when in fact the small increments

gained in this range are completely overshadowed by the bypassing occurring at regulators during wet weather flow.

11) The necessary improvement in the quality of receiving waters and the reopening of beaches will not be accomplished by the multi-billion dollar treatment plant upgrading and expansion program now going on within the District, and the monies spent for this construction in large part will be wasted if means of mitigating the effects of combined sewers are not found.

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SECTION II

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based upon the results of the study and the conclusions reached, the following are strongly recommended:

- 1) Greater emphasis needs to be placed on the establishment of significant programs to better maintain and regulate the overall performance and hence efficiency of combined sewer systems. Maintenance programs, inspection procedures, and surveillance networks need to be either established or better formulated to insure that optimal amounts of highly concentrated sewage be intercepted for treatment purposes.
- 2) Conventional methods of evaluating sewage treatment plant efficiencies by means of percentage removal of pollutants leaving compared to those entering the treatment plants need to be revised. Attention should also be given to evaluating the overall efficiency of a sewage network by considering the bypass discharge from regulators during dry and wet weather flows together with the effluent from treatment plants. The percent removal of pollutants would then be based on the quantity of sewage exiting from the entire system, i.e., treatment plant and regulator bypass as compared to the sewage entering the system.
- 3) Access to regulator equipment needs improvement. Certainly, in the design and construction of new regulators, the following should be provided: larger entrance openings to chambers, larger work areas within chambers, and space for the installation of lighting equipment within chambers. Emphasis should also be given to using the latest available construction materials which can best withstand the corrosive environment found within regulator chambers.
- 4) Initiation of training programs for regulator maintenance personnel for the purpose of giving instruction and stressing the importance of proper maintenance and operation of regulators is needed. Sufficient maintenance and safety equipment and supplies should also be provided to all regulator maintenance crews.
- 5) Increased types of information should be kept on a current basis for each regulator. This should include demographic and hydraulic data as well as information concerning bypass flows.
- 6) In addition to establishing a scheduled maintenance program for regulators and tide gates by trained field personnel, methods for minimizing the effects from combined

sewers on receiving waters need to be developed. In this regard, the following are suggested:

- (a) Consideration should be given to the installation of a monitoring system to signal to a central location whether a regulator or tide gate is in the open or closed position so that non-essential bypassing can be eliminated.
- (b) Consideration should be given to flushing sewers during dry weather periods in order to eliminate solids buildup that may occur. Means of flushing, whether by use of small slugs of potable water or sewage treatment plant effluent recirculated into the system, need to be examined on a case-by-case basis.
- (c) Consideration should be given to in-line sewage storage and optimization of regulator settings to enable as much of the first flush as possible to flow to treatment plants before the combined sewage is diverted by the regulators directly to the receiving waters.
- (d) Consideration should be given to the construction of two dikes -- one extending from Fort Wadsworth on Staten Island and one from Nortons Point on Coney Island (see Figure 1). The purpose of these dikes would be to divert the flows which come through the Narrows into the Lower Bay away from the beaches for a longer period of time, thus improving the water quality at the beaches during and following wet weather periods.
- 7) A high priority should be given to the pretreatment of industrial wastes to remove heavy metals and other harmful constituents to the maximum extent possible. This will not only reduce their detrimental effects on treatment plants but also prevent them from being directly discharged into receiving waterways by regulators which bypass during wet weather conditions.
- 8) Consideration should be given to the control of contaminants and debris in street runoff water. This should include improved street cleaning operations as well as source controls.
- 9) The type of information developed in this study of ten sewerage systems is needed for the other areas of the Interstate Sanitation District. A similar study should be extended to these areas as soon as possible so that a definitive evaluation of the combined sewer overflow problem during dry and wet weather periods can be made.

SECTION III

ARRANGEMENT OF THE REPORT

This report is arranged in the following manner: Sections I and II are the Conclusions and Recommendations of this study.

Section IV is the Introduction and Literature Review which contains the background information relating to the inception of this study and gives pertinent information obtained from a survey of the literature.

Section V is a General Discussion. It includes information on safety equipment precautions, procedures followed during regulator inspections, and some general comments on these inspections.

Sections VI through XV contain information on the ten drainage systems studied. Each section gives the specific results of the Interstate Sanitation Commission inspections of each regulator within the given drainage area including the operability of the regulator and information pertaining to the drainage area for each regulator. Each of the ten sections is arranged as follows: First there is a brief discussion of the system. This is followed by a table containing information describing each regulator. The data is presented in tabular form in order to condense the information as much as possible. Each table contains the following information (when available):

First page - regulator number

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- location
- manufacturer
- type
- drainage area
- population data
- land use data
- trunk line mean dry weather flow (MDWF)
- interceptor design capacity

Continuing page - regulator number

line size characteristics, line size and materials of construction of the interceptor (upstream and downstream), trunk, bypass, and outfall lines

- receiving waterway -- of outfall line
- inspection data -- findings of the ISC inspections (the latest information on the condition of the regulators are contained in the Notes on the bottom of the final table sheet)
- figure number -- directs the reader to the figure in which that regulator can be found on a map of the area

Following the table are figures (maps) which give the location for each regulator, the drainage area boundaries, the sizes and locations of interceptor lines, the locations of bypass and outfall lines, the locations of pump stations, and the treatment plant.

Following the sections on inspections and detailed information on each drainage area is Section XVI which details the Commission's sampling and analyses at two regulators within the study area. Additional land use and demographic characteristics of drainage areas relating to these regulators are also presented.

Appendices A, B, C, and D, respectively, are a figure depicting a schematic diagram of a typical regulator, a glossary of terms used in this report, a legend showing symbols used on the "key" and regulator maps, and a listing of terms used in Tables 18 and 20.

Following this section (Section III) is Figure 1 -- a location map showing the ten drainage basins that were studied in this report. This map is followed by Figures 2 through 8 which are "key maps" outlining figure locations within the drainage areas of the ten systems studied. The "key maps" also indicate the surrounding area of each map in a particular drainage basin.

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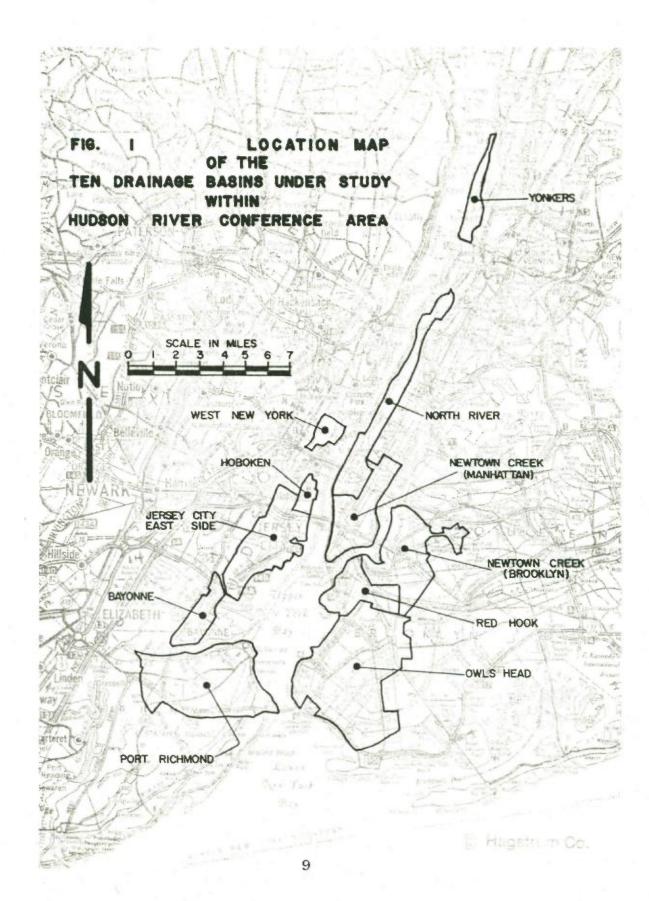
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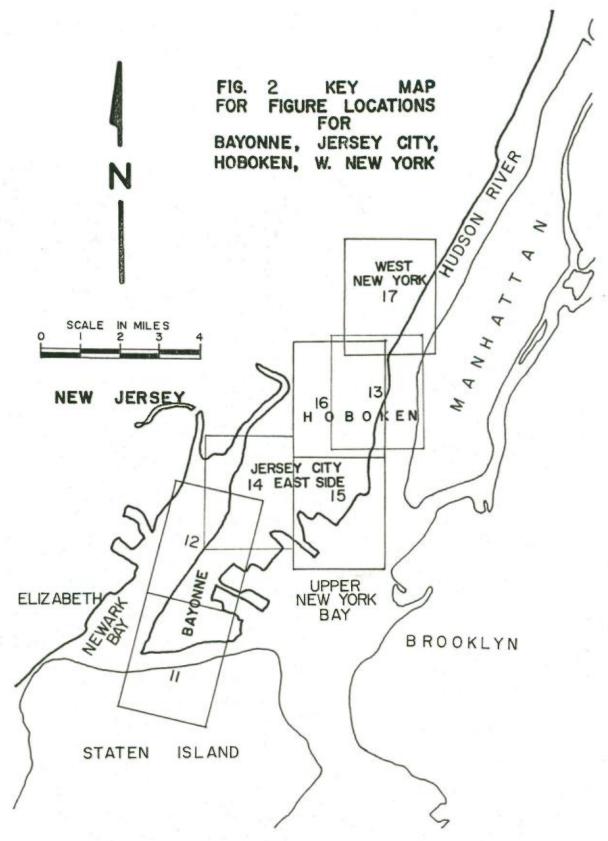
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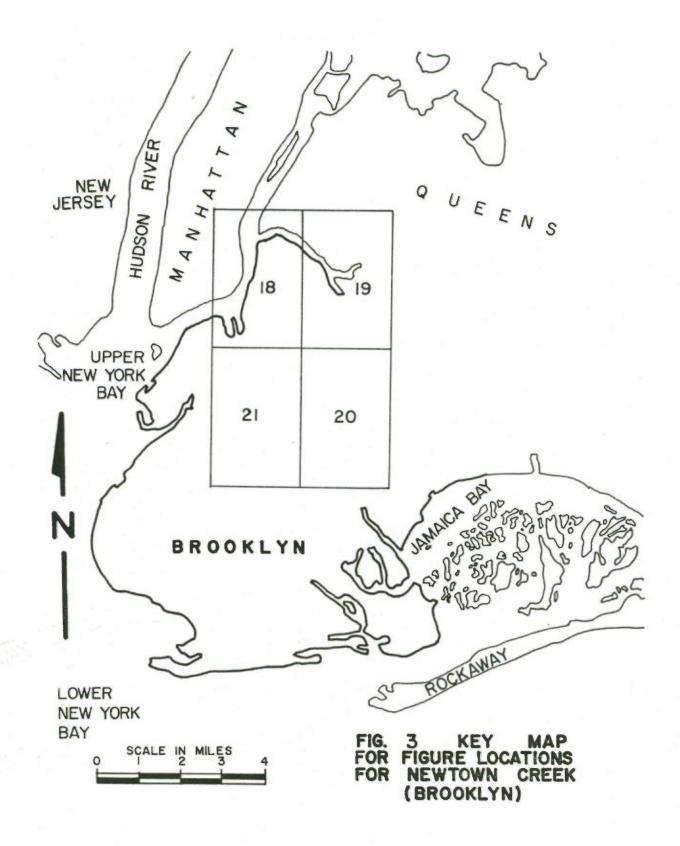
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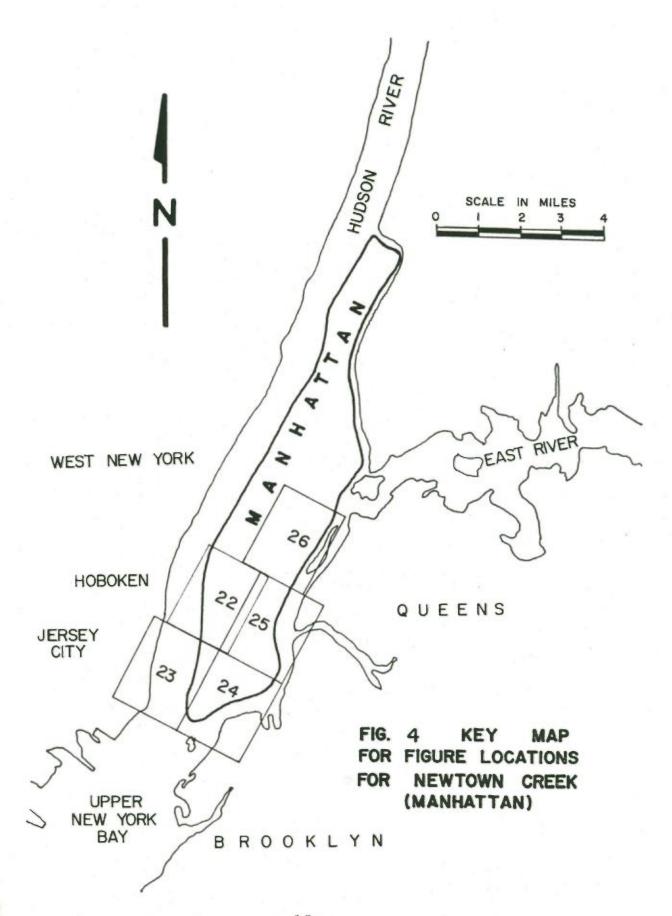
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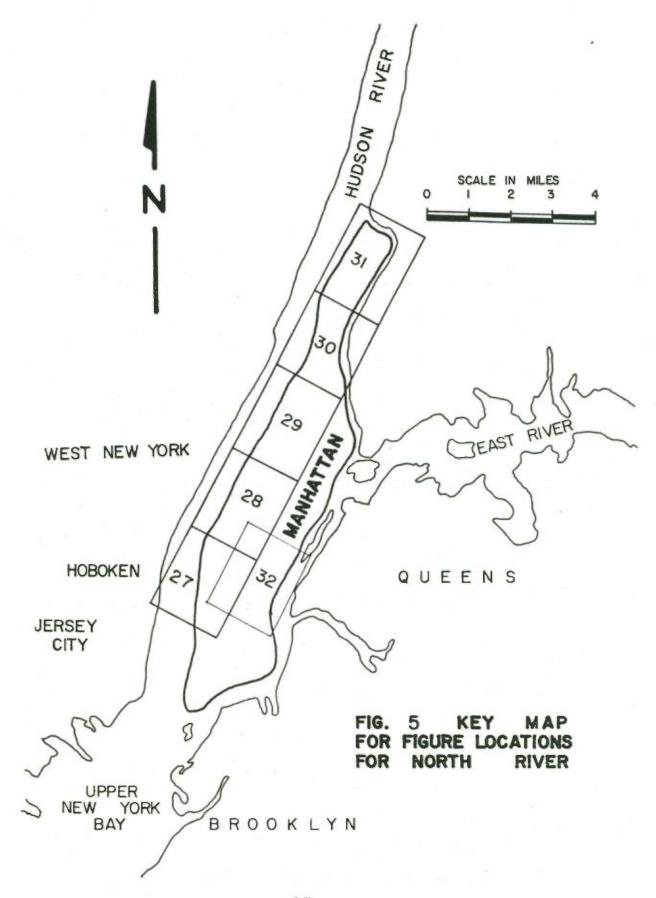
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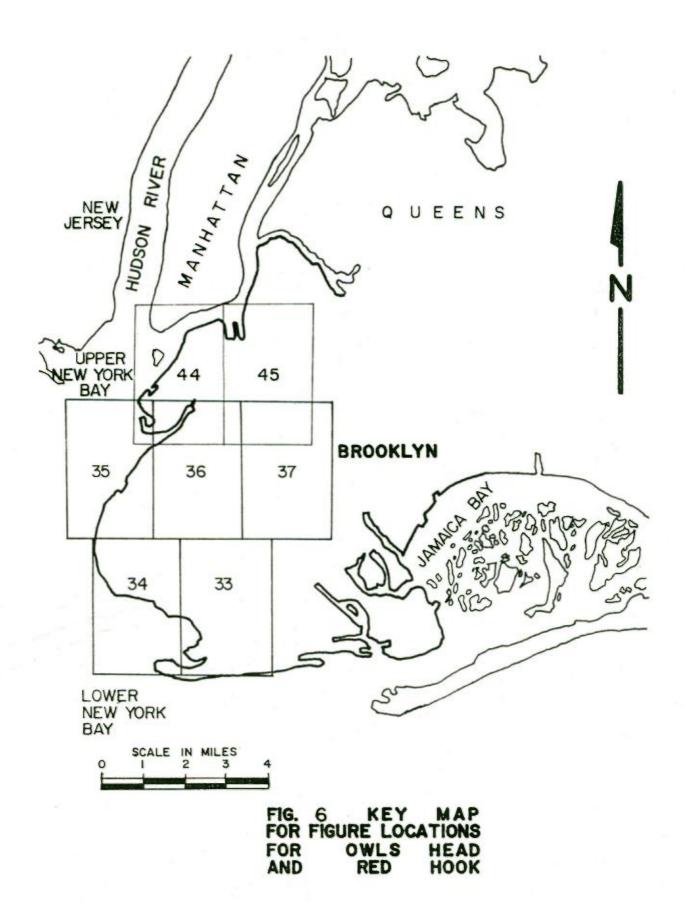


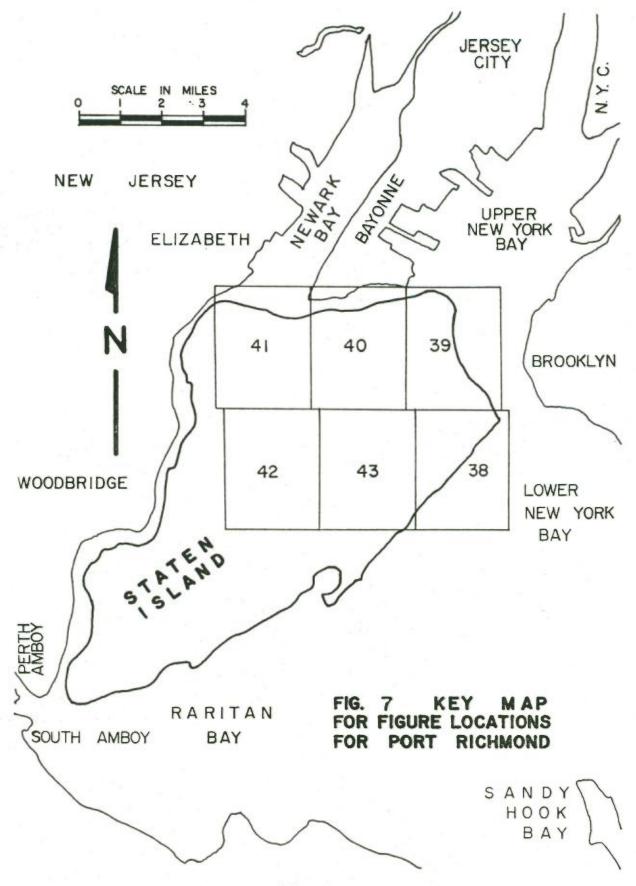


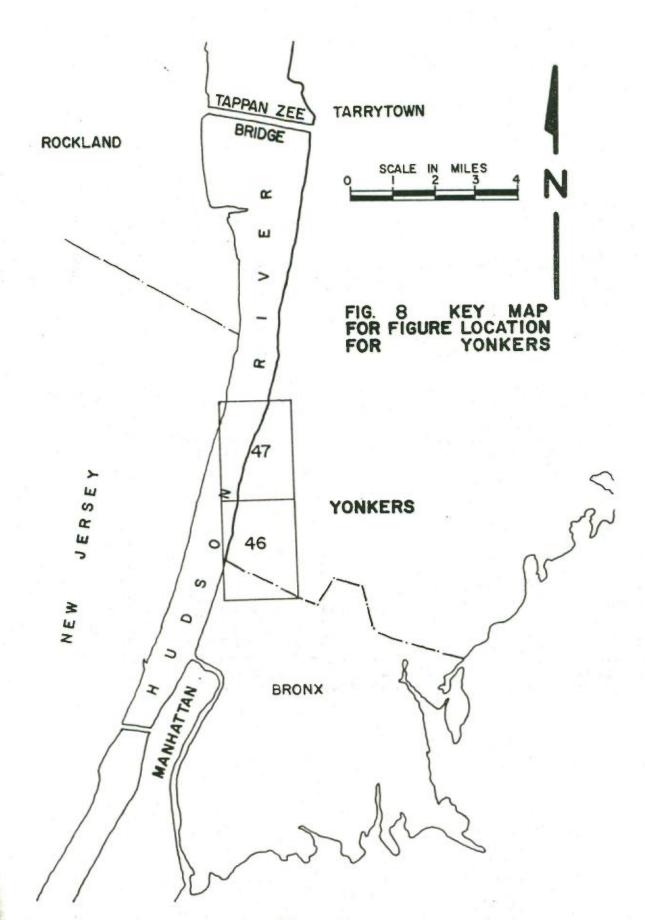












SECTION IV

INTRODUCTION AND LITERATURE REVIEW

A sizable portion of the sewer systems within the Interstate Sanitation District are of the combined type and their effluents represent a major water pollution problem. As such, a comprehensive understanding and evaluation of these systems is a prerequisite to the achievement of water quality standards for the combined sewer receiving waters in the Interstate Sanitation District.

One of the recommendations of the Third Session Conference on the Hudson River (1) was that the Interstate Sanitation Commission undertake an examination of combined sewer overflows as the first stage in the development of a remedial program for this area. The Commission initiated its program which was subsequently augmented by a grant from the United States Environmental Protection Agency. The ten combined sewer systems investigated in this study were:

- 1. Bayonne, New Jersey
- 2. Hoboken, New Jersey
- 3. Jersey City East Side, New Jersey
- 4. West New York Joint Outlet, New Jersey
- 5. Newtown Creek, New York
- 6. Owls Head, New York
- 7. North River, New York
- 8. Port Richmond, New York
- 9. Red Hook, New York
- 10. Yonkers, New York

The report of this study includes findings, conclusions, and recommendations, together with identification and examination of regulators in these ten combined sewer systems. The procedures employed included inspection and examination of the combined sewer regulators to determine their locations, types, dimensions, and conditions and a study of available records concerning regulator hydraulic capacity as well as land use data and population densities of the drainage areas served by these regulators.

A sampling and analysis program was also conducted at two regulators to establish characteristic flow curves, analyze effluent species, and determine loadings for dry and wet weather flows. Grab samples of regulator flows were obtained at appropriate intervals. Composite samples, when required, were formed by combining these samples. All samples were analyzed by laboratory methods as specified in "Standard Methods of Water and Wastewater Analysis" (2) to determine their respective concentrations. Effluent loadings could

then be estimated by utilizing this data together with total runoff data as calculated by the rational formula Q=CIA where:

Q = peak runoff

C = runoff coefficient

I = average rainfall intensity

A = drainage area

Section XVI describes the details involved in applying the rational method to this study.

In coordination with the preparation of this study, a literature search was conducted to ascertain pertinent background information.

A questionnaire study was conducted by the American Public Works Association. Their first report (3) was concerned with the extent of the overflow problem and its effect on the Nation's waterways. Some of the findings in their report were:

- (a) A total of 10,025 regulators located at combined sewer overflow stations or other locations were used by the 641 jurisdictions surveyed. The most common regulator type was of the weir construction or static. The least common was the mechanical regulator, i.e., hydraulic cylinder, manual or automatic valves.
- (b) The operational performance of all the regulators was rated about equal.
- (c) Dry weather overflows were reported by 96% of the jurisdictions. Half of these overflows were the result of impropergulator operation and half by insufficient sewer capacity.
- (d) Few of the jurisdictions surveyed monitored the quantity or quality of the combined sewer overflow.

In 1970, the American Public Works Association issued a second report (4). This study was primarily concerned with the design, operation, maintenance, and utilization of combined sewer overflow regulators. Several factors relative to the design and operation of regulators were found to be contributory to the pollution of receiving waters. They are:

(a) Regulator malfunctions which allow overflows during dry weather flow periods.

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- (b) Regulator malfunctions which allow overflow to continue for periods considerably longer than that required to protect the treatment plant.
- (c) Tide gate malfunctions which fail to protect interceptor lines from the inflow or receiving waters.

This report also recommends improved regulator practices to reduce pollution. These include:

(a) Use of regulators which are sensitive to variations in hydraulic flow.

- (b) Improved operations and maintenance procedures to increase efficiency and performance of existing regulators.
- (c) Integration of individual regulators into a total system so as to have complete management of the regulators, interceptors, pump stations, and treatment plants.
- (d) Use of instrumentation and remote control functions for control of interceptor flows upstream of regulators.

Both of the APWA reports recognize that the proper operation of the overflow regulator is a key factor in insuring the efficient operation of treatment plants and other control facilities.

Automated data acquisition and remote control functions of combined sewer systems have been reported in the literature. The City of Cincinnati (5) uses telemetered monitoring to detect regulator malfunctions and excess overflows. A visual display is utilized to locate the region of the overflows. The Minneapolis-St. Paul Sanitary District (6) has demonstrated reductions in combined sewer overlow pollution by utilizing a rather sophisticated regulator control system. The incidence of overflow was reduced by 88%. The project includes a computerized data acquisition and control system that permits remote control of modified regulators. Based upon rainfall and wastewater level measurements, storm flows can be diverted to interceptors for temporary storage.

The Cities of Detroit (7) and Seattle (8) have completed projects similar to a system developed in Minneapolis-St. Paul (6). They incorporate rain and sewer level sensors, computerized data acquisition and remote control operation of regulators and pump stations. The monitoring system provides data on which regulators are slow, overloaded, or

blocked as well as permitting first flush interception, selective retention and overflow.

The American Public Works Association has also published a manual of practice for combined sewer regulation and management (9). It provides guidelines for designs, application, instrumentation, operation, and maintenance of static, semiautomatic and automatic regulators. New concepts in regulator design are also presented. These include: fluidic devices, swirl (vortex) regulator/separators, spiral (helical) flow regulator/separators, stilling ponds, high side spill weirs, broadcrested inflatable fabric dams, and overall system remote positive control.

A study (10) of the management and control of combined sewer overlows presents various techniques and systems to control these overflows. These methods include physical-chemical treatment of overflows (11,12), underwater storage (13), or storm standby tanks (14). Other advance control systems include high-rate dual media filtration (15, 16), microstraining (17), and screening/dissolved air flotation (18).

Additional studies (19,20, 21) have been performed relating urban storm runoff and the stormwater infiltration problem. It should be noted that in these studies as well as those mentioned previously, extrapolation of data is quite difficult due to differences in land use, population, and sewer system sizes.

Preliminary pollution model studies of the New York Harbor Area performed by the U.S. Corps of Engineers (22) have shown that two dikes - one extending from Fort Wadsworth on Staten Island and the other from Nortons Point on Coney Island (See Figure I) would tend to divert combined sewer overflow from the surrounding beaches as well as increasing the time before the overflow reached the beaches during and following wet weather periods. These studies have shown that additional effort is warranted to optimize the location, size and orientation of these dikes.

SECTION V

GENERAL DISCUSSION

The importance of safety cannot be overemphasized during field operations. Safety procedures and equipment must be specified in any inspection work involving entrance to regulator structures.

Safety Equipment:

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ig id The safety equipment utilized in the inspection and sampling of regulators in the Hudson River Conference study area is illustrated in Figure 9-A. The following is a list of the equipment used to permit safe inspection by crews within a regulator facility.

- 1. Oxygen Deficiency and Explosion Meter
- 2. Steel Tip Work Shoes and Rubber Boots
- 3. Explosion Proof Lights
- 4. Hard Hat
- 5. Rain Wear (rain garments and hip boots)
- 6. Rubber Gloves
- 7. Safety Harness and Lines
- 8. Manhole Cover Hooks
- 9. Road Safety Cones
- 10. Barricades
- 11. Flashing Hazard Warning Lights

It is strongly recommended that maintenance personnel for the purpose of inspection familiarize themselves with the proper use, limitations, and maintenance of this equipment prior to utilizing them in any inspection activities.

Regulator Inspection Procedure:

A typical inspection involves three major phases after verifying the regulator location with the use of map coordinates. These three phases are as follows:

- Phase 1 Regulator Site Safety Inspection
- Phase 2 Inspection of Regulator Equipment
- Phase 3 Reports and/or Correction of Malfunctions

Phase I involves the positioning of road safety cones and hazard lights. A traffic controller should be used when manholes are located on roads. The oxygen deficiency and explosion meter is utilized to determine the air quality within the chamber. Usually the probe is inserted into the vent port on the manhole to take this measurement. If conditions are within prescribed safety requirements, the manhole



FIG. 9-A, STANDARD PREPARATION AND SET-UP FOR REGULATOR INSPECTION



FIG. 9-B, FIELD PERSONNEL ENTERING MANHOLE FOR REGULATOR INSPECTION

cover is removed to allow for additional venting and to permit entry of the crew. Prior to entry into the regulator chamber, the inspector should don the proper safety equipment. A minimum of two men should remain on the surface, one fully outfitted with a duplicate set of equipment in the event of an emergency.

Phase 2 consists of inspecting the regulator equipment, verifying the proper operation of the regulator and associated components, and checking the tide gate for proper seal. Visual inspections are also made of the chamber and of its condition, i.e., quantities of debris, oil, grit, and grease.

Phase 3 consists of recording all pertinent observations regarding nominal performance of the regulator and of any improper conditions. Sufficient information should be reported to permit repair crews to correct failures or clean regulators without additional utilization of the inspection crew.

General Inspection Observations:

ON

The performance of maintenance operations on regulator systems was the most predominant problem reported by inspection crews. Access to regulator chambers was generally difficult due to a combination of bulky safety equipment (i.e., Scott Air Packs) and small manhole entry points. Ladder rungs proved to be too narrow and most times provided inadequate footing for inspection crews. Lighting within the regulator chambers was poor and made visual observations difficult. Since most of the regulators were located beneath heavily travelled streets, inspections had to be scheduled to minimize traffic interference.

Bypass lines had small manholes which made access difficult. As a result, tide gates were usually poorly maintained and accumulation of wood and other debris was common. (A coarse bar screen at the exit of the outfall would probably limit the entrance of this material into the bypass line.) Chains used to lift tide gates were missing or usually severely damaged due to corrosion and, as a result, proper seating of the tide gate was difficult to check. High tides occurring during daylight working hours severely limited the inspection crew from maintaining the tide gates.

Float wells usually had large accumulations of grit and grease. These deposits could not be cleaned easily because of the lack of high pressure water lines to wash down the chamber.

Regulators which were inspected and maintained on a routine basis by full-time regulator inspection crews provided more

efficient flow control to the sewage treatment plant.

A regulator typical of those found in this survey is shown in Figure 10-A. Figure 10-B is somewhat typical of the outfalls observed in this study.

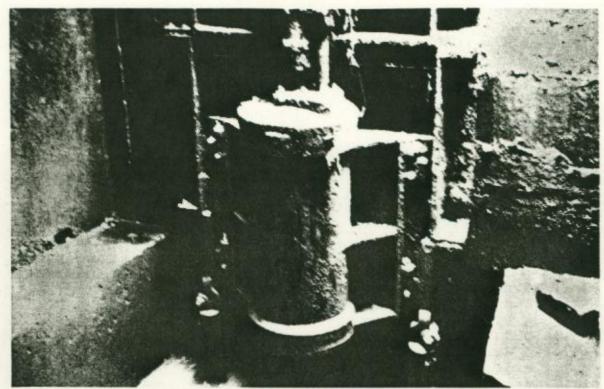


FIG. 10-A, HYDRAULICALLY OPERATED SLUICE GATE AT REGULATOR 6
(CONTRACT 2), NICHOLAS AVENUE AND RICHMOND TERRACE,
PORT RICHMOND, NEW YORK

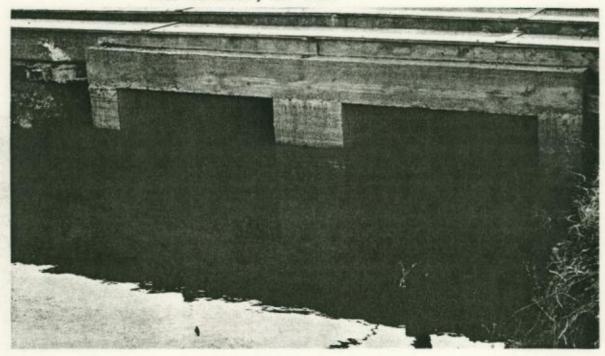


FIG. 10-B, AN OUTFALL FOR ONE OF THE PORT RICHMOND, NEW YORK, REGULATORS

SECTION VI

BAYONNE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

BAYONNE, N.J.

The sewage system for Bayonne consists of eighteen mechanical float actuated regulators. The float position for these regulators is determined by the height of flow in the upstream interceptor line. Of the eighteen regulators within this system, overflow from ten regulators bypass to Newark Bay, five bypass to the Kill Van Kull, and three bypass to Upper New York Harbor.

Sewage from the West Side interceptor line flows by gravity to a pump station at East 23rd Street. It is then pumped eastward through a 30" Ø force main to a junction chamber on the East Side interceptor line. Storm water trunk lines have been installed along Avenue E, from East 27th Street south to East 8th Street. This storm flow is then pumped to the Kill Van Kull through a 300 MGD capacity pump station. A storm water pump station (shown on Figure 11) located at Garretson Avenue at the Kill Van Kull, acts to relieve flooding conditions from its low level drainage basin.

The maintenance personnel for the Bayonne sewage system consist of sewage treatment plant workers used on a rotational work assignment basis. Maintenance apparatus was somewhat limited, i.e., pick-up trucks, and the lack of sufficient equipment hindered inspection or maintenance.

During the Commission's inspections, nine of the system's eighteen regulators were found to be inoperable. A follow-up telephone conversation with the plant superintendent indicated that all regulators had been placed back into operable condition since our field investigation.

Additional information relative to the regulators found in this drainage area is shown in Table 1 and Figures 11 through 12.

TABLE 1 - BAYONNE TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY

	Regulator Number	Location	Manufacturer (Reference Mumber)	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Population - Residential		cent L			Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
	1	E. 19th St. and Avenue F	Brown & Brown No. 5-A	Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	65	1,000	30	5	45	20	N/A	N/A
	2	E. 15th St. East of Avenue E	Brown & Brown No. 8	21" x 32 5/8" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	252	8,700	80	15	0	5	N/A	B/A
36	3	E. 30th St. and Avenue F	Brown & Brown No. 1	12" x 12" Hinged Gate with Mechani- cal Float System	45	2,400	80	5	5	10	M/A	N/A
		E. 34th St. and Avenue E	Brown & Brown No. 8-A	21" x 35 3/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	215	11,600	90	5	0	5	M/A	M/A
	5	Ingham Ave. and E. 5th Street	Brown & Brown No. 8-B	21" x 38 1/2" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Ploat System	219	10,000	40	15	35	10	H/A	H/A
	6	Broadway & East 1st St.	Brown & Brown No. 1	12" x 12" Hinged Gate with Mechani- cal Float System	44	2,000	50	15	30	5	N/A	M/A
	7	Avenue C & West 1st St.	Brown & Brown No. 3	12" x 18 3/4" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	51	2,500	90	5	0	5	H/A	N/A

TABLE 1 - (Continued)

	Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTE			To the Control of the			PECTION DATA	Figure No.
	Number	Upstream	or Line Downstream	Trunk	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)		or Location of Regulator
	Rumber	opacieam	DOWNSON CHE	Bine	1,1100	the contract	Management & S. Service	mm mm 100			negarat.
		35				14					
	1	66" ø	72" ø	24" \$ & 42" \$ &	42" ø & 30" ø	42" Ø-	Kill Van Kull	9-29-71		No access. An oil leak in vicinity of regulator chamber has saturated ground around chamber causing stron fumes in manhole.	
						*		6)			
	2	72" ø	72" \$	54" ø	54" ø	54" Ø	Kill Van Kull	9-29-71	No	Regulator gate jammed open - needs complete maintenance. Tide gate leaking needs cleaning.	11
			100	74-1-14-2							
	3	54" ø	54" ø	30° ø	30" Ø	30" ø	Upper New York Bay	9-29-71	No	Regulator gate jammed open, float chamber clogged. Tide gate leaking	
ω											
7	*	42" Ø	48" ø	48" ø	Two 48" \$	72" \$	Upper New York Bay	9-29-71	No	Float chamber clogged. Regulator gate jammed in open position. Tide gate leaking.	15
	5	42" ø	54" Ø	60° ø	60" Ø	60" Ø	Kill Van Kull	9-29-71	Yes	Well mmintained. Regulator gate an float operable. Slight flow from tide gate.	d 11
		10000004			-14 4	t alm d					
	6	33" ⋪	36" ø	24" ø	24" 9	24" Ø	Kill Van Kull	9-29-71	No	Float buried in grit. Cannot move regulator gate. Slight flow from tide gate.	11
	7	30" ø	33" ∮	24" ø	24" \$	24" ø	Kill Ven Kull	9-29-71	No	Regulator gate frozen in open position.	11

TABLE 1 - BAYONNE TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY

	Regulator Number	Location	Manufacturer (Reference Number)	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Population- Residential		ent L		ise Oth.	Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
	8	Avenue A North of W. 3rd St.	Brown & Brown No. 0	7 1/2" x 15 3/8" Hinged Cate with Nechanical Float System	36	1,000	5	0	90	5	N/A _	N/A
	9	Avenue A South of W. 5th St.	Brown & Brown No. 1	12" x 12" Binged Cate with Mechanical Float System	41	1,000	40	10	40	10	R/A	H/A
38	10	Edwards Court W. of Ave. A	Brown & Brown No. 7-0	5" x 6" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	3	200	100	0	0	0	H/A	M/A
	11	W. 16th St. West of Avenue A	Brown & Brown No. 4-0	7 1/2" x 7 3/4" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	13	600	60	10	0	30	W/A	N/A
	12	W. 22nd St. West of Avenue A	Brown & Brown No. 3	12" x 18" 3/4" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	77	3,600	75	5	0	20	B/A	M/A
	13	W. 24th St. West of Avenue A	Brown & Brown No. 4-0	7 1/2" x 7 3/4" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	13	400	95	0	0	5	W/A	N/A
	14	W. 25th St. West of Avenue A	Brown & Brown No. 3-A	12" x 21" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	90	3,000	60	10	0	30	N/A	N/A
	15	W. 30th St. West of Avenue A	Brown & Brown No. 6-0	5" x 7 1/2" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	17	1,000	100	0	0	0	H/A	N/A

TABLE 1 - (Continued)

	Regu-	120000000000000000000000000000000000000		E CHARACTER			ACC 400 0			PECTION DATA	Figure No.
	lator	Intercep*		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
	Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
	8	24° ø	30" ø	Two 18" #	24" \$	24" Ø	Newark Bay	9-29-71	Мо	Regulator gate frozen in open position. Chain off regulator pulley. Tide gate open slightly.	ш
											14
	9		24" ø	24" ø	54. à	5#" ø	Hewark Bay	9-29-71	No	Float covered with grit. Regulater gate not removable.	11
	10		12" Ø	12" \$ CI	12" ∮	12" ø	Nevark Bay	3-27-72	-	No Access.	n
20	n'	12" Ø	18" \$ CA	CI 24" ∮	CI \$	CI 24" ∮	Bewark Bay	3-27-72	Yes	-	п
	12	18" # CA	24" \$ CA	36" ∮ Steel	36" Ø Steel	36" \$ Steel	Newark Bay	3-27-72	Yes		11
	13	48" ¢	48" Ø Ca	16" Ø	16" \$	16" ø	Hewark Bay	3-27-72	Yes	-	12
	14	42" Ø RC	48" Ø	36" Ø Steel	36" ø Steel	36" \$ Steel	Newark Bay	3-27-72	Yes		12
	15	36" ∮ RC	42" Ø RC	18" ø	18" ∮	18" ø	Hevark Bay	3-27-72	Yes		12

TABLE 1 - BAYONNE TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY

Regulator Number	Location	Manufacturer (Reference Mumber)	Type	Drainage Area (Acres)	Population - Residential		Com.			Trunk Line MDMF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
16	Lincoln Parkway West of Avenue A	Brown & Brown No. 6-A	16" x 30 7/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	147	6,000	70	0	0	30	N/A	N/A
17	Hudson Blvd. & 59th St.	N/A	Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	109	4,300	55	20	15	10	N/A	N/A
18	E. 50th St. East of Avenue E	Brown & Brown No. 7-A	Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	159	7,200	70	20	5	5	N.A	H/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 1:

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1949-50) supplied by personnel at the Bayonne Treatment Plant.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries determined from City of Bayonne Existing Sever Line Map (1962). Acreage calculated from the layout of drainage area boundaries.

Fopulation Data - based on 1970 Federal Census (Census Tract F-1) supplied by personnel at Bayonne City Engineer's Office.

Land Use Data - estimated from City of Bayonne Zoning Map (1969).

Hydraulic Data - not available.

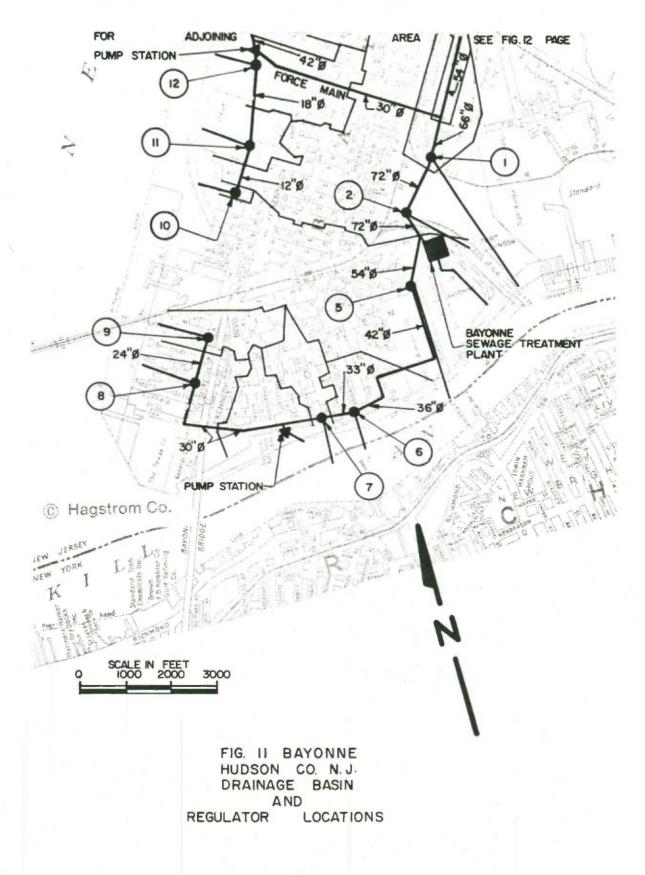
Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACT	ERISTICS					PECTION DATA	Pigure No.
lator	Intercept	tor Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable	f	or Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	f Regulato
16	36" ø RC	36" Ø RC	36" ø	36 à	36" ∅ ci	Newark Bay	3-27-72	Yes	***	15
17		33" Ø	36" Ø CB	36* Ø CB	36" Ø CB	Newark Bay	3-21-72	No.	This is a new regulator, recently built. It replaces Brown & Brown regulator No. 4-A which was at site and we removed because of new construction. Regulator gate was closed. Dry weathflow by-passing.	
18	0.55	42" Ø	48" ø	48" Ø	48″ ø	Upper New York Bay	9-29-71	No	Float weighted down to keep regulate gate in open position. Needs greasis and general maintenance. Tide gate jammed open fixed by crew while at chamber.	

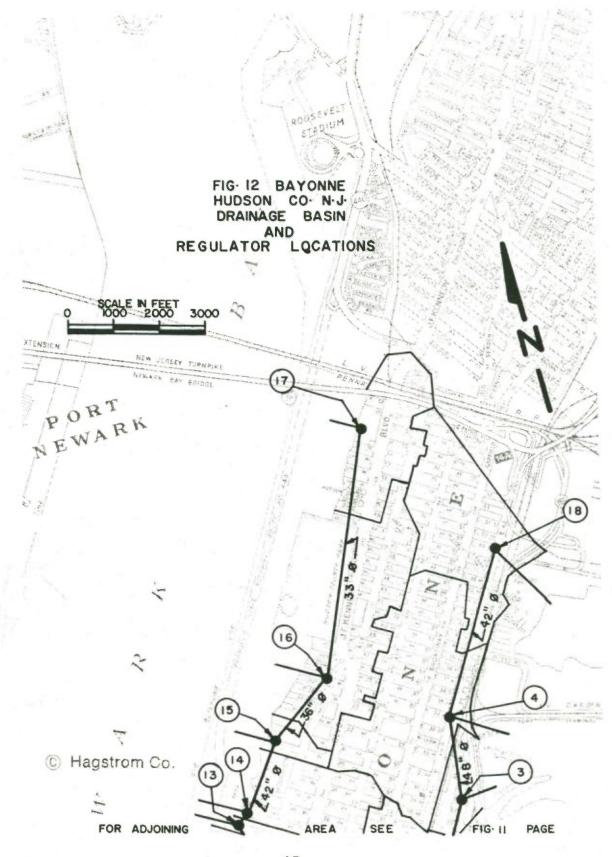
NOTES FOR TABLE 1 (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and City of Bayonne Existing Sever Line Map.

Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation of May 19, 1972 with the Bayonne Treatment Plant Superintendent, all regulators which were found to be inoperable during inspections have been put in good condition.

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SECTION VII

HOBOKEN SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

HOBOKEN, N. J.

The Hoboken sewage system consists of seven regulators with two pump stations. All regulators have a dual system of mechanical float actuated hinged gates. The float position is determined by the flow height in the trunk line. All regulators bypass to the Hudson River during overflow conditions.

The regulators were designed with easy access, and all have large hinged metal doors opening to a staircase with ample head-room. Electric lighting and high ceilings provide satisfactory conditions in which to service and maintain the equipment.

The North pump station contains three electrically driven centrifugal pumps, each having a capacity of 4500 gpm. The South pump station contains three electrically driven centrifugal pumps, each having a capacity of 6200 gpm. This station has a 15" Ø emergency outfall.

Maintenance personnel for the Hoboken system consist of sewage treatment plant personnel. Maintenance apparatus includes a pick-up truck having limited equipment. As a result, maintenance and inspection procedures were hindered.

Inspection of the Hoboken sewage system indicated all regulators to be non-operable. A follow-up telephone conversation with the plant superintendent indicated that repair work is currently in operation on the north-end regulators.

Additional information relative to the regulators found in this drainage area is shown in Table 2 and Figure 13.

TABLE 2 - HOBOKEN TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY

Regulate Number	Location	Manufacturer (Reference Mumber)	Туре	Area (Acres)	Population - Residential		ent I		Jae Oth	Trunk Line MOWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
1	Observer Highway & Court Alley	Brown & Brown Nos. 4-A & 5-A	12" x 26 5/16" & 16" x 25 5/8" Hinged Gates with Independent Mechanical Float Systems	124	N/A	80	5	10	5	N/A	N/A
2	River & Newark Streets	Brown & Brown Nos. 4-0 & 000	7 1/2" x 7 3/4" & 7 1/2" x 9 3/4 Hinged Gates with Independent Nechanical Float Systems	76	N/A	85	5	5	5	N/A	N/A
3	River & Third Streets	Brown & Brown Nos. 1 & 0	12" x 12" & 7 1/2" x 15 3/8" Hinged Cates with Independent Mechanical Float Systems	117	N/A	80	5	10	5	N/A	N/A
4	River & Fourth Streets	Brown & Brown Nos. 00 & 00	Two 7 1/2" x 12 3/8" Hinged Cates with Independent Mechanical Float Systems	114	N/A	8c	5	5	10	N/A	N/A
5	Hudson & Eleventh Streets	Brown & Brown Nos. 1 & 0	12" x 12" & 7 1/2" x 15 3/8" Hinged Cates with Independent Mechanical Float Systems	177	N/A	50	5	40	5	N/A	W/A
6	Hudson & Four- teenth Streets	Brown & Brown Nos. 7-0 & 7-0	Two 5" x 6" Hinged Cates with Independent Mechanical Systems	21	N/A	60	5	30	5	M/A	N/A
7	Fourteenth Street North of Hudson Street	Brown & Brown Nos. 5-A & O	Two 5" x 6" Hinged Cates with Independent Mechanical Systems	62	M/A	0	0	75	25	M/A	N/A

TABLE 2 - (Continued)

	Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACT	ERISTICS				INS	PECTION DATA	Figure No.
	lator Number	Intercepto Upstream	r Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)		for Location of Regulator
	1	••	42" Ø	96" x 48"	Two 48" Ø	Two 48" ∮ CI	Hudson River	9-30-71	No	Regulator gate jammed open; floats under 6" of grit and debris; chains corroded.	13
	2	42" Ø	45" Ø	42" Ø	42" ø	2°-6"x 4°-0"	Hudson River	9-29-71	No	Float missing, chain broken, regulator gate jammed open. Tide gate clogged.	13
	3	45" ø	48" Ø	72" Ø Brick	72" Ø Brick	72" Ø Brick	Hudson River	9-29-71	Но	Regulator gate frozen open. Could not operate float. Debris in tide gate.	13
49	À	48" ø	48" Ø	7'-0"x 4'-9"	7'-0"x 4'-9"	6'-0"x 4'-9" Wood	Hudson River	9-29-71	No	Could not operate float. Weight For float on work bench. Regulator gate frosen open.	13
	5	36" ø	36" ø	36" \$ & 60" \$	7'-0"x	7'-0"x 4'-9"	Hudson River	9-29-71	Но	Regulator gate frozen open. Could not operate.	13
	6	30° ø	36" ø	30"x42" Brick	30"x42" Brick	30"x42" Brick	Hudson River	9-29-71	Но	Regulator gate being held open with rope. Both floats broken.	13
	7		30" ø	7'-0"x	7'-0"x	7'-0"x	Hudson River	9-29-71	No	Regulator gate frozen open. Orit an debris in float chamber.	nd 13

TABLE 2 - HOBOKEN TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

HOBOKEN, NEW JERSEY

Regulator	Location	Manufacturer (Reference Number)	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Population - Residential	 cent L	-	Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
South Pump Station	Fifth & River Streets		Electrically Driven Centrifugal		**	 	 		-
North Pump Station	Eleventh & Hudson Streets		Electrically Driven Centrifugal			 	 		

NOTES FOR TABLE 2:

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1957) supplied by personnel at the Hoboken Treatment Plant.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries determined from City of Hoboken Existing Sever Line Maps (1954). Acreage calculated from the layout of drainage area boundaries.

Population Data - not available.

Land Use Data - estimated from City of Hoboken Land Use Map (1950) prepared for the City of Hoboken Housing Authority.

Hydraulic Data - not available.

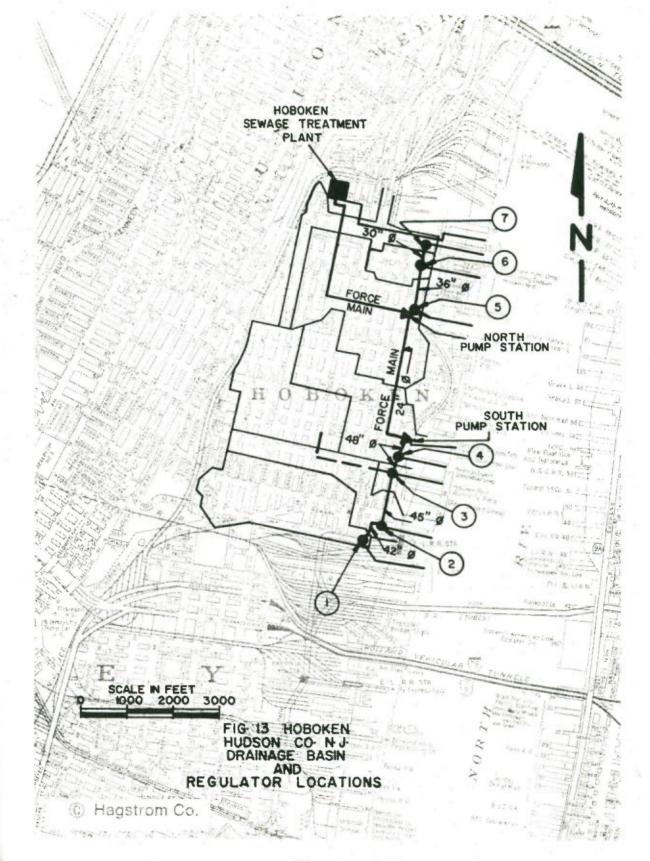
TABLE 2 - (Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZE	CHARACT	ERISTICS				INSF	ECTION DATA	Figure No.
South Pum Station	Intercept Upstream	or Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)		for Location of Regulator
	r p	24" Ø Force Main		15" ø	15" Ø	Hudson River	9-30-71	Yes	Three Pumps with 6200 GPM Capacit, Each.	y 13
North Pur Station		48" Ø Porce Main				22	9-30-71	Yes	Three Pumps with 4500 GPM Capacit Each.	y 13

NOTES FOR TABLE 2 (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and City of Hoboken Existing Sewer Line Maps.

Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation of May 19, 1972 with the Hoboken Treatment Plant Superintendent, plant personnel have been working on North End regulators since inspection.



SECTION VIII

JERSEY CITY EAST SIDE SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN, JERSEY CITY, N.J.

The sewage system for the Jersey City, East Side drainage basin consists of twenty-one mechanical float actuated regulators. The float position for these regulators is determined by the height of flow in the upstream interceptor line. When overflow occurs, all regulators bypass to the Hudson River.

Regulator maintenance is performed by a five-man field crew. Their work assignments include servicing both the East Side and West Side treatment plant regulators (there are thirteen regulators in the West Side system). Maintenance equipment includes two trucks specially fitted for such work, as well as other necessary tools and gear to satisfactorily maintain the system.

Of the system's twenty-one regulators, eleven were found to be operable, seven were non-operable, and three could not be inspected since heavy equipment was not available to remove the concrete slab over access manhole covers.

A follow-up telephone conversation with the plant superintendent indicated that all regulators had been put in operable condition since our field investigation.

Additional information regarding the regulators with this drainage area is found in Table 3 and Figures 14 through 16.

TABLE 3 - JERSEY CITY, BAST SIDE TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN
JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

	Regulator	Location	Manufact (Refere	ence	Type	Drainage Area (Acres)	Population- Residential		ent L		oth.	Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
	E-1	Brown Place East of Princeton Ave.	Brown &		16" x 34 1/4" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	207	15,500	70	15	10	5	M/A	M/A
	E-2	Foot of Richard Street	Brown &	Brown 5-A	16" x 24" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	246	16,000	55	15	15	15	W/A	W/A
56	8-3	Foot of Phillip Street West of H. J. Tpk. overpass	Brown &	Brown 5-A	16" x 24" Hinged Gate with Machanical Float System	317 (Combined	14,100 data for regulator	60 ors E-3	15	20 E-4)	5	M/A	I/A
	E-4	Foot of Phillip St. West of N. J. Tpk. overpass	Brown & No.		12" x 12" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System								
	B -5	Off Johnson St. Foot of Big Basin (Pine St. Regulator)	Brown & No.		12" x 15" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	203	4,300	35	15	40	10	M/A	W/A
	B-6	Off Johnson St. Foot of Big Basin (Mill Creek Regulator)		Brown 9-B	21" x 47 5/8" Hinged Oate with Mechanical Float System	153	1,800	80	5	5	10	T/A	M/A
	E-7	Washington St. South of Easex Street	Brown & No.	Brown 7-0	5" x 6" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	7	200	30	10	60	0	H/A	M/A

TABLE 3 - (Continued)

	Regu-			E CHARACTE			v - 00 00000000000000000000000000000000			PECTION DATA	Figure No.
	lator	Intercep		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable	70 CONTROL CON	for Location
	Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
	E-1	-	42" ø RC	60" ø	60" ø СВ	60" Ø	Upper N.Y.	9-22-71	No	Regulator gate jammed open. Float chamber flooded and filled with rocks & debris.	14
	1-2	42 Ø RC	54" Ø RC	48" ∮ CI & 36" ∮ CI	54" Ø CB	54" ø CB	Upper N.Y. Bay	9-7-71	-	No access - need heavy equipment to remove concrete slab over manhole cover.	14
	E-3	54" Ø RC	(12)	96" Ø	96" Ø STREL	96" Ø 87661.	Upper N.Y.	9-22-71	Yes	Operable condition; however, heavy accumulation of grit & debris needs to be removed.	15
57	B-4	••	66" Ø RC	72" ø	72" Ø CONC	72" Ø CONC	Upper N.Y. Bay	9-22-71	Yes	Operable condition; however, heavy accumulation of grit & debris needs to be removed.	15
	E -5	84" ø RC	84" ø RC	18'-0" x 7'-8" STEEL ARCH	18'-0" x 7'-8" STEEL ARCH	18'-0" x 7'-8"	Hudson River	9-23-71	-	Unable to make judgment since Crane necessary to lift cover & see floats.	15
			(Data applies	s to regula	tors E-5 &	E -6)	20				
	E -6						Hudson River	9-23-71		Unable to make judgement since Crane necessary to lift cover & see floats.	15
	E-7	36" Ø RC BR INT	24" Ø RC BR INT to 36" Ø	48" x 36" OB	48" x 36" OB	48" x 36" 08	Hudson River	9-22-71	Yes	Clean and well maintained. Tide gate open slightly.	15
			BR INT								

TABLE 3 - JERSEY CITY, EAST SIDE PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

	Regulator Mumber	Location	Manufacturer (Reference Mumber)	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Population - Residential		ent La			Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
	x- 8	Essex St. East of Endson St.	Brown & Brown No. 2	12" x 15" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	26	1,000	10	5	75	10	M/A	M/A
	8-9	Sussex St. Bast of Hudson St.	Brown & Brown No. 1	12" x 12" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	3	100	5	5	90	0	W/A	W/A
58	8-10	Grand St. West of Bulkhead	Brown & Brown No. 4-0	7 1/2" x 7 3/4" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	550	31,000	80	5	10	5	W/A	W/A
	B-17	York St. West of Bulkhead	Brown & Brown Bo. 3	12" x 18 3/4" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	233	8,400	55	15	15	15	H/A	N/A
	B-12	Exchange Pl. West of Bulkhead	Brown & Brown No. 5	16" x 21 5/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	6	0	0	70	0	30	H/A	M/A
	E-13	Pearl St. East of Washington St.	Brown & Brown No. 5-0	5" x 9 l/4" Hinged Gate with Nechanical Float System	22	0	10	5	25	60	H/A	B/A
	B-1%	Foot of Bay St. & Penn R.R.	Brown & Brown No. 2	12" x 15" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	54	2,800	0	30	30	40	M/A	M/A

TABLE 3 - (Continued)

	Regu-			CHARACTE					TION DATA	Figure No.	
	lator	Intercep	tor Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
	Mumber	er Upstream Downstream I			Line Line Outfall		Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
	1-8	36" Ø RC BR	24" Ø RC BR INT to 36"Ø RC BR INT	36" ø CB	36" ø	36" ø CB	Rudson River	9-23-71	Yes	Clean and well maintained. Tide gate open slightly.	15
	E-9	36" Ø RC BR	36" Ø RC BR INT	30" x 20" 08	30" x 20" OB	30" x 20" OB	Rudson River	9-23-71	Но	Regular gate chain for pulley off track making gate inoperablide gate open.	
59	E-10	36" Ø RC BR	18" \$ RE BR INT To 36" \$ RC BR INT	84° Ø CB	84" ø	84" ø CB	Hudson River	9-24-71	No	Float frozen in down position causing regulator gate to rema in open position.	15 in
	E-11	30" Ø RC BR INT	36" Ø RC BR	36" x 48"	36" x 48" OB	36" x 48" OB	Hudson River	9-23-71	Yes	Good condition, clean and well maintained.	15
	E-12		30" Ø RC BR	36" x 48" ob	36" x 48" ob	36" x 48"	Hudson River	9-23-71	Yes	Only very slight back flow from tide gate.	1 5
	E-13	24" ø RC	24" Ø RC BR INT to 72" Ø RC	30" x 36" OB	x 36"	30" x 36" OB	Hudson River	9-23-71	Во	Blockage in regulator gate. We cleaning of regulator gate and float chamber.	
	E-14	72" Ø RC	24" Ø RC BR INT to 72" Ø RC	30" x 40" 08	30" x 40" 018	30° x 40"	Rudson River	9-23-71	Жо	Float Chamber full of debris.	Tide 15

TABLE 3 - JERSEY CITY, EAST SIDE PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

	Regulator		Manufacturer (Reference		Drainage Area	Population-	Dane	ant T	and Us		Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
	Mumber	Location	Number)	Туре	(Acres)	Residential			Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
				15								
	B-15	Second & Provost Streets	Brown & Brown No. 3	12" x 18 3/4" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float	88	6,600	55	40	0	5	N/A	N/A
	E-16	Foot of Sixth Street	Brown & Brown No. 00	7 1/2" x 12 3/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	54	1,600	60	20	15	5	N/A	M/A
60	E-17	Eight & Provost Streets	Brown & Brown No. 8	21" x 32 5/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	93	4,700	40	10	15	35	H/A	H/A
	E-18	Twelfth & Henderson Streets	Brown & Brown No. 2	12" x 15" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	240	19,600	0	40	40	20	H/A	M/A
	B-1 9	Boyle Pl. North of Holland Tunnel exit	Brown & Brown No. 6	16" x 27 1/2" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	16	2,200	60	10	20	10	M/A	H/A
	E-20	Boyle Pl. North of Holland Tunnel exit	Brown & Brown No. 000	7 1/2" x 9 3/4" Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	127		0	0	100	0	M/A	N/A
	B-21	Boyle Pl. North of Holland Tunnel exit	Brown & Brown No. 5-A	16" x 24" 5/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	270	25,100	90	5	0	5	N/A	B/A

TABLE 3 (Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZE CHARACTERISTICS						Figure No.		
lator	Intercept	tor Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving	The second second	Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
E-15	72" ∮ RC	72" Ø RC	48" Ø	48" ¢ CB	48" ¢	Hudson River	9-23-71	No	Telltale pipe clogged. Debris and grit holding float in down position. Tide gate open slightly.	15
										14
E-16		18" Ø RC BR INT to 36" Ø RC BR INT	48" Ø CB	48" Ø CB	48" ø cb	Rudson River	9-23-71	Yes	Bar screens need cleaning. Tide gate open slightly.	16
E-17		36" ∲ RC BR INT	Two 3'-0" or x 4'-0" or		48" ø CB	Hudson River	9-23 71	Yes	Needs cleaning. Tide gate jammed open slightly.	16
B -18	60" Ø RC	66" Ø RC	3'-0" x 4'-0" OB	96" Ø	96" Ø STREL	Hudson River	9 23-71	Yes	Reeds Cleaning.	16
E -19	**	••	5'-0" Ø STEEL	5'-0" Ø STEKL	5'-0" Ø STEEL	Hudson River	9-23-71	Yes	Needs Cleaning.	16
E 50		42" Ø RC	48" ø RC	3'-0" X	3'-0" x 4'-0" OB	Hudson River	9-23-71	No	Regulator in open position at all times due to trash & grit clogging float chamber.	16
E-21			66" ø	66" ø	66" ø	Hudson River	9-23-71	Yes	Bar screen needs cleaning. Tide gate closed.	16

NOTES FOR TABLE 3 (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Jersey City Existing Sewer Plans.

Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation on May 19, 1972 with the Jersey City Treatment Flant Superintendent, all regulators which were found to be inoperable during inspection have been put in good condition.

TABLE 3 - JERSEY CITY, EAST SIDE PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

JERSEY CITY, NEW JERSEY

		Manufacturer		Drainage			Line	Design
Regulator		(Reference		Area	Population-	Percent Land Use	MDP	Capacity
Mumber	Location	Number)	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Res. Com. Ind. Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)

NOTES FOR TABLE 3:

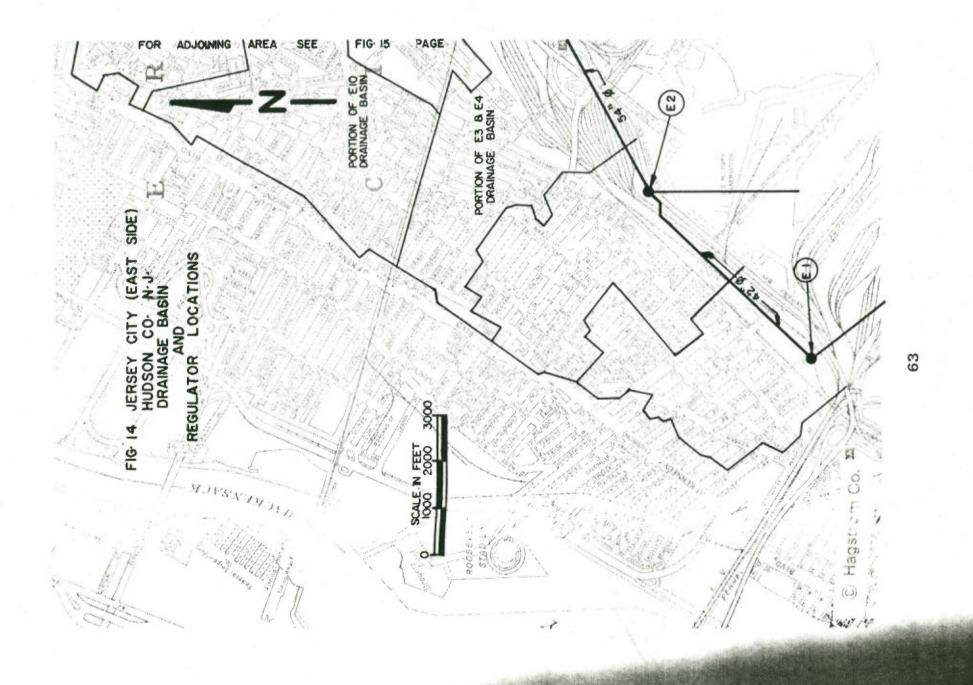
Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1954) supplied by personnel at the Jersey City Treatment Plant.

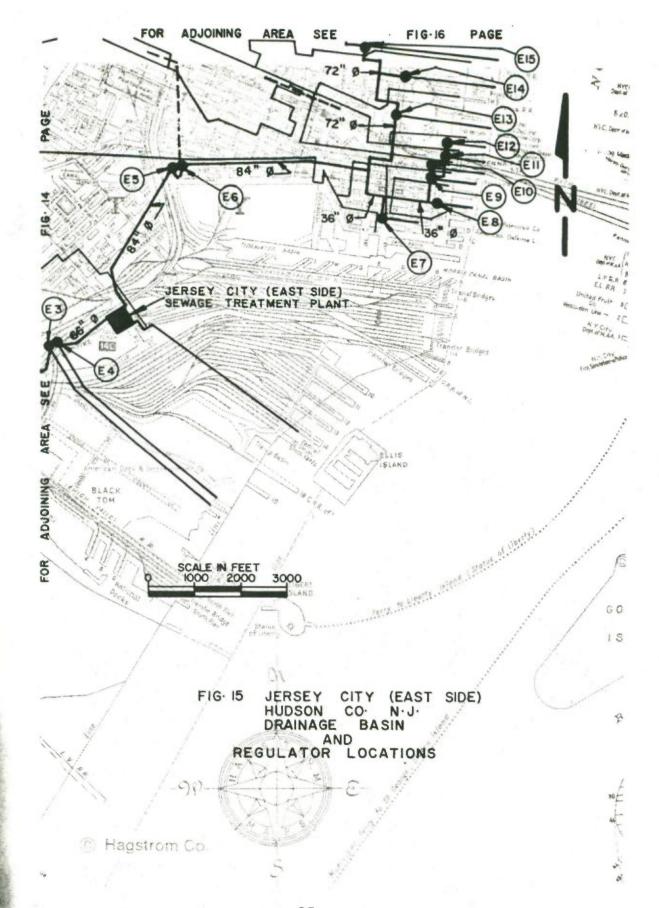
<u>Drainage Area Data</u> - boundaries determined from City of Jersey City Existing Sewer Flans supplied by Chief Engineer, Jersey City. Acreage calculated from the layout of drainage area boundaries.

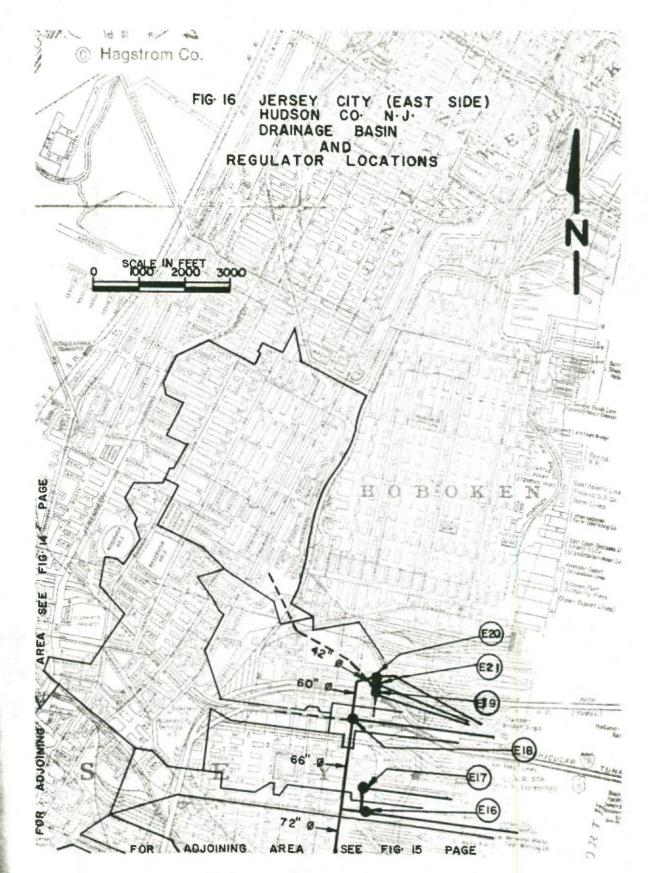
Population Data - based on 1970 Federal Census data supplied by the Jersey City Division of Planning.

Land Use Data - estimated from Existing Land Use Map in The City: A Time for Change - A Report on Jersey City's Comprehensive Master Plan (1966).

Hydraulic Data - not available.







SECTION IX

WEST NEW YORK SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN, WEST NEW YORK, N. J.

The West New York combined sewage system is a gravity flow type having no pump stations. There is only one regulator in the system. This regulator is a diversion chamber located on Hillside Road, east of Kennedy Boulevard. Sewage from West New York, the northern part of Union City, and Weehawken Heights flows into this regulator.

At the time of inspection, the chamber's bar screens, which precede the influent line to the treatment plant, were clean, with no sewage bypassing over the stationary weir.

Treatment plant personnel are used to maintain this regulator, on a regularly scheduled basis.

Additional information regarding the regulator within this drainage area is found in Table 4 and Figure 17.

TABLE 4 - WEST NEW YORK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

WEST NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY

Regulator		Manufacturer (Reference		Drainage Area	Population-	Perc	ent L	and U	isc	Trunk Line MDF	Interceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Number)	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
1	Hillside Road East of John F. Kennedy Boulevard		Bar screen over fixed orifice	738	N/A	50	20	20	10	N/A	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 4:

Regulator Data - taken from detail sheets in Interstate Sanitation Commission files.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries determined from (West New York) Plan Map of Drainage Area. Acreage calculated from the layout of the drainage area boundaries.

Population Data - not available.

Land Use Data - estimated from Official Zoning Map - Town of West New York (1965).

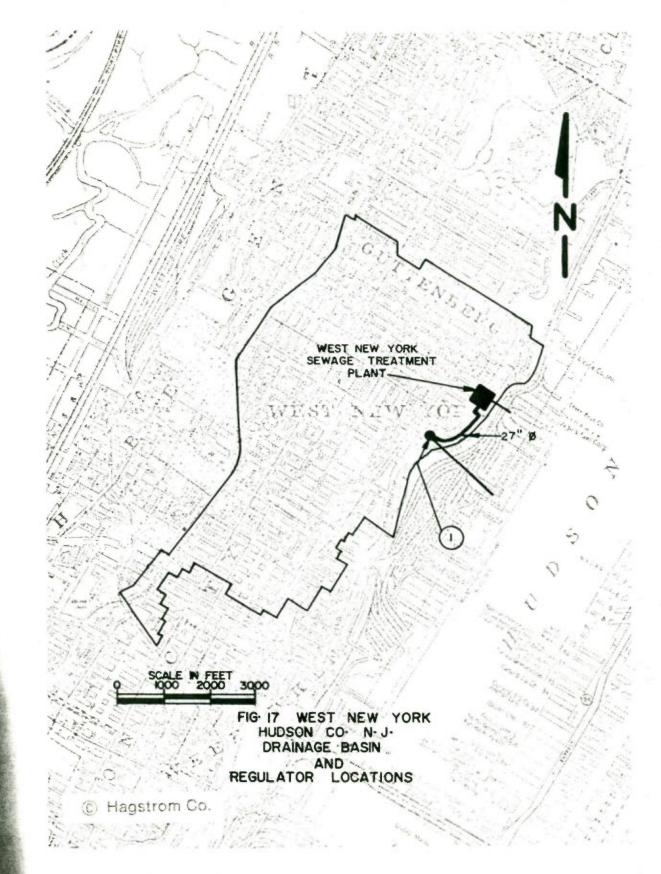
Hydraulic Data - not available.

Table 4 - (Continued)

Regu-	LINE SIZE CHARACTERISTICS							Figure No.		
Number	Intercept Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
1		27" Ø RC	48" Ø	54" Ø RC	54" Ø RC	Hudson River	10-15-71	Yes	Bar screen clean; all flow to plantNo flow to outfall.	17

NOTES FOR TABLE 4 (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets.



SECTION X

NEWTOWN CREEK SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN,

BROOKLYN, MANHATTAN, QUEENS, N.Y.

The Newtown Creek Treatment Plant services three drainage areas: Brooklyn, Manhattan, and Queens. The Brooklyn drainage area contains eighteen regulators — ten with hydraulic float systems, two with mechanical float systems, and six with manual operated sluice gates. The Manhattan drainage area contains forty regulators — all with hydraulic float systems. The Queens drainage area contains one regulator and utilizes a hydraulic float system for flow control.

Field inspections were made only on those regulators located in Brooklyn and Queens. The results of these inspections showed that two of the nineteen regulators were inoperable. In a follow-up telephone conversation with the Acting Chief of the Division of Plant Operations for New York City, one regulator has been repaired and repairs on the other are in progress.

The Manhattan regulator chambers were not inspected since they were purposely flooded to protect equipment while construction proceeds on the Manhattan pump station. This pump station, which will be operational in the Spring of 1973, will pump sewage fron the Manhattan drainage area under the East River to Newtown Creek Treatment Plant in Brooklyn. The regulator maintenance crews for the Newtown Creek system consist of personnel from the New York City Department of Public Works, Bureau of Sewers. They utilize a specially equipped truck to aid personnel in the inspection and the maintenance of the regulators.

Additional information regarding the regulators within this drainage area is found in Tables 5-B, 5-Q, and 5-M and Figures 18 through 26.

TABLE 5 (B) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

BROCKLYN, NEW YORK

Regulator	0		Drainage Area		opulation		Per	cent L		e	Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Type	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
B-1	Johnson Avenue East of Morgan Avenue	TWO 4'-0" x 3'-0" Sluice Cates with Hydraulic Float Systems	3,143	N/A	N/A	N/A	80	0	15	5	N/A	N/A
B-1 A	Johnson Avenue East of Morgan Avenue	Diversion and Tide Cate Chamber	(Combined	Data for B-1	& B-1A)							80
B-2	Metropolitan & Onderdonk Avenues	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	116	N/A	N/A	N/A	90	0	10	0	N/A	N/A
В-3	Taylor Street & Kent Avenue	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	498	N/A	N/A	N/A	65	0	25	10	N/A	N/A
B-4	Kent Avenue & Taylor Street	4'-0" x 3'-0" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	(Combined	Data for B-3	& B-4)							
B-5	Kent Avenue & Division Street	4'-0" x 3'-0" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Ploat System	2,679	250,000	N/A	N/A	75	0	15	10	N/A	N/A
B-5 A	South 8th St. & Kent Avenue	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	273	N/A	n/a	N/A	30	0	70	0	N/A	N/A
B-6	Kent Avenue & South 5th St.	3'-0" x 2'-0" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic System	273	55,000	n/a	N/A	70	0	25	5	N/A	N/A

0

TABLE 5 (B) - (Continued)

Regu				E CHARACTE						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
Numb		Intercept Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)		for Location of Regulation
MOTHE	-	Opstream	DOWNS OF COM	DATE		0001011	nauc: way	- Dave	1100 01 110)	Commence	or vegerae
В	1		6'-9" x 6'-9" BR INT To 90" Ø	•••				10-27-71	Yes	***	19
В	-1 A	•••		TW0 216" RC	TWO 216" RC	TWO 216" RC	English Kill	10-27-71	Yes	telesconia.	19
В	-2	•••	18" Ø VP BR INT TO REC B-1	36" Ø RC	36" Ø RC	36" Ø RC	Newtown Creek	10-27-71	No	Water supply valve to hydraulic equipment out of order. Regulato gate held open with stick.	19 r
В	-3	***	6'-0" x 4'-6" BR INT TO REG B-4	216" Ø RC	216" Ø RC	216" Ø RC	East River		***		1&
В	.4	6'-0" x 4'-6" BR INT FROM REG B-3	6'-0" x 5'-0"		***	***	A	10-4-71	Yes	No inflow through tide gates visible.	18
B-	.5	6'-0" Ø	60" BR INT To 7'-0" x 6'-6"	108" Ø BRICK	108" Ø BRICK	108" Ø BRICK	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Cood condition. Slight inflow from two tide gates.	18
В	5 A	7'-0" x 6'-6"	12" Ø BR INT To 7'-0" x 6'-6"	36" Ø VP	36" ∮ VP	36" Ø VP	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Good condition.	18
В-	.6	7'-0" x 6'-6"	42" Ø BR INT To 7'-6" x 7'-6"	144" Ø BRICK	144" Ø BRICK	144" Ø Brick	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Visible accumulation of grease in float chamber. Slight leak from tide gates.	18

TABLE 5 (B) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

	Regulator			Drainage	V	e di in viere di			di.	esia e		Trunk Line	Interceptor Design
	Mumber	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
	B-6 A	East River & Grand Street	10" x 10" Mamual Operated Sluice Gate	149	800	N/A	N/A	20	0	80	0	N/A	N/A
	B-7	Metropolitan Avenue & East River	18" x 18" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	132	30,000	N/A	N/A	30	35	30	5	N/A	N/A
	B- 8	North 5th St. & Kent Avenue	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	62	6,000	N/A	N/A	0-	0	100	0	N/A	N/A
78	B-9	North 12th St. & Kent Avenue	3'-0" x 2'-0" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	880	60,000	N/A	N/A	40	0	60	0	N/A	N/A
	B-10	Quay & West Streets	7-1/2" x 15-3/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	62	9,000	N/A	N/A	20	20	60	0	N/A	N/A
	B-11	Foot of Greenpoint Avenue	10" x 10" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	25	1,200	N/A	N/A	0	0	100	0	N/A	N/A
	B-12	Ruron & West Streets	16" x 21-5/8" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	477	15,000	N/A	N/A	30	0	70	0	N/A	N/A
	B-13	Green & West Streets	10" x 10" Mamually Operated Sluice Gate	15	800	n/a	N/A	0	0	100	0	N/A	N/A

TABLE 5 (B) - (Continued)

Regu-			E CHARACTER						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept			By-Pass	TENTE DEST	Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
B-6 A	7'-6" x 7'-6"	12" Ø BR INT To 7'-6" x 7'-6"	12" Ø	12" Ø	12" ø	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Slight leak around tide gate (not seated properly).	18
B-7	7'-6" x 7'-6"	24" Ø BR INT To 7'-6" x 7'-6"	60" Ø BRICK	60" Ø BRICK	60" Ø Brick	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Slight leak around tide gate (not seated properly).	18
B-8	7'-6" x 7'-6"	18" Ø BR INT To 7'-6" x 7'-6"	45" x 36" BRICK	45" x 36" ERICK	45" x 36" BRICK	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Cate blocked by heavy grease accumulation corrected by crew.	18
B -9	7'-6" x 7'-6"	8'-0" x 7'-6"	TWIN 11'-2" x 8'-0" RC	TWIN 11'-2" x 8'-0" RC	TWIN 11'-2" x 8'-0" RC	East River	10-4-71	Yes	Slight flow from bottom seal of all four tide gates.	18
B-10	8'-0" x 7'-6"	18" Ø BR INT TO 8'-0" x 7'-6"	66' Ø	66" Ø RC	66" Ø RC	East River	10-5-71	Yes	Some grit in float chamber. Medium seepage from tide gate bottom seal.	18
B-11	36" ø	12" Ø BR INT TO 36" Ø	54. b	24" Ø	24" Ø	East River	10-5-71	Yes	Stoppage in line in diversion chamber corrected by crew.	18
B-12	24" Ø	30" Ø BR INT To 36" Ø	84" Ø BRICK	84" Ø BRICK	84" Ø BRICK	East River	10-5-71	Yes	One tide gate leaking slightly.	18
B 13	24., b	12" Ø BR INT TO 24" Ø	30" x 24" EGG SHAPED BRICK	30" x 24" EGG SHAPED BRICK	30" x 24" EGG SHAPED BRICK	East River	10-5-71	Yes	A 2 x 4 piece of wood stuck in tide gate cleared by crew. Slight leak from tide gate.	18

TABLE 5 (B) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued) BROCKLYN, NEW YORK

Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working		Per Res.	-	and Us		Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
B-14	West & Freeman Streets	10" x 10" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	31	1,300	N/A	N/A	30	0	70	0	N/A	H/A
B-15	Dupont & West Streets	10" x 10" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	19	400	N/A	N/A	0	0	70	30	N/A	N/A
B-16	Clay & Commercial Streets	10" x 10" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	31	1,800	N/A	N/A	20	0	80	0	N/A	N/A
B-17	Oakland & Ash Streets	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	25	4,000	N/A	N/A	0	0	100	0	N/A	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 5 (B):

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1966) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries determined from Existing Sever Line Map of Brooklyn. Acreage calculated from the layout of the drainage area boundaries.

Population Data - from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 1970).

Land Use Data - estimated from Land Use Policy Maps in Plan for New York City, A Proposal - 1969, Volume 3-Brooklyn prepared by the New York City Planning Commission.

Hydraulic Data - not available.

Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTE	RISTICS				INSP	ECTION DATA	Pigure No.
lator Number	Intercept Upstream	tor Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
B-14	24" Ø	5# Å	TWO 12" Ø VP & 18" Ø	31" x 20" EGG SHAPED BRICK	31" x 20" ECG SHAPED BRICK	East River	10-5-71	Yes	Blockage in line to interceptor cleared by crew.	18
B-15	54 b	12" Ø BR INT To 24" Ø	12" ø	12" Ø	12" Ø	East River	10-27-71	***	Dry hole - regulator has never been used.	18
B-16	18" ø	12" Ø CI BR INT To 24" Ø	12" ø	24" Ø	24" Ø	East River	10-27-71	***	Temporarily no-access to manhole (automobile parked over manhole) Tide gate closed and in good condition.	
B-17		18" ø	42" ø & 5'-0" x 4'-6"	6'-3" x 4'-6"	6'-3" x 4'-6"	East River	10-27-71	Yes	Tide gate open slightly at bottom.	18

NOTES FOR TABLE 5 (B) (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sewer Line Map of Brooklyn.

Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation on June 2, 1972 with Acting Chief of the Division of Plant Operations, New York Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control, repairs are being made on regulator B-2.

TABLE 5 (Q) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

QUEENS, NEW YORK

Regulator			Drainage Area		opulation		Per	cent I	and U	ie	Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Type	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
Q-1	Rust Street & 56th Drive	24" x 24" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	2,549	N/A	N/A	N/A	75	10	10	5	N/A	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 5 (Q):

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1956) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries determined from Existing Sever Line Map of Queens. Acreage calculated from the layout of the drainage area boundaries.

Population Data - not available.

Land Use Data - estimated from Land Use Policy Maps in Plan for New York City, A Proposal-1969, Volume 5-Queens prepared by the New York City Planning Commission.

Hydraulic Data - not available.

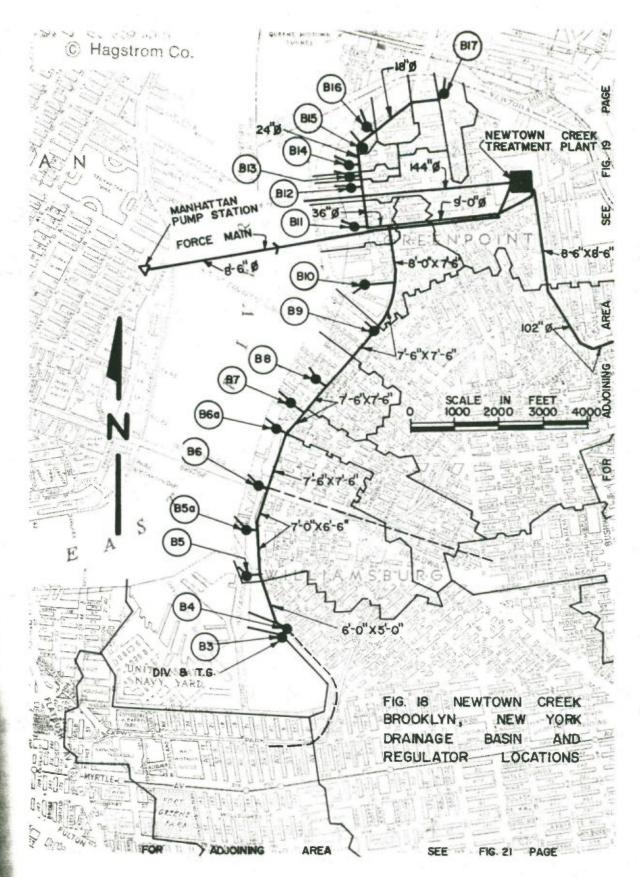
TABLE 5 (Q) - (Continued)

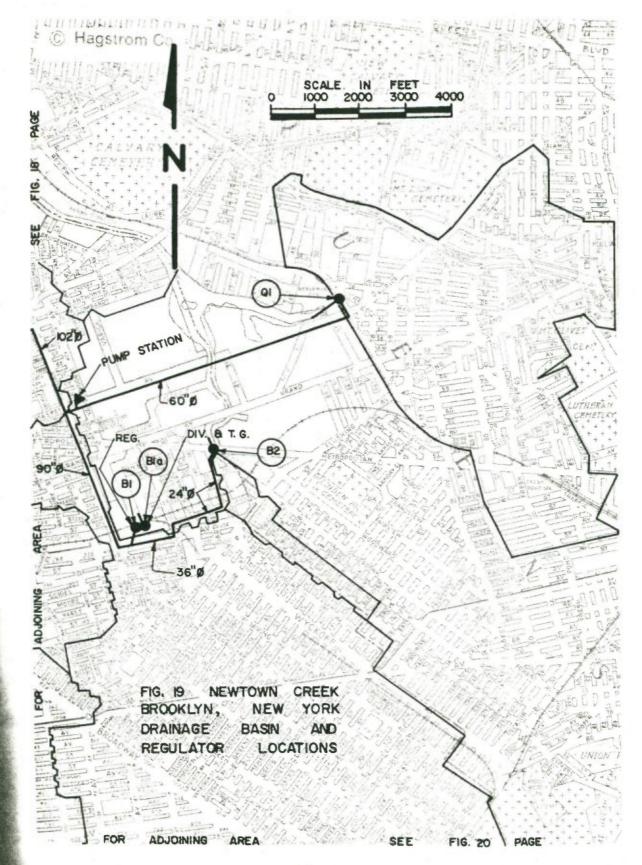
Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTE	RISTICS				INSP	ECTION DATA	Figure No.
Number	Intercept Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Coments	for Location of Regulator
Q-1		3'-9" ø	TWO 8'-0" x 7'-0" RC &	TWO 8'-0" x 7'-0"	TWO 8'-0" x 7'-0"	Maspeth Creek	10-27-71	No	Regulator in open position due t debris & grease in float chamber	
			7'-6" x 7'-0" RC &							
			7'-0" x 5'-6" RC							

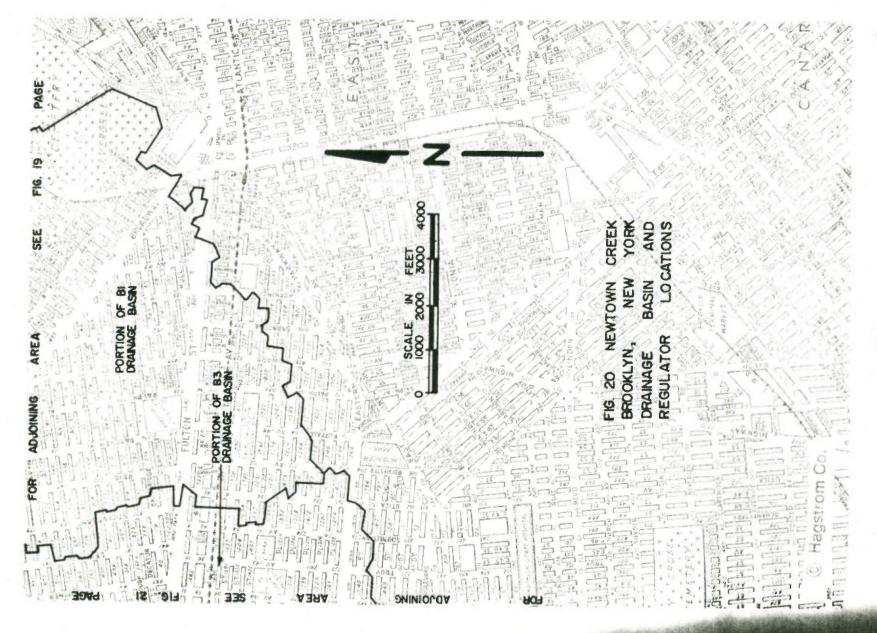
NOTES FOR TABLE 5 (Q) (CONTINUED):

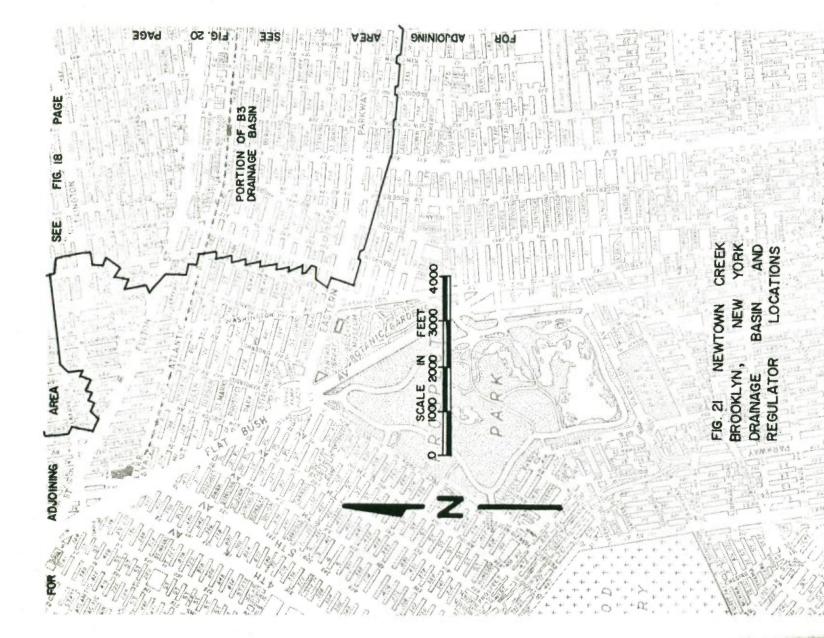
Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sewer Line Map of Queens.

Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation on June 2, 1972 with Acting Chief of the Division of Plant Operations, New York Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control, regulator Q-1 has been placed into operable condition.









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S. R.K.

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TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Regulator			Drainage Area		opulation		Pay	cent I	and Us		Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
M-1	West Street & Clarkson Street	2'-6" x 1'-6" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	450	53,200	N/A	N/A	70	10	15	5	23.83	N/A
M-2	West Street & Clarkson Street	30" x 24" Sluice Jate with Hydraulic Float System	246	11,400	N/A	N/A	0	70	30	0	8.82	N/A
M-3	Vestry Street & West Street	18" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic System	54	200	N/A	N/A	0	0	100	o	1.26	N/A
M-4	West Street & Duane Street	24" x 18" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	124	1,600	N/A	N/A	0	99	D	1	4.00	N/A
H-5	West Street & Vesey Street	14" x 14" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	47	300	N/A	N/A	0	99	0	1	2.20	N/A
м-6	West Street & Albany Street	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	16	200	N/A	N/A	0	100	0	0	0.44	n/a
M-7	West Street & Rector Street	18" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic F_oat System	32	600	N/A	N/A	0	100	0	0	1.35	N/A

TABLE 5 (M) - (Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTER	STICS					ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass	1000000000	Receiving	1/2-198	Operable		or Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
M-1		36" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 54" Ø	6'-3" x 12' 0" FTRC	6'-3" x 12'-0" FTRC	6'-3" x 12'-0" FTRC	Hudson River	1-18-72	Yes		22
		FTRC	40							
M-2	54" Ø PRCP	36" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 66" Ø PRCP	6'-0" x 16'-0" FTRC	6'-0" x 16'-0" FTRC	6'-0" x 16'-0" FTRC	Hudson River	1-18-72		Chamber flooded for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	23
M-3	66" ø	24" Ø RC BR IMT To 72" Ø	5'-0" x 3'-6" ELLIP BRICK	5'-0" x 3'-6" ELLIP BRICK	5'-0" x 3'-6" RLLIP BRICK	Hudson River	1-18-72		Chamber flooded for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	23
M-4	72" Ø	30" \$\phi\$ PRCP BR INT To 78" \$\phi\$	4'-1 1/2" x 8'-10" RC	4'-1 1/2" x 8'-10" RC	4'-1 1/2" x 8'-10" RC	Hudson River	1-18-72		Chamber flooded for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	23
M-5	78" ø	24" ¢ PRCP BR INT To 78" ¢	5'-0" x 5'-0" FTRC	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" € BRICK	Hudson River	1-18-72		Chamber flooded for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	23
M -6	78" ø	78" ø	4'-0" ¢ BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	Rudson River	1-18-72		Chamber flooded for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	23
M-7	78" Ø	78° Ø	5'-0" x 6'-0" RC	5'-0" x 6'-0" RC	5'-0" x 4'-0"	Hudson River	1-18-72		Chamber flooded for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	23

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

			Drainage		8 -2 73		1				Trunk Line	Interceptor Design
Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Area (Acres)	Residential	Working		Res.	Com.	and Us	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
M-8	West Street & Morris Street	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	28	400	N/A	N/A	0	85	0	15	1.25	N/A
м-9	West Street & Battery Place	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	(Combine	ed Data for Re	gulators	M-8 & M-9)						
M-10	South & Broad Streets	24" x 24" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	96	3,000	145,100	96,800	0	99	0	1	9.912	N/A
M-77	South St. & Coenties Slip West	18" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	20	700	55,100	36,800	0	100	0	0	3.620	N/A
M-12	South Street & Old Slip	Tide Cate	(Combine	d Data for Re	gulators)	4-11 & M-12)						
M-13	South & Fletcher Streets	18" x 18" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	53	500	98,100	65,300	0	100	0	0	6.222	N/A
M-14	South & John Streets	Tide Cate	(Combine	d Data for Rea	gulators h	И-13, М-14, М	-15 & M	-16)				

TABLE 5 (M) - (Continued)

	Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTE	RISTICS					ECTION DATA	Figure No.
	lator	Intercep		Trunk	By-Pass	0.48-11	Receiving		Operable		for Locatio
	Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
	M-8	78" ø	78" Ø	4°-0" Ø RC	4°-0" Ø RC	4°-0° Ø RC	Hudson River	+1		Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	м-9	78" Ø	18" Ø BR INT TO 78" Ø	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	Hudson River		•••	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	M-10	5-10" x 81-0"	30" Ø BR INT TO 5'-0" x 8'-0"	5'-0" x 7'-6" FTRC	5'-0" x 7'-6" FTRC	5'-0" x 7'-6" FTRC	East River	•••		Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
)	M-11	5'-0" x 8'-0"	21" Ø BR INT TO 5'-0" x 8'-0"	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-6" x 3'-8" WOOD	4'-6" x 3'-8" WOOD	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	M-12	***		4'-0" Ø Brick	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	East River		•••	***	٠
	M-13	5"-0" x 8"-0"	27" Ø PRCP BR INT To 6'-0" x 8'-0"	4°-0" \$	4'-0" Ø	4'-0" Ø	East River		***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	M-14			4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	East				-

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN: CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Regulator			Drainage Area		opulation			cent L			Trunk Line MDWF	laterceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
M-15	South & Pulton Streets	Tide Gate	(Combine	d Data for Re	gulators }	6-13, M-14, N	1-15 & M	(-16)				
M-16	South Street	Tide Gate										
M-17	South St. & Robert F.Wagner, Senior Place	24" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic F_oat System	93	8,300	33,500	22,300	35	60	o	5	4.624	N/A
M-18	South St. & Catherine Slip	Tide Gate Chamber	(Combine	d Data for Re	gulators M	4-17 & M-18)						
M-19	South St. & Catherine Slip	24" x 24" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	166	31,100	26, 300	17,600	20	65	15	0	11.245	N/A
M-20	South St. & Market Slip	18" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	38	9,900	4,200	2,800	60	35	0	5	3.328	N/A
M-21	South St. & Jefferson St.	24" x 18" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	139	26,000	7,000	4,700	70	28	0	2	8,482	N/A

Regu-	-	the same of the sa	E CHARACTER	The second secon		nas literatura	-		ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulat
M-15			4"-0" X	4'-0" x	4"-0" x	Rast				
			4 " -O"	h " -0"	4 - 0"	River				
			FTRC	FTRC	FTRC				.*	
M-16		1 000	4'-0" Ø	4'-0" \$	41.0" \$	East		***		121
			BRICK	BRICK	BRICK	River				
M-17	6'-0" x	24" ø	61-00	6'-0"	6'-0"	East	***		Chamber flooded (assumed) for	24
	8'-0"	PRCF BR	SEMI-CIRC	SEMI-CIRC	SEMI-CIRC	River			protection of hydraulic equipment	
		INT To 6'-0" x	FIRC &	FTRC	FTRC				Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is	8
		8'-0"	4'-0" X						completed.	
		0 -0	FTRC							
M-1.8			5'-0" x	51-0" X	5'-0" X	East		***		
11 2.0			9'-0"	9'-0"	9'-0"	River				
			FIRC	FTRC	FTRC					
M-19	6'-0" x	36" Ø	4'-6" x	4'-6" x	4'-6" x	East	***		Chamber flooded (assumed) for	24
M-AJ	8'-0"	BR INT TO	4'-0"	4'-0"	40.	River			protection of hydraulic equipment	
		6'-0" x	FTRC	FTRC	FTRC				Regulator will be put into service	e
		8,-0,							when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
									completed.	
M-50	7'-0" x	21" Ø	4'-6" Ø	4'-6" \$	4°-6" \$	East	***	***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for	24
	8'-0"	BR INT To	BRICK	BRICK	BRICK	River			protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service	
		7'-0" x 8'-0"							when Manhattan Pump Station is	
		0 -0							completed.	
M-21	7'-0" x	30" ø	40.	4"-0" Ø	41-0" \$	East		***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for	24
	8'-0"	BR INT TO		WOOD	WOOD	River			protection of hydraulic equipment	
		7'-0" x 8'-0"							Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is	e
		00							ompleted.	

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

		Drainage Area	,	opulation		Per	cent L	and Us	e	Trunk Line MDWF	Intercept Design Capacity
Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
South St. & Gouverneur Slip.	Diversion & Tide Oate Chambers	14	N/A	N/A	N/A	80	20	C	0	N/A	N/A
South St. & Jackson St.	Diversion % Tide Gate Chambers	12	2,300	200	100	90	0	0	10	N/A	N/A
East River Park - East of Jackson Street	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	28	2,300	200	100	90	0	0	10	N/A	N/A
Bast River Park & Grand Street	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	48	1,600	100	100	80	20	0	0	0.975	N/A
1000											
East River Park & Grand Street	18" x 18" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	75	16,500	1,700	1,100	80	20	0	o	5.204	N/A
East River Park &	Tide Cate	(Combine	d Data for M-	26 & M-27)							
200000 30000											
East River Park & Delancey Street	Tide Gate	(Combine	d Data for M-	28 & M-29)							
	South St. & Gouverneur Slip. South St. & Jackson St. Bast River Park - East of Jackson Street Bast River Park & Grand Street East River Park & Grand Street East River Park & Broome Street	South St. & Diversion & Tide Cate Chambers South St. & Diversion & Tide Cate Chambers South St. & Diversion & Tide Cate Chambers East River Park - East of Jackson Street Park & Tide Cate Chambers East River Park & Tide Cate Chambers East River Park & Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System East River Park & Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System East River Tide Cate Park & Broome Street East River Tide Cate East River Tide Cate East River Tide Cate East River Tide Cate	Location South St. & Diversion & 14 Gouverneur Slip. Tide Gate Chambers South St. & Diversion & 12 Jackson St. Tide Gate Chambers East River Park - East of Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System East River Diversion & 75 Fast River Park & Tide Gate Chambers 48 East River I8" x 18" 75 East River I8" x 18" 75 East River Park & Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System East River I8" x 18" 75 East River I8" x 18" 75 East River Tide Gate (Combine Park & Broome Street	Location Type Area Residential	Location Type Area Residential Working Diversion & 14 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A South St. & Diversion & 12 Tide Gate Chambers East River Park - East of Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System Bast River Park & Tide Gate Chambers Area Area Population Residential Working N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 200 200 200 200 East River Park & Tide Gate with Grand Street Diversion & 12 Tide Gate Chambers 48 1,600 100 100 100 100 100 100 1	Location Type Area Area Area Area Area Area Area Ar	Location Type	Area Population Percent I Res. Com.	Location Type	Location Type	No. No.

TABLE 5 (N)-(Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZE	CHARACTER	RISTICS					ECTION DATA	Pigure No.
lator	Intercept	or Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Louatic
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway .	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
M-22	***	15" ¢ VP BR INT	TWO 4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" ¢ BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	East River			***	24
M-23	550	15" Ø VP BR INT	4'-0" x 3'-0" ELLIP & 15" Ø VP	3'-0" x	4'-0" x 3'-0" ELLIP	East River				24
M- 24	9°-0" Ø	21" Ø PRCP BR INT To 9'-0" Ø	•••					***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-25	***	12" Ø VP	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	East River		***	* * *	57
M-26	9'-0" Ø	24" Ø BR INT TO 9'-0" Ø	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-27	***		1'-0" x 1'-0" FTRC	4'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	4'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	East River			***	-
м-28			4'-0" x	4'-0" x	4'-0" x	East	***		* ***	

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

				Drainage				D			2.0	Trunk Line	Interceptor Design
	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Area (Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	MDWF (cfs)	(cfs)
	M-29	East River Park & Rivington St.	18" x 13" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	(Combine	d Data for M-	28 & M-29)							
	м-30	East River Park & Stanton Street	18" x 18" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	61	14,500	1,100	700	70	30	U	o	4.533	N/A
100	M-31	East River Park & E.Houston St.	Tide Gate	(Combine	ed Data for M-	31. 16. 14-32)							
٥	M-32	East River Park & East 3rd St.	24" x 18" Sluice Cute with Hydraulic Float System	147	38,600	4,000	2,700	90	10	o	D	12.170	N/A
	M-33	East River Park & East 6th St.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Fioat System	li	2,100	100	100	70	0	0	30	c.642	N/A
	M- 34	East River Purs & East 8th St.	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	17	4,000	100	100	85	υ	5	10	1.216	N/A
	M- 35	East River Park & East lith St.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	18	4,300	300	200	85	0	5	10	1.341	N/A

TABLE 5 (M)-(Continued)

Regu-	The second second second		E CHARACTEF			en en en en en en			ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator Number	Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)		for Location of Regulato
M-29	42" Ø BR INT	27" Ø & 48" Ø BR INTS	5'-0" x 5'-0" PRCP	5'-0" x 5'-0" PRCP	5'-0" x 5'-0" PRCP	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into servic when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-30	33" Ø BR INT	27" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 42" Ø BR INT	5'-6" x 5'-0" FTRC	5'-6" x 5'-0" FTRC	5'-6" x 5'-0" FIRC	East River	•••		Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-31		***	4'-6" x 6'-0" FTRC	4'-6" x 6'-0" FIRC	4'-6" x 6'-0" FTRC	East River		***	•••	-
M 32	•••	33" Ø PRCP BR INT	6'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	6'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	6'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	East River	***	***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-33	•••	12" Ø	5"-6" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-6" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-6" x 4'-0" FTRC	East River	(1997)	***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-3 ¹ 4	12" Ø VP BR INT	15" Ø VP BR INT TO 18" Ø VP BR INT	5'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	5'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	5'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	East River		***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of Hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-35	***	15" Ø VP BR INT	5'-0" x 8'-9" FTRC	5'-0" x 8'-9" FIRC	5'-0" x 8'-9" FTRC	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Regulator			Drainage Area		Population	2	Per	cent I	Land U	ie.	Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential			Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
M-36	East 14th St. & Frank in D. Roosevelt Drive	36" x 24" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	272	73,700	14,000	9,400	90	10	Ü	0	17.5∪	N A
M- 37	Marginal St. South of 20th Street	2'-0" x 2'-6" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	229	42,400	65,000	43,200	40	50	5	5	21.421	N/A
м- 38	Marginal St. North of 20th Street	12" x 30" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	68	10,400	39,800	26,600	40	60	o	Ü	5.665	N/A
M-39	West of Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & South of E. 25th St.	24" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	67	12,600	12,600	8,400	50	50	G	0	4.678	N/A
N-39 A	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & South of E. 25th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	(Combine	ed Data for M-	39 & M-39.	A)						
M-40	Bellevie Hospital North of E. 25th St.	24" x 24" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	150	20,200	150,200	100,100	70	30	0	o	15.555	N/A
M-41	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & East 30th Street	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	37	4,900	4,200	2,800	100	0	0	o	1.761	N/A

TABLE 5 (M)-(Continued)

0	Regu-			E CHARACTE						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
	Number	Intercep: Upstream	tor Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Locatio
	M-36	108" Ø	48" ø	6'-0" x	6'-0" x	TWO	East	Dare	Ties or no)	Chamber flooded (assumed) for	of Regulato
	M- 30	100 9	BR INT TO 108" \$	9'-0" FTRC & 12" Ø VP	9'-0"	6'-0" x 9'-0" FTRC	River		2.555	protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into servic when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	M-37	108** Ø	42" Ø BR INT TO 108" Ø	TWO 6'-0" x 3'-0" RC	6"-0" x 3'-0" & 6'-0" x 8'-0" RC	6'-0" x 3'-0" & 6'-0" x 8'-0" RC	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	м 38	108" Ø	30" Ø BR INT TO 108" Ø	5'-0" x 4'-0" BRICK	5'-0" x 4'-0" BRICK	5'-0" x 4'-0" Brick	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
105	M-39	***	24" Ø BR INT TO 48" Ø BR INT	48" Ø BRICK & 18" Ø VP BR IWT	48° Ø BRICK	48" Ø BRICK	East River	***		Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	M-39 A		18" Ø VP BR INT TO REGULATOR N-39	5'-0" x 2'-4" FTRC	5'-0" x 2'-4" FIRC	48" Ø BRICK	Rast River		***	***	25
	M- #0	***	36" Ø BR INT TO 48" Ø BR INT	TWO 6'-6" x 6'-0" FTRC & 5'-0" x 4'-0"	TWO 6'-6" x 6'-0" FTRC & 5'-0" x 4'-0"	TWO 6'-6" x 6'-0" FTRC & 5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	<u>Rast</u> River		3	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into servic when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	M-41	96" ø	21' Ø VP BR INT To 102" Ø	4'-0" x 2''4" FTRC & 18" Ø VP BR INT	4°-0" x 2°-4" FTRC	4'-0" x 2'-4"; FTRC	East River		***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into servic when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working	Translent	Per Res.	cent	Land Us		Trunk Line HDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
	M-91 Y	Franklin L. Roosevelt Drive & E. 27th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers		d Data for M-								
	X-42	East 33rd St. & First Avenue	24" x 13" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Froat System	150	25,100	47,000	31,300	70	o	30	0	10.00	N/A
106	M-43	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 36th St.	24" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	55	6,700	14,200	9,500	85	15	С	U	3.73	N/A
	м-173 У	Pranklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 37th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	(Combine	d Data for M-	43, M-43A	% M-43 B)						
	M-43 B	Frankiin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 35th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	(Combine	d Data for M-	43, M-43A	ь м-43 в)						
	K-14	E. 41st St. East of First Avenue	30" x 24" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	159	26,200	228,300	152,200	95	5	L	0	16.00	N/A

	Regu-			CHARACTER						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
	Number	Intercept Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)		for Location Regulato
	M-41 A		18" Ø VP BR INT TO REGULATOR M-41	4'-0" Ø BRICK	5'-6" x 4'-0" FTRC	5'-6" x 4'-0" FTRC	Bast River		***		25
	M-42	96" ø	3°-0" BR INT	TWO 6'-0" x 8'-0" FIRC	TWO 6'-0" x 8'-0" FTRC 96" Ø	TWO 6'-0" x 8'-0" FTRC 96" Ø	East River		***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into servic when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
407	M-#3	96° ø	24" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 96" Ø	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPE & 24" ¢ PRCP BR INT & 12" ¢ VP ER INT	3'-6" x 2'-4" D EGG SHAPED	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	East River		-	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
	м-43 А	***	er int	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK & 24" Ø BR INT FROM M-43 B	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	East River			***	25
	M-43 B	***	BR INT	5'-0" Ø BRICK	5'-0" Ø BRICK	30" Ø BRICK & 5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	Bast River	***		•••	25
	M- #1#	84" Ø	3'-6" x 4'-6" BR INT TO 90" Ø	8'-0" x 8'-0" FTRC	8'-0" x 8'-0" FTRC	7'-0" x 9'-0" FTRC	East River	***		Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DHAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

											Trunc	Intercept
Regulator	200		Drainage Area		Population				and U		Line	Design Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Trans:ent	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
M-45	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 41st St.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	(Combine	d Data for M-	ын & м-4 5)							
M-46	First Avenue & E. 46th St.	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	ð	700	24,900	16,600	0	100	U	ò	2.60	B/A
M-47	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 47th St.	42" x 36" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	471	35,300	113,500	75,700	30	70	0	0	23.50	N/A
M-48	E. 54th St. & Sutton Place South	12" x 18" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	28	5,900	2,600	1,700	100	0	0	o	2.50	N/A
14-48 A	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 53rd St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	5	700	400	300	100	0	0	0	0.40	N/A
м-49	E. 57th St. & Sutton Place South	12" x 12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	13	3,000	1,200	800	90	10	0	٥	1.25	N/A

Regu-			E CHARACTER						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving	7.54.54	Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulate
M-45		18" ¢ BR INT	4'-0" x 2'-8" FIRC & 8" Ø FORCE MAIN	4'-0" x 2'-8" FIRC	4'-0" x 2'-8" FTRC	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
m-46	84" ø	14" Ø CI DROP LINE To 84" Ø	6°-0" Ø BRICK LINED	6'-0" Ø BRICK LINED	6'-0" ¢ BRICK LINED	East River	***	***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-47	72" Ø	6'-0" x 5'-0" BR INT TO 84" Ø	9'-0" x 8'-6" BRICK	9'-0" x 8'-6" BRICK	4'-6° Ø ₩00D	East River	***	***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-48	72" Ø	21" Ø BR INT TO 72" Ø	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK & 12" Ø BR INT	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	5'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	East River	***	***	Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment. Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
м-48 д	•••	12" Ø BR INT TO REGULATOR M-48	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK & 12" Ø	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK	4'-0" x 2'-4" FTRC	East River		***	***	26
M-49	72" ø	15" Ø BR INT To 72" Ø	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working	Transient	Per Res.	Com.	and Us	Oth.	Trunk Line MIMP (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
	M-50	Franklin D. Rocsevelt Drive & E. 61st St.	24" x 36" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	540	54,800	53,800	106,600	90	10	0	0	29.26	N/A
	M-51	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 70th St.	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	6	1,400	0	1,000	100	0	0	0	0.50	N/A
110	M-51 A	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 70th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	(Combine	d Data for M-	51, M-51A	& M-51B)						
	M-51 B	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 70th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers										
	M-51 C	Franklin D. Roosevelt Drive & E. 70th St.	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	4	1,000	0	o	40	o	60	0	0.30	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 5 (M):

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1959) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.

TABLE 5 (M)-(Continued)

Regu- lator	LINE SIZE CHARACTERISTICS							Figure No.		
	Interceptor Line		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
M-50	24" Ø PRCP	3'-6" x 6'-10" FTRC BR INT To 72" Ø	TWO 5'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC & 15" Ø VP BR INT	TWO 5'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	TWO 5'-0" x 6'-6" FTRC	East River			Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-51	***	24" \$\phi PRCP BR INT To 72" \$\phi\$	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK & 24" Ø ER INT	3'-6" x 2'-4" BCG SHAPED BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" EGG SHAPED BRICK	East River	. TOTAL		Chamber flooded (assumed) for protection of hydraulic equipment Regulator will be put into service when Manhattan Pump Station is completed.	
M-51 A		24" Ø BR INT TO M-51	30" Ø VP 24" Ø PRCP BR INT	30" Ø VP	30" Ø VP	East River				26
M-51 B		24" Ø BR INT TO M-51 A	3'-0" x 2'-0" ERICK & 15" Ø BR INT	3'-0" x 2'-0" BRICK	3'-0" x 2'-0" BRICK	East River	***			26
M-51 C		15" Ø BR INT TO M-51 B	2'-0" x 3'-0" BRICK & 8" SANIT. & 8" ACID & 10" STOR	2'-0" x 3'-0" BRICK	2'-0" x 3'-0" BRICK	East River		0222		26

NOTES FOR TABLE 5 (M) (CONTINUED):

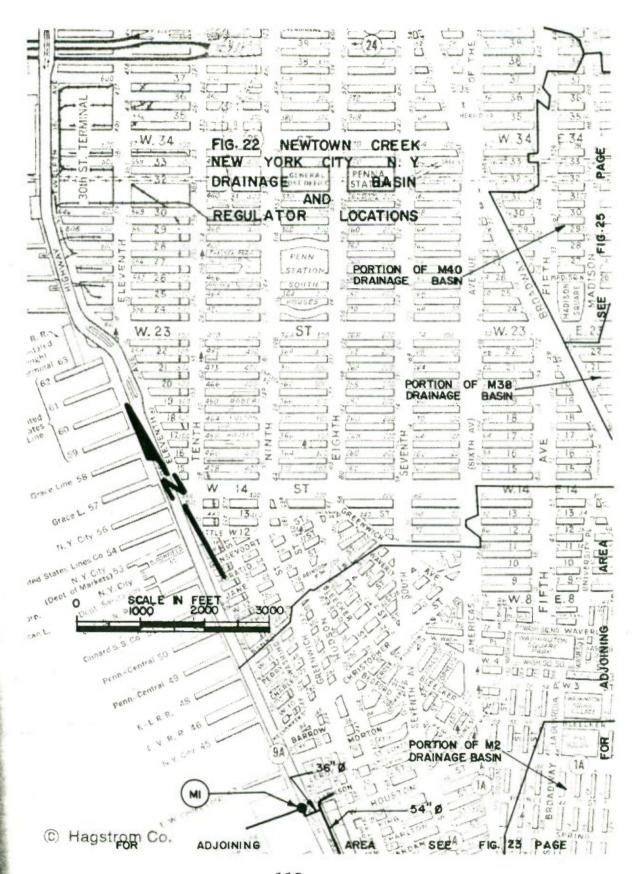
Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sewer Line Maps of New York.

TABLE 5 (M) - NEWTOWN CREEK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

Interceptor

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Regulator Number		Туре	Drainage	Population			Percent Land Use			e	Line MDWF	Design Capacity
	Location		(Acres)	Residential			-	Com.	Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
NOTES FOR	TABLE 5 (M) (CONTENT	NED):										
Drainage A	Acreage of for the	ators M-47, M-48, M-4 calculated from the la remaining regulators: Resources and Water P	yout of the dra taken from rec	inage area bou	undaries.			-				
Population	Data - from data su Control.	pplied by New York Ci	ty Environmenta	l Protection	Administra	ation, Division	on of Wa	ter Re	source	s and W	ater Polluti	lon
Land Use I	eta - estimated from Planning Commi	Land Use Policy Maps	in Plan for Ne	w York City, A	Proposal	1969, Volu	ume 4-Ma	nhatta	n prep	ared by	the New Yor	rk City
Hydraulic	Pollution Com M-10 through	WF Data: supplied by strol. For regulators M-36, flows are estim design Capacity Data:	M-1 through M-	9 and M-37 thi ar 1970.								



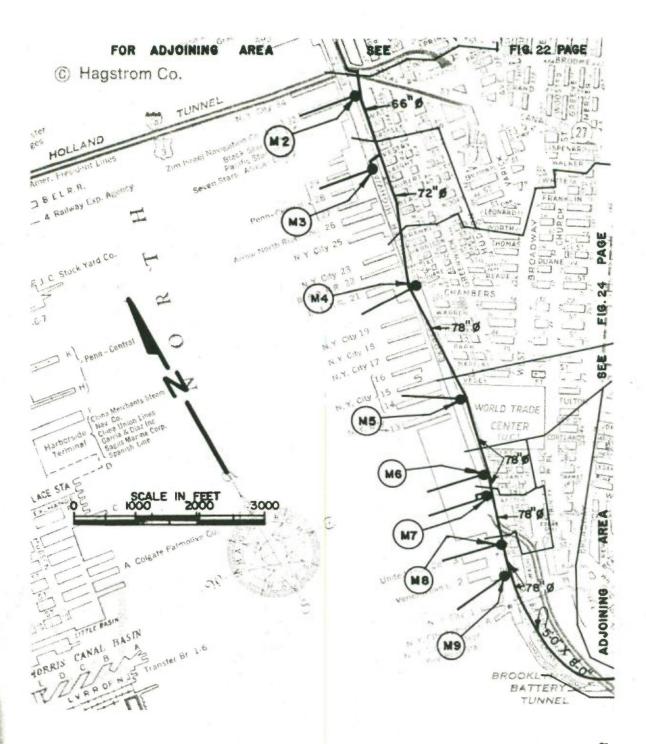


FIG. 23 NEWTOWN CREEK
NEW YORK CITY N. Y.
DRAINAGE BASIN
AND
REGULATOR LOCATIONS

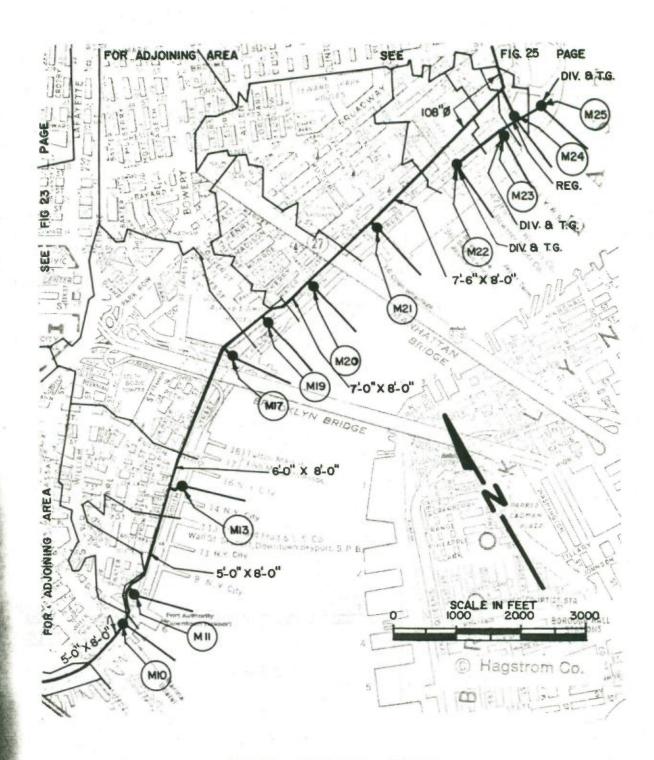
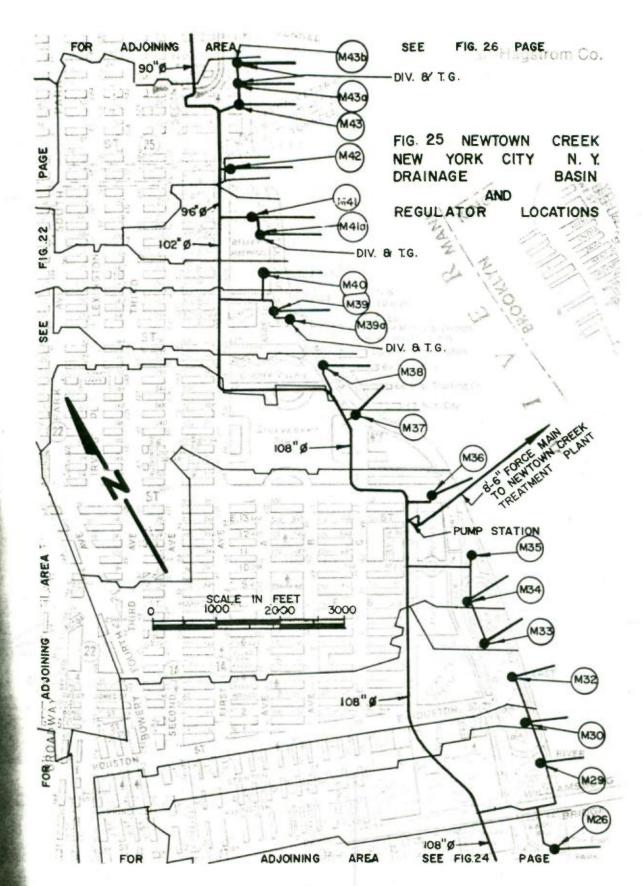
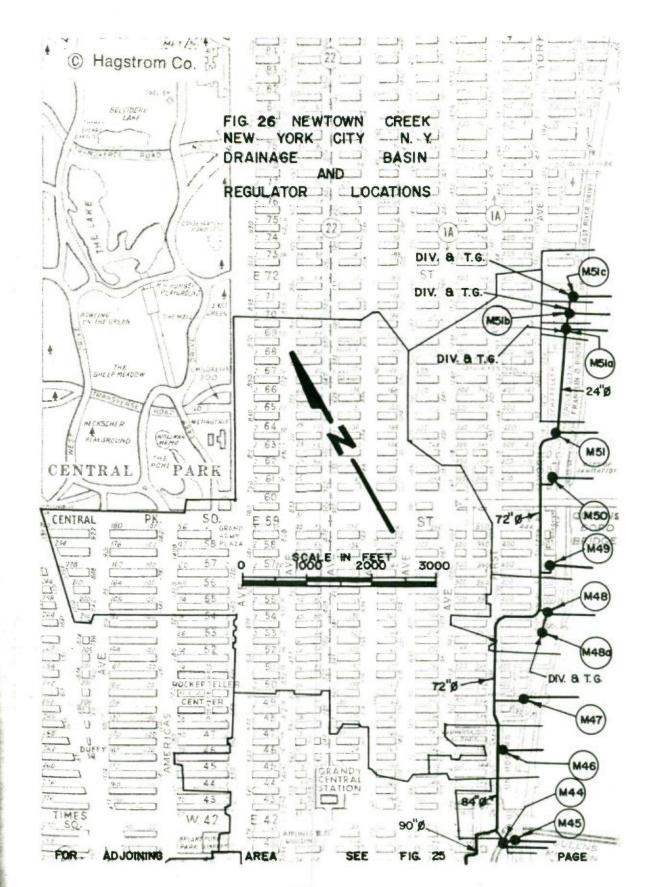


FIG. 24 NEWTOWN CREEK
NEW YORK CITY N. Y.
DRAINAGE BASIN
AND
REGULATOR LOCATIONS





SECTION XI

NORTH RIVER SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN, NEW YORK, N.Y.

The drainage area contributory to the future North River Sewage Treatment Plant (presently under construction) contains sixty-one regulator structures. Thirty-five consist of sluice gates with hydraulic float systems, twenty are simple diversion or tide gate chambers, four are manual sluice gates with provisions for hydraulic systems. These regulators are in various stages of construction and as such no field inspections were conducted in this drainage area.

The North River Sewage Treatment Plant (operational 1979) will receive influents from four interceptors (expected completion 1974) and will treat approximately 220 million gallons per day of waste.

Additional information regarding the regulators within this drainage area is found in Table 6 and Figures 27 through 32.

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

				Drainage								Trunk	Interceptor Design
	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Area (Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
	H-1	Harlem River Dr. near lOth Ave.	12" # Manually Operated Sluice Gate	hh	1,000	N/A	N/A	70	0	0	30	0.271	N/A
	N-2	Academy Street & W. 201st St.	Tide Gate Chamber	229 (Combin	47,800 med Data For R	N/A egulators	N/A N-2 & N-3)	85	10	0	5	12.94	N/A
	N-3	W. 201st St. & Harlem River Dr.	30" x 24" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System			*1							
124	N-14	W. 203rd St. & Harlem River Dr.	12" ∮ Manually Operated Sluice Cate with Provisions for Future Hydraulic System	6	100	N/A	N/A	5	0	95	0	0.028	N/A
	N-5	W. 205th St. & Harlem River Dr.	12" Ø Manually Operated Sluice Cate with Provisions for Future Hydraulic System	10	300	N/A	N/A	30	0	70	0	0.080	N/A
	N-6	W. 206th St. & Harlem River Dr.	12" Ø Manually Operated Sluice Gate	3	100	N/A	N/A	30	0	70	0	0.028	N/A
	N-7	W. 207th St. & Harlem River Dr.	12" Ø Manually Operated Sluice Cate	4 (Combin	100 med Data For R	N/A egulators	N-7 & N-8)	5	0	95	0	0.028	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu-	Market Committee Committee		E CHARACTE						TION DATA	Pigure No.
lator	Intercep		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
N-1		12" Ø BR INT	24" Ø CI	54" Ø	4'-0" Ø BRICK	Harlem River		**	Under Construction	31
N-2		-	Two 6'-0"x 7'-0" FTRC	Two 6'-0"x 7'-0" FTRC	Two 6'-0"x 7'-0" FTRC	Harlem River		-	Under Construction	
N-3	**	42" Ø BR INT	6'-0"x 4'-0"	6'-0"x	61-0"x 41-0"	Harlem River		••	Under Construction	31
N-14	42" Ø PRCP	15" Ø VP BR INT TO 42" Ø PRCP	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	Harlem River			Under Construction	31
N-5	42" Ø PRCP	15" Ø VP BR INT TO 42" Ø PRCP	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	Rarlem River		•	Under Construction	31
N-6	42" Ø PRCP	15" Ø VP BR INT To 42" Ø PRCP	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6"x 2'-4" ERICK	Harlem River			Under Construction	31
N-7	42" Ø PRCP	15" Ø VP BR INT To 42" Ø PRCP	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6"x 2'-4" BRICK	Harlem River			Under Construction	30.

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

				Drainage				ĺ.				Trunk Line	Interceptor Design
	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Population Working	Transient	Res.		Ind.	Oth.	MDWF (cfs)	(cfs)
	n-8	W. 207th St. & Harlem River Dr.	Diversion (Weir) & Tide Gate Chambers	(See Reg	pulator N-7 F	or Combined	d Data)						
	N-9	IND Subway Yard, South End of Inspection Shed (W. 209th St.)	18" x 12" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	88 (Combine	6,800 d Data For Re	N/A egulators N	N/A N-9 Through	30 N-12)	10	60	0	1.866	N/A
126	N-10	IND Subway Yard, East of Inspection Shed (W. 211th St.)	Diversion Chamber (Drop Manhole)										
	N-11	IND Subway Yard, East of Inspection Shed (W. 211th St.)	Tide Gate										
	N-12	IND Subway Yard, North of Inspection Shed (W. 213th St.)	Diversion (Drop Manhole) & Tide Cate Chambers										
	N-13	W. 215th St. & Harlem River Dr.	Diversion Chamber	3	100	N/A	N/A	0	0	100	0	0.028	N/A
	N-14	W. 216th St. & Harlem River Dr.	Diversion Chamber	73	3,400	N/A	N/A	0	10	90	0	0.920	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu-	10000000000000		E CHARACTE						CTION DATA	Figure No.
Number	Intercep Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Locatio of Regulato
N-8			3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	51-0" x 21-4"	Harlem River		-	Under Construction	31
N-9	24" Ø PRCP	24" Ø PRCP	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	Harlem River		**	Under Construction	31
N-10	18" Ø VP	24" Ø VP	4'-6" Ø BRICK	4'-6" ∮ BRICK	4'-6" Ø BRICK	Harlem River		-	Under Construction	. 37
N-11			4'-6" Ø BRICK	4'-6" Ø BRICK	4'-6" Ø BRICK	Harlem River		77.	Under Construction	*
N-12	18" Ø VP	18" Ø	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	Harlem River	.**		Under Construction	31.
N-13	18" Ø VP	18" Ø VP	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	Harlem River		**	Under Construction	31
N-14		18" Ø VP BR INT	5'-0" x 4'-0" BRICK	5'-0" x 4'-0" BRICK	5'-0" x 4'-0" BRICK	Harlem River			Under Construction	31

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

				Drainage								Trunk Line	Interceptor Design
	Regulator Number	Location	Type	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Per Res.	Com.	and Us		MDWF (cfs)	Capacity (cfs)
	01100000	2000000		11111111				3352				7557	
	N-15	W. 218th St. & Indian Road	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	69	3,800	N/A	N/A	15	5	0	80	1.029	N/A
	N-16	Dyckman St. & Rudson River	30" x 24" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	494 (Combined	40,100 Data For Re	N/A gulators	N/A N-16 & N-16A)	45	5	5	45	10.855	N/A
128	N-16A	Dyckman & Henshaw Streets	Tide Gate & Diversion Chambers										
00	N-17	W. 190th St. & Riverside Dr.	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	26	800	N/A	N/A	10	0	0	90	0.217	N/A
	M-18	W. 172nd St. & Fort Washington Park	30" x 34" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	292	41,200	N/A	N/A	70	0	0	30	12.747	N/A
	N-19	W. 158th St & Riverside Dr.	24" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	117	31,300	N/A	N/A	70	5	0	25	9.684	N/A
	N-50	W. 155th St. & Riverside Dr.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	86 (Combined	11,600 Data For Res	N/A sulators	N/A N-20 Through	75 N-21B)	3	0	22	3.589	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

N-15			E CHARACTE						CTION DATA	Figure No.
	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulate
N-15	6'-6" x 5'-0"	21" Ø VP BR INT To 6'-6" x 5'-0" BRICK	2'-4" x 4'-0" FTRC	2'-4" x 4'-0" FTRC	2'-4" x 4'-0" FTRC	Harlem River			Under Construction	31.
n-16	6'-6" x 5'-0"	48" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 6'-6" x 5'-0"	TWO 5'-0" x 7'-0" FTRC	TWO 5'-0" x 7'-0" FIRC	TWO 5'-0" x 7'-0" FTRC	Rudson River			Under Construction	31
N-16A	-11		3'-0" ∮ BRICK	3'-0" Ø BRICK	3'-0" Ø BRICK	Hudson River	**	••	Under Construction	31
N-17	61-6" x 61-6"	15" Ø VP BR INT TO 6'-6" x 6'-6"	16* ø	16* ø	16" ø	Hudson River	***	-	Under Construction	31.
N-18	6'-6" x 6'-0"	42" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 6'-6" x 6'-0"	5'-0" x 5'-0" FIRC	5'-0" x 5'-0" FTRC	5'-0" x 5'-0" FTRC	Rudson River			Under Construction	30
N-19	7'0" x 6'-6"	1'-9" x 6'-0" BR INT To 7'-0" x 6'-6"	5'-0" x 5'-0" FIRC	5'-0" x 5'-0" FTRC	41-0" Ø	Hudson River			Under Construction	30
N-20	7'-0" x 6'-6"	24" Ø BR INT TO 7'-0" x	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	3'-0" ø	Hudson River		**	Under Construction	30
		6"-6"								

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

Non-Johan			Drainage								Line	Interceptor Design
Mumber	Location	Туре	(Acres)				Res.				(cfs)	(cfs)
M-ST	W. 152nd St. & Riverside Dr.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	(See Reg	milator N-20 F	or Combine	ed Data)						
N-21.A	W. 151st St. & Riverside Dr.	Diversion Chamber (Weir)										
N-21B	W. 153rd St. & Riverside Dr.	Diversion Chamber (Weir)										
N-22	W. 138th St & Twelth Ave.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	45	7,400	N/A	N/A	60	0	30	10	2.290	N/A
N-23	St. Clair Place	Two 36" x 24" Sluice Cates With Independent Hydraulic Float Systems	614	167,300	N/A	N/A	60	0	25	15	51.763	N/A
N-24	W. 115th St. & Riverside Dr.	12" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	100	13,800	N/A	N/A	65	0	o	35	4.270	N/A
N-25	W. 108th St. & Riverside Dr.	18" x 18" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	80	22,600	K/A	n/a	80	0	0	20	6.992	N/A
	N-21A N-21B N-22 N-23	Number Location N-21 W. 152nd St. & Riverside Dr. N-21A W. 151st St. & Riverside Dr. N-21B W. 153rd St. & Riverside Dr. N-22 W. 138th St & Twelth Ave. N-23 St. Clair Place N-24 W. 115th St. & Riverside Dr. N-25 W. 108th St. & Riverside Dr.	Number Location Type N-21 W. 152nd St. & Riverside Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System N-21A W. 151st St. Diversion Chamber (Weir) Dr. N-21B W. 153rd St. Diversion Chamber (Weir) Dr. N-22 W. 138th St 12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System N-23 St. Clair Thace Sluice Gates With Independent Hydraulic Float Systems N-24 W. 115th St. 12" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float Systems N-24 W. 115th St. 12" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float Systems N-25 W. 108th St. 18" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System N-25 W. 108th St. 18" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System N-25 W. 108th St. 18" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	N-21 N-152nd St. 12" x 12" (See Regulator Number Location Type (Acres)	Regulator Number Location Type (Acres) Residential N.21 W. 152nd St. 12" x 12" (See Regulator N-20 F & Riverside Siuice Gate Dr. With Hydraulic Float System N-21A W. 151st St. Diversion Chamber & Riverside (Weir) Dr. N.21B W. 153rd St. Diversion Chamber & Riverside (Weir) N.22 W. 130th St 12" x 12" 45 7,400 & Twelth Sluice Gate Ave. With Hydraulic Float System N-23 St. Clair Two 36" x 24" 51uice Gates With Independent Hydraulic Float Systems N.24 W. 115th St. 12" x 18" 100 13,800 N.24 W. 115th St. 12" x 18" 100 13,800 N.25 W. 106th St. 18" x 18" 80 22,600 & Riverside Sluice Gate Dr. With Hydraulic Float System	Regulator Number Location Type Area Pupulation Number Location Type (Acres) Residential Working	Regulator Number Location Type Area Residential Working Translent	Regulator Number Location Type Area Residential Working Translent Res.	Regulator Number Location Type Area Residential Morking Translant Res. Cos.	Regulator Number Location Type Area Population Percent Land Unit Res. Com. Ind.	Regulator Residential Norking Percent Land Use Residential Norking Percent Percent Residential Norking Percent Residential Norking Percent Residential Percent Residential Norking Percent Residential Norking Percent Residential Percent Residential Norking Percent Residential Percent Percent	Regulator Number Location Type Area Area Residential Norking Transient Res. Com. Ind. Oth. MDMF Res. Com. Ind. Oth. Res. Com. Ind. Oth. MDMF Res. Com. Ind. Oth. Res. Com. Ind. Oth.

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu- lator		TIME CIT	E CHARACTES	OT COMP CC				INSPE	CTION DATA	Figure No.
	Intercept		Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulato
N-21	7'-0" x 6'-6"	15' Ø BR INT To 7'-0" x 6'-6"	3'-0" BRICK	3'-0" BRICK	31-0" BRICK	Hudson River			Under Construction	30
N-21A			3'-6" x 2'-4"	3'-6" x	3'-0" ∮	Hudson River	**	**	Under Construction	30
N-21B			3'-6" x 2'-4"	3'-6" x 2'-4"	3'-0" ፟፟∮	Hudson River			Under Construction	30
H-22	16'-0" x 16'-0"	24" Ø BR INT To 16'-0" x 16'-0"	36" Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	Hudson River			Under Construction	30
W-23	14'-6" x 14'-6"	4'-3" x 7'-6" BR INT TO 16'-0" x 16'-0"	TWO 7'-0" x 8'-8" PTRC	TWO 7'-0" x 8'-8" FTRC	TWO 7'-0" x 8'-8" FIRC	Rudson River			Under Construction	30
N-24	14'-6" x	30" Ø BR INT To 14'-6" x 14'-6"	4'-0" x 3'-0" BRICK	4'-0" x 3'-0" BRICK	4°-0" x 3°-0" BRICK	Hudson River			Under Construction	29
N-25	14'-0" x 14'-0"	36" Ø ER INT TO 14'-6" x 14'-6"	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4°-0" ∮ BRICK	Rudson River			Under Construction	29

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TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

	Regulator			Drainage Area		Population	1	Pe	rcent 1	and Us	ie	Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
	Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential			Res.		Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
	N-26	W. 96th St. & Riverside Park	Two 30" x 24" Sluice Gates With Independent Hydraulic Float Systems	561 (Combined	103,300 i Data For R	N/A degulators	n/a n-26 & n-26a)	75	0	0	25	31.961	N/A
	N-26A	W. 96th St. & Riverside Park	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers										
132	N-27	W. 90th St. & Riverside Dr.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	थ	3,600	N/A	N/A	50	0	0	80	1.114	N/A
	N-28	W. 80th St. & Riverside Park	36" x 42" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	418	93,100	N/A	N/A	60	15	0	25	28.805	N/A
	N-29	W. 72nd St. West of Riverside Dr.	36" x 36" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	667 (Combined	106,500 1 Data For R	N/A egulators	N/A N-29 & N-29A)	40	30	0	30	32.951	N/A
	N-29A	W. 66th St. & Freedom Place	24" x 36" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System					•					
	N-30	W. 59th St. & Twelfth Ave.	12" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	96	9,400	12,400	22,300	5	0	95	0	4.004	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu-			E CHARACTE				-		CTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulate
n-26	14'-0" x 14'-0"	14'-0" x 14'-0"							Under Construction	29
N-26A	**	54" Ø RC BR INT TO N-26	6'-0" x 10'-0"	6'-0" x 10'-0"	6'-0" x 10'-0"	Hudson River			Under Construction	29
N-27	14'-0" x 14'-0"	18" Ø BR INT TO 14'-0" x 14'-0"	3'-6" x 2'-8" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-8" BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-8" BRICK	Hudson River		Sec.	Under Construction	29
n-28	п'-6" х	5'-0" x 5'-0" BR INT To 14'-0" x 14'-0"	6'-0" x 10'-6" FTRC	6'-0" x 10'-6" FIRC	6'-0" x 10'-6" FTRC	Hudson River	**	See	Under Construction	26
N-29	11'-6" x	6'-0" x 5'-0" BR INT To 11'-6" x 11'-6"	4'-0" x 5'-0" & 7'-0" x 7'-0" FTRC	7'-0" x 7'-0" FTRC	TWO 3'-0" x 4'-0"	Hudson River	946		Under Construction	28
N-29A	10'-6" x 10'-6"	60' Ø BR INT TO 11'-6" x 11'-6"	5'-0" x 5'-6" FTRC	5'-0" x 5'-6" FTRC	5'-0" x 5'-6" FTRC	Hudson River	**	(ME	Under Construction	28
n-30	10'-6" x 10'-6"	30" Ø BR INT TO 10'-6" x 10'-6"	5'-3" x 5'-3" FTRC	5'-3" x 5'-3" FTRC	5'-3" x 5'-3" FTRC	Hudson River		555	Under Construction	26

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TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

Regulator Number			Drainage								Trunk	Interceptor Design
			Area		opulation		Per	rcent	Land U	se	MIDNIF	Capacity
Number	Location	Type	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Translent	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
N-31	W. 56th St. & Twelfth Ave.	12" x 12" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	52	2,700	10,100	12,100	25	٥	70	5	1.569	N/A
N- 32	W. 50th St. & Twelfth Ave.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	33	2,100	3,500	7,700	0	10	85	5	0.982	N/A
N-33	W. 48th St.	Two 2'-6" x 3'-6"	571	100,500	378,300	252,200	15	60	20	5	54.502	N/A
	& Twelfth Ave.	Sluice Gates With Independent	(Combined	Data For Reg	lators N-	33 through N	-35)				*	
		Hydraulic Float Systems					18					
N-34	W. 48th St. & Twelfth Ave.	Tide Cate										
N-35	W. 47th St. & Twelfth Ave.	Tide Gate										
N-36	W. 46th St.	12" x 12"	26	2,100	4,700	4,300	0	0	100	0	0.964	N/A
	& Twelfth Ave.	Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	(Combine	d Data For Reg	pulators N	-36 & N-37)				8.		.,
								,				
N-37	W. 46th St. & Twelfth Ave.	Tide Gate										
N- 38	W. 44th St. & Twelfth Ave.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	19	700	2,500	4,400	0	0	100	0	0.421	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTES						CTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving	Walter Comment	Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
N-31	10'-6" x 10'-6"	18" Ø BR INT To 10'-6" x 10'-6"	4'-6" x 6'-0" FTRC	4'-6" x 6'-0" PTBC	3'-0" ø	Rudson River		**	Under Construction	26
N-32	8'-6" x 8'-6"	10'-6" x 10'-6"	4'-0" x 4'-0" FIRC	4'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	TWO 4'-0" x 4'-0"	Rudson River			Under Construction	28
N-33	8'-6" x 8'-6"	8'-0" x 8'-0" BR INT To 10'-6" x 10'-6"	4'-0" x 9'-0" FTRC	4'-0" x 9'-0" FTRC	4'-0" x 2'-8"	Hudson River	-	-	Under Construction	26
N-34			4'-0" x 2'-8" FIRC	4'-0" x 2'-8" FIRC	4'-0" x 2'-8" FIRC	Hudson River		**	Under Construction	28
N-35		**	4'-0" x 2'-8" FTRC	4"-0" x 2"-8" FTRC	4'-0" x 2'-8" FIRC	Hudson River	-	**	Under Construction	-
N-36	8'-6" x 8'-6"	15" Ø VP BR INT TO 8'-6" x 8'-6"	4°-0™ Ø RC	4*-0* Ø RC	4°-0" Ø WOOD	Hudson River			Under Construction	28
N- 37			TWO 6'-6" x 8'-6" FTRC	TWO 6'-6" x 8'-6" FTRC	TWO 6'-6" x 8'-6" FTRC	Hudson River			Under Construction	-
N-38	8'-6" x 8'-6"	15" Ø BR INT TO 8'-6" x 8'-6"	4'-6" Ø RC	4°-6" ∮ RC	4'-6" \$ RC	Hudson River		••	Under Construction	26

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

					NEW YORK, NEW	W YORK						Trunk	Interceptor
	Regulator Number	Location	Type	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working		Pe:	Com.	and Us		Line HDWF (cfs)	Design Capacity (cfs)
	N-39	W. 43rd St. & Twelfth Ave.	12" x 12" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	31 (Combine	900 ed Data For Re	3,000 egulators	7,200 N-39 Through	N-41)	0	100	0	0.575	N/A
	N-40	W. 42nd St. & Twelfth Ave.	Diversion (Weir) & Tide Gate Chambers										
	N-41	W. 42nd St.	Tide Gate										
	W-aT	& Twelfth Ave.	Tide Cate										
136	N-42	W. 40th St. & Twelfth Ave.	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	23	400	1,000	5,400	0	0	100	0	0.295	N/A
	N-43	W. 36th St.	5'-0" x 3'-0"	48	6,100	34,600	11,200	0	10	90	0	3.753	N/A
		& Twelfth Ave.	Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System		d Data For Re					30		3.173	N/ N
	N- fr	W. 33rd St. & Twelfth Ave.	Tide Gate .										
	0.72	5571037557	A 1500 150				927						
	N-45	N. 30th St. & Twelfth Ave.	Two 24" x 30" Sluice Gates With Independent Hydraulic Float Systems	347	42,200	284,000	189,300	5	55	40	0	30.631	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu-	-		E CHARACTE						ECTION DATA	Pigure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass	0.40-11	Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulate
N-39	8'-6" x 8'-6"	18" Ø VP BR INT TO 8'-6" x 8'-6"	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	4"-0" x 2"-8" BRICK	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	Hudson River		55.	Under Construction	26
N-40	**	•	4'-6" x 9'-0" SEMI- CIRC BRICK	4'-6" x 9'-0" SEMI- CIRC BRICK	4'-6" x 9'-0" SEMI- CIRC BRICK	Hudson River		**	Under Construction	26
N 41	1975		TWO 2'-0" x 8'-0" ERICK	TWO 2'-0" x 8'-0" BRICK	TWO 2'-0" x 8'-0" BRICK	Hudson River	**		Under Construction	*
N-42	8'-6" x 8'-6"	15" Ø BR INT TO 8'-6" x 8'-6"	5'-6" x 2'-8" FTRC	5'-6" x 2'-8" FIRC	5'-6"x 2'-8" FTRC	Hudson River	-		Under Construction	28
N-43	8°-0" x	24" Ø BR INT TO 8'-0" x 8'-0"	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	4°-0" Ø BRICK	Hudson River			Under Construction	27
N- frft		**	4'-6" x 4'-9"	4'-6" x	4'-6" x 4'-9"	Rudson River			Under Construction	
N-45	8'-0" x 8'-0"	6'-0" x 6'-0" BR INT To 8'-0" x 8'-0"	4'-0" \$\text{BRICK & 4'-0" \$\text{CONC & 6'-0" x }\text{11'-0"}	4'-0" \$\\ BRICK & \\ \dagger \cdot \	6'-0" x 11'-0" & 4'-0" Ø BRICK	Hudson River		122	Under Construction	27

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

					,	7		100					Interceptor
	Regulator			Drainage		Population		D				Trunk Line	Design
	Number	Location	Type	(Acres)	Residential		Transient	Res.		Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
	и-46	W. 26th St. & Twelfth Ave.	18" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	78	10,600	13,400	18,200	60	10	20	10	4.313	N/A
	N-47	W. 23rd St. & Twelfth Ave.	24" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	67	12,600	6,800	17,300	50	50	0	o	4.616	M/A
138	n-48	W. 21st St. & Eleventh Ave.	12" x 18" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	66 (Combin	11,500 med Data For R		15,400 N-48 & N-49)	70	0	30	o	4.127	B/A
	N-49	W. 21st St. & Eleventh Ave.	Tide Gate & Diversion (Weir) Chambers										
	N-50	W. 18th St. & Eleventh Ave.	3'-0" x 2'-6" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	166	10,600	126,000	84,000	10	50	40	0	11.046	N/A
	N-51	W. 17th St. & Eleventh Ave.	18" x 24" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	(Combin	16,500 med Data For Ro	34,200 egulatores	25,700 N-51 & N-52)	10	40	50	- 0	7.286	N/A
	N-52	W. 14th St. & Eleventh Ave.	Tide Gate										
	N-53	Bloomfield & West Streets	Tide Gate & Diversion Chamber	26 (Combin	1,800 ed Data For Re	6,700 egulators	6,100 N-53 & N-54)	2	8	90	0	1.009	N/A

TABLE 6 - (Continued)

Regu-			E CHARACTE					1 NSP	Figure No.	
lator Number	Upstream	tor Line	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulato
Russer	opsereas	DOWNER COM	Date	- Dane	- United			1111111		
N-46	7'-0" x 7'-0"	30" Ø BR INT To 8'-0" x 8'-0"	5'-7" x 6'-3" BRICK	5'-7" x 6'-3" BRICK	5'-7" × 6'-3" BRICK	Hudson River		**	Under Construction	21
N-47	7'-0" x 7'-0"	30" ø BR INT To 7'-0" x 7'-0"	5'-6" x 6'-6"	5'-6" x 6'-6"	4'-0" Ø	Hudson River			Under Construction	27
N-48	7'-0" × 7'-0"	30" Ø BR INT To 7'-0" x 7'-0"	4'-0" ∮ BRICK	4¹-0" ∮ BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	Hudson River		••	Under Construction	27
N-49		· - 9	6'-4" x 4'-6" FTRC	6'-4" x 4'-6" FTRC	4'-0" Ø	Hudson River	**		Under Construction	थ
N-50	5'-6" x 5'-0"	60" \$\\ BR INT To 7'-0" x 7'-0"	5'-6" x 8'-0" FTRC	5'-6" x 8'-0" FTRC	5'-0" x 3'-9" & 5'-0" x 4'-6"	Hudson River			Under Construction	27
N-51	30" Ø	36" Ø BR INT To 5'-0" x 5'-0"	4'-6" Ø BRICK	4'-6" Ø BRICK	4'-6" Ø BRICK	Hudson River	**	**	Under Construction	27
N 52		**	4'-0" x 6'-0"	4'-0" x 6'-0"	4'-0" x 6'-0"	Hudson River		1368	Under Construction	-
n-53	30" ø	12" Ø VP BR INT TO 30" Ø	4" Ø CI & 5" Ø CI	12" Ø VP	3'-6" x 2'-4" BRICK	Hudson River	**	1944	Under Construction	27

TABLE 6 - NORTH RIVER TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Regulator Number	Location	Type	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working	Transient	Pe Res.		Land Us Ind.	Oth.	Trunk Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
N-54	Censevoort St. & North River	12" x 12" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	(See Re	gulator N-53 I	For Combine	ed Data)						
N-55	West & Jane Streets	18" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	56	7,500	10,700	13,000	50	5	45	0	3.117	N/A
n-56	West & Bank Streets	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	19	2,100	3,700	4,400	70	10	20	0	0.917	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 6:

- Regulator Data taken from regulator detail sheets (1965) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.
- Prainage Area Data for regulators N-1, N-18, N-32 & N-38 through N-42: boundaries determined from Existing Sewer Line Maps of New York City.

 Acreage calculated from the layout of the drainage area boundaries.

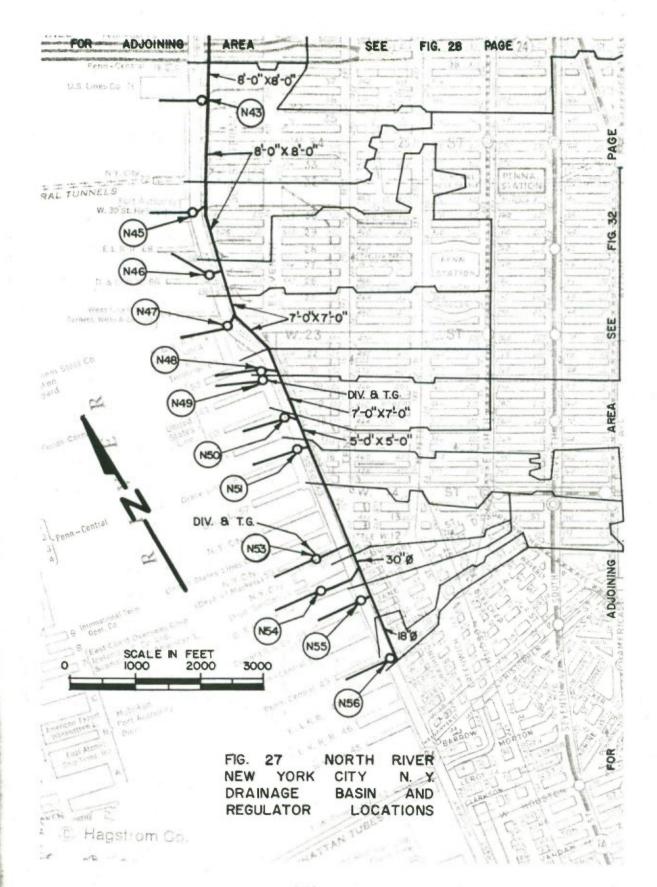
 for the remaining regulators: taken from records supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.
- Population Data from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 2000).
- Land Use Data estimated from Land Use Policy Maps in Plan for New York City, A Proposal-1969, Volume 4-Manhattan prepared by the New York City Planning Commission.
- Hydraulic Data taken from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (projected for the year 2000).

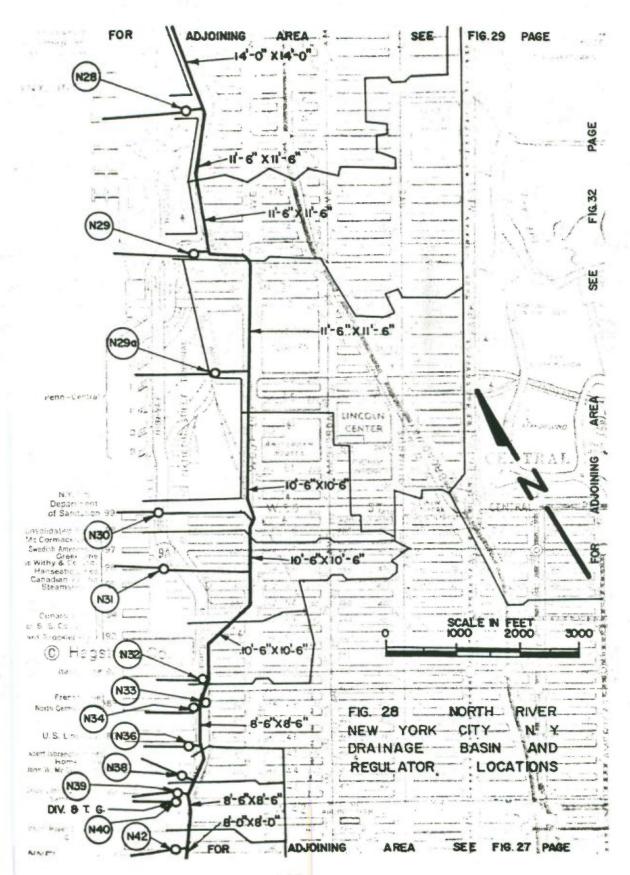
TABLE 6 - (Continued)

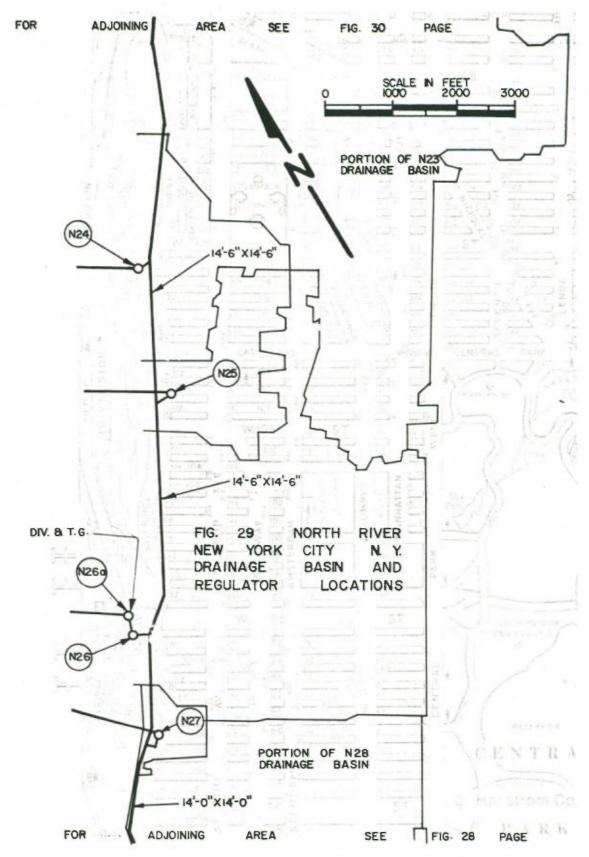
Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTE	RISTICS				Figure No.		
Number	Intercep Upstream	tor Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
N-54	30" ø	18" Ø BR INT To 30" Ø	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	4'-0" x 2'-8" BRICK	4'-0" Ø BRICK	Hudson River			Under Construction	27
N-55	30" Ø	24" Ø BR INT To 30" Ø	4'-0" x 3'-8" PTRC	4'-0" x 3'-8" FTRC	4"-0" Ø	Hudson River			Under Construction	27
N-56		18" Ø BR INT To 18" Ø	4'-0" x 3'-8"	4'-0" x 3'-8"	41-0" \$	Budson River			Under Construction	27

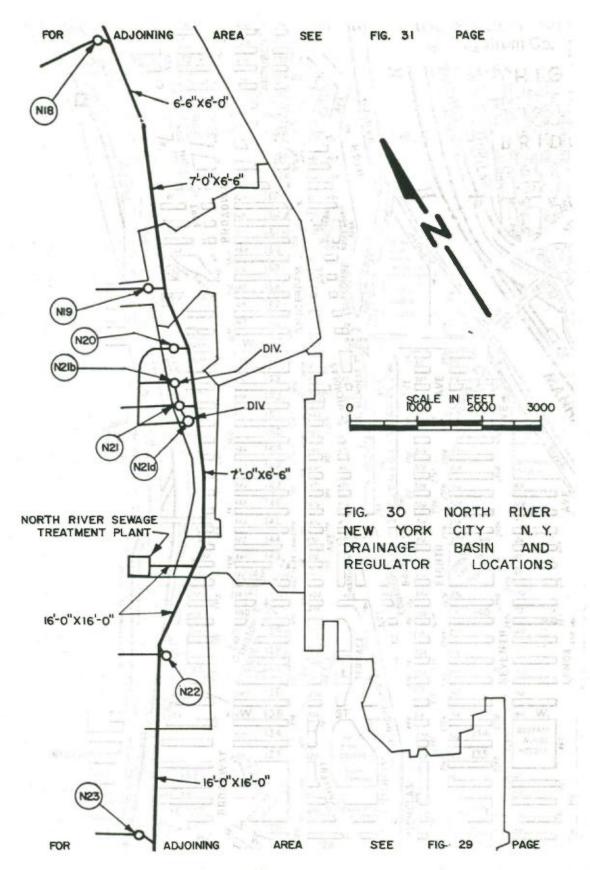
NOTES FOR TABLE 6 (CONTINUED):

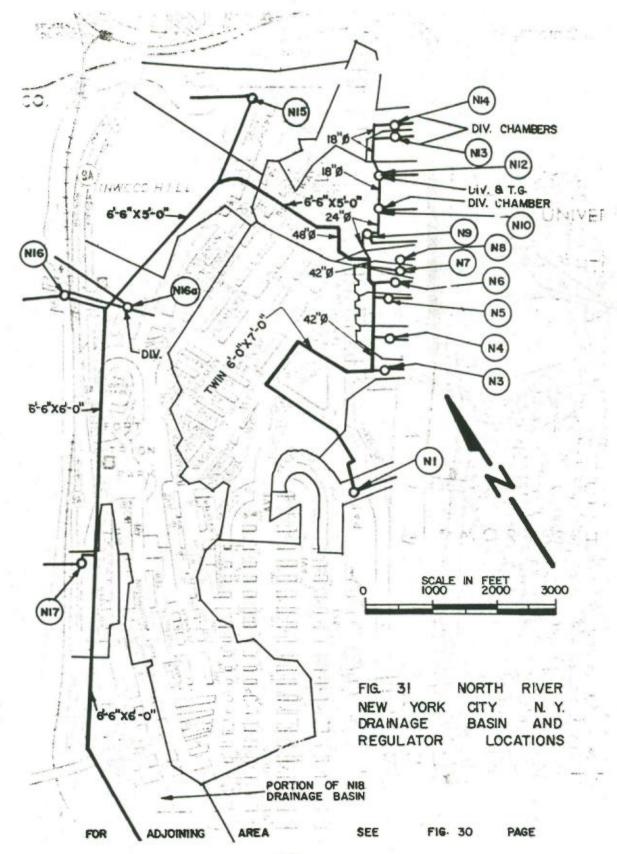
Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sewer Line Maps of New York City.











SECTION XII

OWLS HEAD SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

The Owls Head drainage basin contains eight regulators; six with hydraulic float systems and two with manually operated sluice gates.

The system is maintained by the Oakwood Beach regulator crew. This crew also maintains the Port Richmond Treatment Plant regulator system. A specially prepared truck with sufficient equipment is utilized to assist in the inspection and maintenance of the system.

Seven of the eight regulators inspected were found to be inoperable. According to a follow-up telephone conversation with the Acting Chief of the Division of Plant Operations for New York City, one of the non-operable regulators has been put back into service.

Additional information regarding the regulators within this drainage area is found in Table 7 and Figures 33 through 37.

TABLE 7 - ONLS HEAD TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

				Drainage								Trunk	Interceptor Design
	Regulator Number	Location	Type	Area (Acres)	Residential	Vorking	Transient	Per Res.		and Us		(cfs)	Capacity (cfs)
								670.4					
	.1	92nd Street & Shore Parkway	Two 6'-0" x 4'-0" Sluice Cates with	2,700	580,000	M/A	N/A	80	10	5	5	M/A	109.5
			Independent Hydraulic Float Systems	(Combine	d Data For Re	gulators l	& 9)						
	2	82nd Street East of Shore Parkway	16" x 16" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	93	N/A	N/A	N/A	95	0	0	5	N/A	N/A
156	3	79th Street East of Shore Parkway	2'-0" x 3'-0" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	513	85,000	N/A	N/A	85	10	0	5	N/A	15.6
	4	71st Street East of Shore Parkway	l'-6" x 2'-0" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	159	20,000	N/A	N/A	90	10	0	0	N/A	3.8
	5	69th Street & Shore Road	1'-4" x 1'-4" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	9	M/A	N/A	N/A	90	10	0	0	H/A	N/A
2	6	Pirst Avenue & 64th Street	Two 5'-0" x 3'-0" Sluice Cates With Independent Hydraulic Ploat Systems	5,122 (Combined	697,500 Data For Reg	N/A ulators 6,	N/A 8, 8-A, 8-E	70 3 and 9-1	15	10	5	N/A	128.7
	7	First Avenue & 49th Street	5'-0" x 3'-0" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	1,836 (Combine	200,000 d Data For Re	N/A gulators 7	N/A Thru 7-D)	70	15	15	0	H/A	39.0

Regu-			E CHARACTER				INSPECTION DATA			
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
1	-	96" Ø Arch	11'-0" Ø Brick 7'-	Three 4" x 7'-4" ' Brick	Three 7'-4" x 7'-4' Brick	Upper New York	11-4-71	Но	Originally designed as a hydraulic regulator; however, all equipment and mechanical devices are missing	
									Regulator crew has built a weir at entrance to outfall line.	
2	96" ø Arch	16" Ø CI BR IMT to 96" Ø Arch	30" x 45" Brick	30" x 45" Brick	30" x 45" Brick	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	No	Unable to move aluice gates due to rusted condition of equipment.	34
3	96" ø Arch	36" Ø BR INT to 108" Ø Arch	12'-0" x 7'-0" Brick Lined Conc	12'-0" x 7'-0" Brick Lined Conc	12'-0" x 7'-0" Brick Lined Cone	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	но	Heavy water leakage from relief pressure valve on hydraulic system hookup. Tide gate leaking.	34
4	9'-0" Arch	24" Ø CI INT BR to 9'-0" Arch	60" Oval Brick	60" Oval Brick	60" Oval Brick	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	Во	Needs maintenance and repair. City vater supply leaking from elbow on hydraulic system hookup. Tide gate leaking slightly.	35
5	9'-0" Arch	9'-0" Arch	36* ø	36" Ø	36" Ø	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	No	Unable to move sluice gates due to rusted condition of equipment. Tide gate in good condition.	35
6	6'-0" Ø RC	9'-0" x 7'-0" RC BR INT to 12'-6" x 8'-0" RC	15'-0" Ø Brick & 42" Brick Egg-shaped & 30" Brick Egg-shaped	Three 7'-6" Brick Arch	Three 7'-6" Brick Arch	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	No	Hydraulic system does not operate because there is no City Water supply to operate system. Tide gates in good condition.	35
7		6'-0" Ø RC			10'-0" Ø Brick	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	No	Four-way valve is missing (being repaired). Regulator gate is being held open. Seals on tide gate need repair.	35

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TABLE 7 - OWLS HEAD TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Percent Land Use Res. Com. Ind. Oth.	Trunk Line MDMF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
55	129					
7-4	Pirst Avenue & 49th Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	(See Regulator 7 For Combined Data)			
7-B	First Avenue & 49th Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	(See Regulator 7 For Combined Data)			
7-c	Pirst Avenue & 49th Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	(See Regulator 7 For Combined Data)			
7-D	Pirst Avenue & 43rd Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	(See Regulator 7 For Combined Data)			
8	Rogers Avenue & Martense Street	3'-0" x 2'-0" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	(See Regulator 6 For Combined Data)			
8-4	Flatbush & Bedford Avenues	Diversion Chamber	(See Regulator 6 For Combined Data)		*	
8-B	Foster Avenue & East 21st Street	Diversion Chamber	(See Regulator 6 For Combined Data)			
9	17th & Bath Avenues	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	(See Regulator 1 For Combined Data)			
9-A	17th Avenue & 60th Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	(See Regulator 6 For Combined Data)			
	7-A 7-B 7-C 7-D 8 8-A 8-B	Number Location 7-A Pirst Avenue & 49th Street 7-B First Avenue & 49th Street 7-C First Avenue & 49th Street 7-D First Avenue & 43rd Street 8 Rogers Avenue & Martense Street 8-A Flatbush & Bedford Avenues 8-B Foster Avenue & East 21st Street 9 17th & Bath Avenues 9-A 17th Avenue &	7-A Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-B Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-C Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-D Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8 Rogers Avenue & 3'-0" x 2'-0" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System 8-A Flatbush & Diversion Chamber Bedford Avenues 8-B Foster Avenue & Diversion Chamber 4 East 21st Street 9 17th & Bath Diversion Chamber (Weir) 9-A 17th Avenue & Diversion Chamber	Regulator Number Location Type (Acres) Residential Working Translent 7-A First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-B First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-C First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-D First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8 Rogers Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8 Rogers Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8 Rogers Avenue & 3'-0" x 2'-0" Sluice (See Regulator 7 For Combined Data) 8 Rogers Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8 Rogers Avenue & Bedford Avenues 8-B Foster Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8 Platbush & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8 Poster Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8 Poster Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 9 17th & Bath Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 1 For Combined Data)	Regulator Number Location Type (Acres) Residential Morking Transient Res. Com. Ind. Oth. 7-A First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-B First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-C First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-D First Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8-A Flatbush & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8-B Foster Avenue & S'-O" x 2'-O" Sluice Cate With Rydraulic Float System 8-B Foster Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8-B Foster Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8-B Foster Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 9-A 17th & Bath Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 1 For Combined Data) 17th Avenue & Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data)	Regulator Number Location Type Area Area Area Area Area Area Area Residential Working Transient Rea. Com. Ind. Oth. (cfs) 7-A Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-B Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-C Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 7-D Pirst Avenue & Diversion Chamber (Weir) 8-B Rogers Avenue & 3'-O" x 2'-O" Sluice Gate With Rydraulic Float System 8-A Platbush & Bedford Avenues Biversion Chamber (See Regulator 7 For Combined Data) (See Regulator 7 For Combined Data) (See Regulator 7 For Combined Data) (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 7-D Pirst Avenue & 3'-O" x 2'-O" Sluice Gate With Rydraulic Float System 8-B Foster Avenue & East 21st Street Diversion Chamber (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) (See Regulator 6 For Combined Data) 8-B Foster Avenue & East 21st Street 9 17th & Bath Avenues Diversion Chamber (Weir) (See Regulator 1 For Combined Data) See Regulator 6 For Combined Data)

TABLE 7 - (Continued)

Regu-			E CHARACTER			51 1			PECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercep		Trunk	By-Pass	The contract of the contract o	Receiving	anara kata	Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
7-A		140	9'-0" Ø Brick	9'-0" Ø Brick	10'-0" ∮ Brick	Upper New York Bay	2.0			
7-B	**		60" Brick Egg-shaped	60" Brick Rgg-shaped & 6'-0" Ø RC		Upper New York Bay				•
7-c		**	30" Brick Egg-shaped	30" Brick Egg-shaped & 4'-0" Ø RC	10'-0" Ø Brick	Upper New York Bay	-	**	***	•
7-D	***	- **	9'-0" Ø Brick	60" ø Brick	60" Ø Brick	Upper New York Bay	11-4-71	Yes	Needs cleaning. No rungs in chamber need ladder for access.	35
8	-	7	8'-0" x 8'-6" RC & 24" Ø VP	8'-0" x 8'-6" RC	***		11-4-71	Yes	Diversion chamber with regulator. If flow to Owls Head plant too great flow is diverted to Coney Island plant. Regulator has no direct discharge.	37
8-A					**					37
8-B					**	••	11-3-71	Yes	**	37
9	••		15'-0" Ø	15'-0" Ø	21"-0" Ø	Gravesend Bay	11-3-71	Yes		34
9-A							11-3-71	Yes		33

TABLE 7 - OWLS HEAD TREATMENT PLANT DRAINATE HASIN (Continued)

			BROC	KLYN, NEW YOR	K						Trunk	Interceptor
Regulator			Drainage Area	1	opulation		Per	cent I	and U	se	Line	Design Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
Avenue V Pump	Avenue V & 86th Street		1,666	11/A	N/A	N/A	55	50	2 L	5	N/A	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 7:

- Regulator Data taken from regulator detail sheets (1942) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.
- Drainage Area Data boundaries determined from Existing Sewer Line Maps of Brooklyn. Acreage calculated from the layout of the drainage area boundaries.
- Population Data from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 1970).
- Land Use Data estimated from Land Use Policy Maps in Plan for New York City, A Proposal-1969, Volume 3-Brooklyn prepared by the New York City Planning Commission.
- Hydraulic Data taken from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 1970).

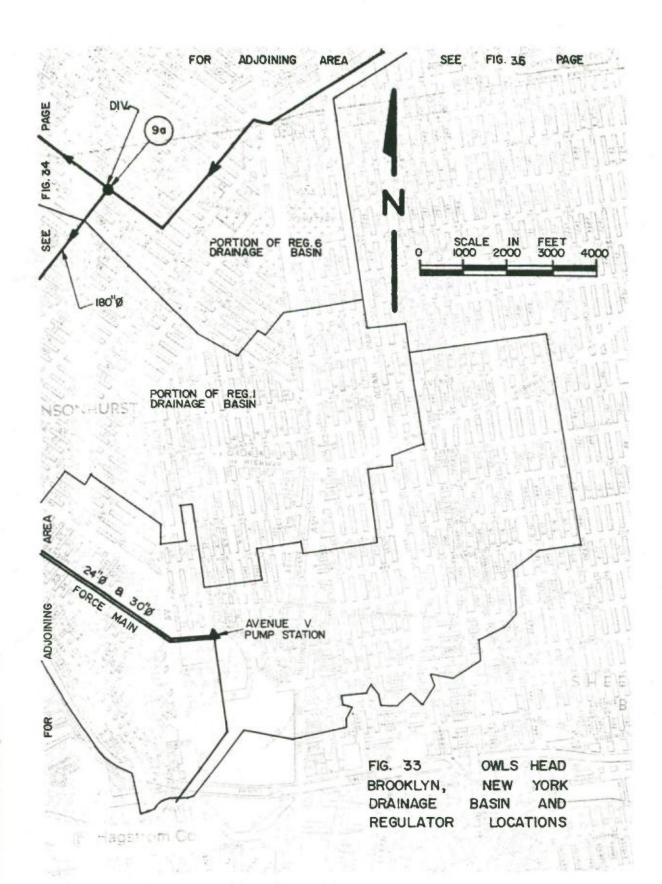
TABLE 7 - (Continued)

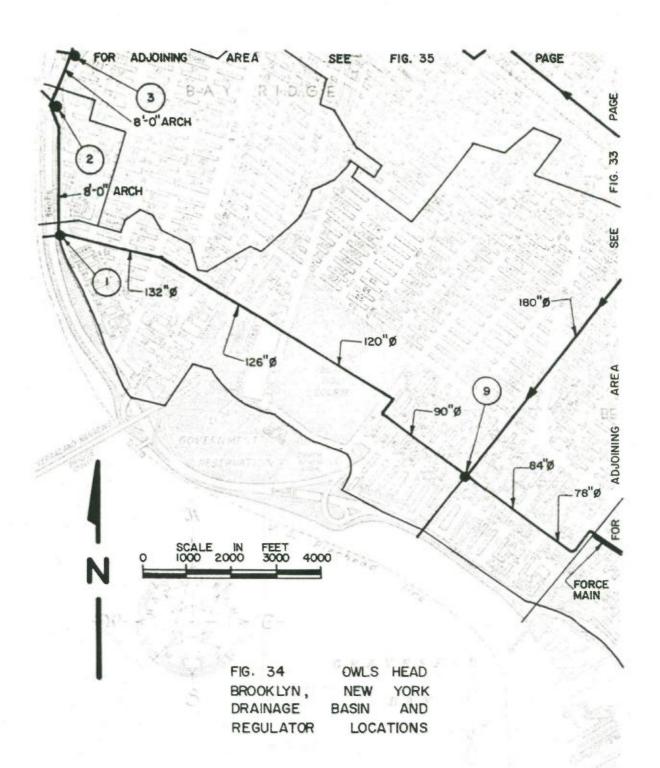
Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTERI	STICS				Figure No.		
Number Number	Intercept Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
Avenue V Pump Stati	on a	24" Ø CI Force Main & 30" Ø CI		Two 36" (Ø Two 36" Ø CI	Coney Island Creek	11-3-71	Yes	Pump capacities: 2 @ 3500 GPM 1 @ 5000 GPM; 1 @ 6000 GPM 1 @ 9000 GPM; 3 @ 11,000 GPM	33

NOTES FOR TABLE 7 (CONTINUED):

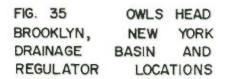
Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sever Line Maps of Brooklyn.

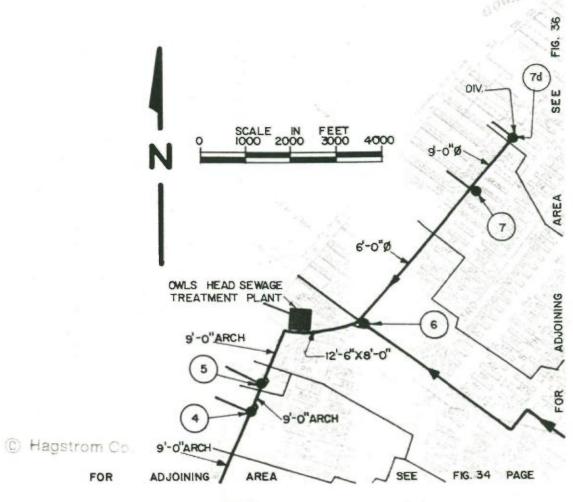
Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation on June 2, 1972 with the Acting Chief of the Division of Plant Operations, New York Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control, regulator 7 has been placed into operable condition.



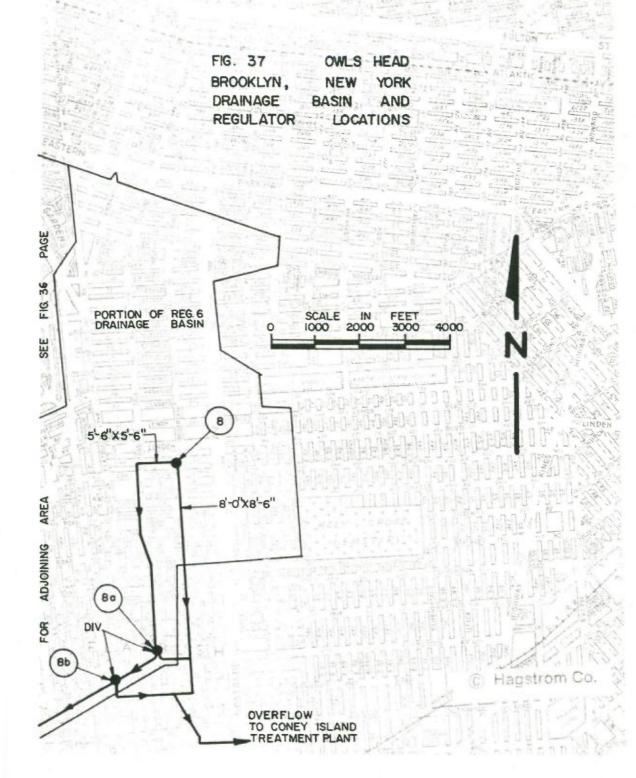


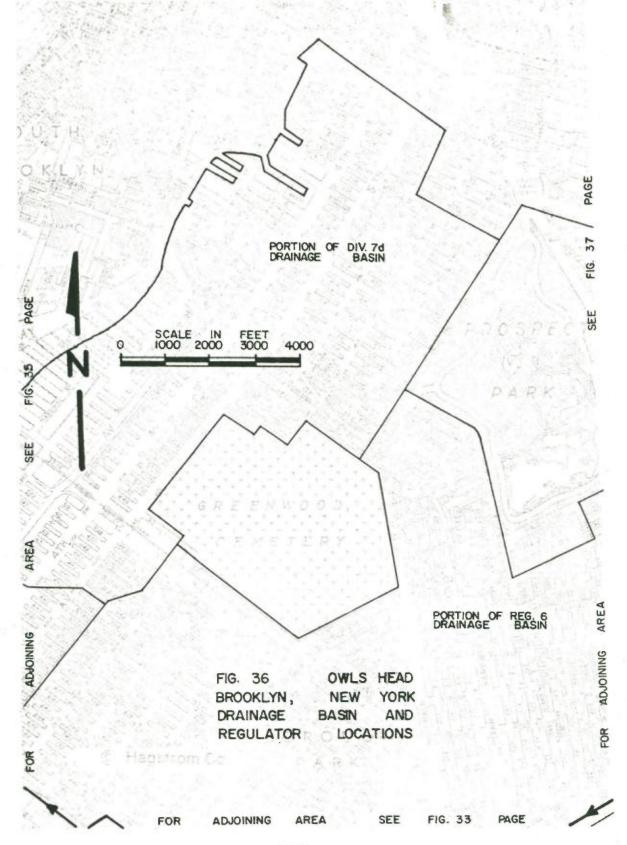
(c) Hagstrom Co.

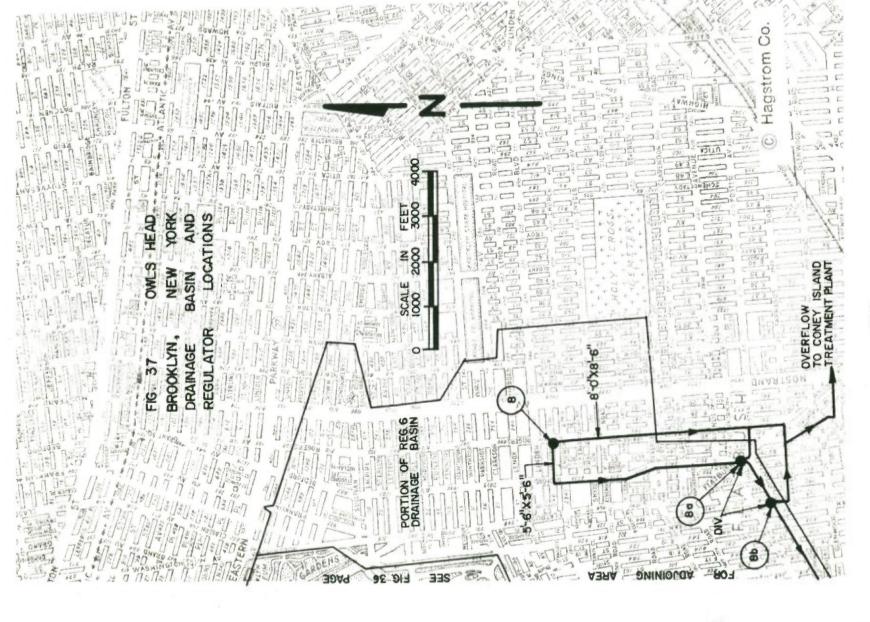




FOR







SECTION XIII

PORT RICHMOND SEWAGE TREATMENT

DRAINAGE BASIN, STATEN ISLAND, N.Y.

The Port Richmond drainage system contains forty-three regulators. Nine of these regulators have been placed into service - the others are either under construction or proposed. The nine existing regulators consist of three hydraulically operated types, one mechanical float type, three manually operated types and two weir types.

Three of the nine regulators inspected were found to be inoperable. According to a follow-up telephone conversation with the Acting Chief of the Division of Plant Operations for New York City, two of these regulators have been placed into an operable condition and one is being repaired.

The system is maintained by the Oakwood Beach regulator crew. A specially equipped truck is utilized to assist crews in the inspection and maintenance of the system.

Additional information regarding the regulators within this drainage area is found in Table 8 and Figures 38 through 43.

TABLE 6 - PORT PICHNOND TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working		Per Res.	Com.	Ind.	Ota.	Tr.nx Line HDWP (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
R-1 (Contract 2)	Richmond Terrace West of Holland Avenue	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	208	400	v	N/A	30	ů.	40	30	0.186	5.053
R 2 (Contract 2)	Richmond Terrace and South Avenue	12" # Manually Operated Shear Gate	20	300	0	N/A	ВС	to.	20	¢.	4.10	5.31/
R ? (Contract 2)	Harbor Road North of Richmond Terrace	24" x 12" Stuice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	h3ö	10,700	500	N/A	70	5	10	15	5.673	36.735
R.4 (Contract 2)	Union Avenue North of Richmond Terrace	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	45	900	400	N/A	90	O	16	v	0.310	37.665
R 5 (Contract 2)	Richmond Terrace & Housman Avenue	l'-C" x l'-O" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	136	2,100	600	N/A	60	D	40	ů	1.628	41.385
R 6 (Contract 2)	Richmond Terrace & Nicholas Avenue	30" x 24" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	1,932	23,600	2,200	N/A	75	9	10	15	6.153	6).130
R-1 (Contract 4-	Nautilus Court A) North of Cliff Street	1'-0" x 1' 0" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	476 (Combined	5,900 Data for Reg	400 ulators R-	3.4) 1. B-2 & R	58 3 (Contre	et 4-	. G A))	42	1.352	10.193

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

Regu-				E CHARACTERI						CTION DATA	Figure No.
lator		Intercepto			By-Pass		Receiving	700000	Operable		for Locati
Number	r	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulat
R-1 (Cont.	. 2)	18" Ø V P	24" Ø VP	Two 12" Ø VP	15" Ø VP	15" Ø VP	Newark Bay	12-3-71	Yes	Tide gate leaking	41
R-2 (Cont.	. 2)	Ab 57., &	12" Ø VP BR INT To 24" Ø VP	8" Ø VP	8" Ø VP	10" Ø	Newark Bay	12-3-71	Yes		41
R-3 (Cont.	2)	42" Ø PRCP	30" Ø RC BR INT To 54" Ø PRCP	52" Ø COHC & 15" Ø VP	52" Ø CONC & 15" Ø VP	52" Ø CONC & 15" Ø VP	Newark Bay	12-3-71	No	Blockage in return line to interceptor has caused closing of sluice gate and over- flow to bay.	41
R-4 (Cont.	2)	54" Ø PRCP	15" Ø VP BR INT to 60" Ø PRCP	37" X 62" SEMI-CIRC RC & 12" Ø VP	37" x 62" SEMI-CIRC RC & 12" Ø VP	37" x 62" SEMI-CIRC RC & 12" Ø VP		12-3-71	Yes	**	161
R-5 (Cont.	2)	60" Ø RC	60" Ø RC	12" Ø & TWIN 71 1/2" X 33" RC	TWIN 71 1/2" X 33" RC	TWIN 71 1/2" X 33" RC	Newark Bay	12-3-71	No	Piston for hydraulic apparatus missing - was defective - Gate being kept in open position - Maximum flow to plant. Tide gate leaking.	41
R-6 Cont.	2)	60" Ø RC	54" Ø RC	TWIN 104" X 60" FIRC	TWIN 104" X 60" FTRC	TWIN 104" X 60" FTRC	Kill Van Kull	12-3-71	Yes	**	40
R-1 Cont.	4-A)		12" Ø VP BR INT	6'-6"X 5'-11" SEMI-CIRC FTRC & 36" Ø PRCP	7'-6" X 5'-0" RC with SEMI-CIRC NOTCH	7'-6"X 5'-11" with SEMI-CIRC NOTCH	Upper New York Bay		**	To be constructed	38

TABLE 8 - PORT RICHMOND TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)		Populatio Working	on Transient	Per Res.	Com	Land Us		Trunk Line MDMF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
R-2 (Contract	Nautilus Court 4-A) North of Cliff Street		(SEE REGU	LATOR R-1 (CO	NERACT 4	-A) FOR COMBINE	DATA)				
R-3 (Contract	Nautilus Street 4-A) East of Bay Street	l'-0" X 2'-0" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	(SIEE REGU	LATOR R-1 (CO	NTRACT 4	-A) FOR COMBINE	DATA))				
R-4 (Contract	Hylan Boulevard 4-A) & Edgewater Street	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Cate	9	100	0	0	100	0	0	0	0.026	10.475
R 5 (Contract	Bdgewater Street 4-A) North of Sylva Lane	12" \$\psi\$ Manually Operated Shear Gate with Provisions for Future Hydraulic Float System	18	200	100	100	13	0	87	0	0.071	10.751
R-6 (Contract	Edgewater Street 4-A) North of Sylvaton Terrace	Manually Operated	2	0	N/A	N/A	0	0	100	0	0.003	10.758
R-7	Lynhurst Avenue & Edgewater Street	2'-0" X 1'-0" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	326	5,900	200	100	67	0	17	16	2.213	17.268
R-8	Edgewater Street North of Camden Street	12" ∮ Manually Operated Shear Gate	50	600	0	100	39	0	61	0	0.197	18.372

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

Regu-			E CHARACTER				-		ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfali	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
R-2 (CONT. 4-A)	12" Ø VP BR INT	BR INT	**		••			**	To Be Constructed	38
R-3 (CONT. 4-A)		30" Ø PRCP	6'-4" \$ RC & 12" \$ VP	6'-4" Ø RC	**	**	-12	••	To Be Constructed	38
R-4 (CONT. 4-A)	30" ∮ PRCP	30" Ø PRCP	10" Ø V P & 12" Ø	10" Ø VP	10" Ø VP	Upper New York Bay			To Be Constructed	38
R-5 (CONT. 4-A)	30" Ø PRCP	30" Ø PRCP	18" Ø VP	15" ∮ VP	18" ¢ VP	Upper New York Bay			To Be Constructed	38
R-6 (CONT. 4-A)	30" Ø PRCP	12"Ø BR INT To 30" Ø PRCF	12" Ø	16"· Ø VP	16" Ø VP	Upper New York Bay	en 1	100	To Be Constructed	39
R-7	30" ¢ PRCP	24" Ø BR INT TO 36" Ø PRCP	TWIN 3'-6" x 6'-4" RC 20" Ø VP	TWIN 3'-6" X 6'-4" RC	TWIN 3'-6" x 6'-4" RC	Upper New York Bay			To Be Constructed	39
R-8	36" Ø PRCP	42" ∮ PRCP	Two 18" \$ VP & 24" \$ PRCF	36" Ø PRCP	36" Ø PRCP	Upper New York Bay	**		To Be Constructed	39

TABLE 8 - PORT RICHMOND TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

	77		STATE	EN ISLAND, N	EW YORK						2507000	
Regulator Number	Location	Type	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residentia	Populatio			cent I		oth.	Trunk Line MDWP (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
inches ex	Docavion	1790	Theres	Mediacher	BOTATIO	110001000	iteo.	0001	2100	0011.	(619)	(010)
R-9	Stapleton Terminal East of Norwood Avenue	1'-0" X 1'-0" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	72	1,100	100	100	83	C	17	o	0.325	21.554
3-10	Stapleton Terminal East of United States Marine Hospital	Manually Operated Shear Gate with Provisions for Future Hydraulic System	992 (Combined	12,200 Data For Re		3,200 R-10, R-11:	81 R-12 & R-	3 -13)	Ü	16	3.206	52.212
R-11	Stapleton Terminal East of Dock Street	12" \$\\ \text{Manually Operated} \\ \text{Shear Cate} \\ \text{with Provisions} \\ \text{for Future Hydraulic} \\ \text{System} \end{align*}										
R-12	Thompson Street West of Front Street	12" Ø Namually Operated Shear Gate										
R-13	Canal Street West of Front Street	2'-6" X 2'-6" Studee Gate With Hydraulic Float System										
H-14	Water Street West of Front Street	12" # Manually Operated Shear Gate	43	200	100	100	24	69	7	o	0.063	52.532

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

	Regu-	12.000		E CHARACTER						PECTION DATA	Figure No.
	Number	Upstream	Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
	R-9	42" Ø FRCP	18" Ø BR INT To 42" Ø PRCP	48" Ø PRCP	48" Ø PRCP	48" Ø PRCP	Upper New York Bay		227	To Be Constructed	39
	R-10	42" Ø PRCP	12" Ø VP BR INT To 42" Ø PRCP	16" Ø VP	16" Ø VP	16" Ø VP	Upper New York Bay	**		To Be Constructed	39
_	R-11	42° Ø PRCP	12" Ø VP BR INI To 42" Ø PRCP	3'-6" X 2'-4" BRICK EGG-SHAPED	3'-6" X 2'-4" BRICK EGG-SHAPED	3'-6" X 2'-4" BRICK EGG-SHAPED	Upper New York Bay	**	***	To Be Constructed	39
179	R-12	42" Ø PRCP	12" Ø BR INT To 42" Ø PRCF	N/A	10" Ø To R-13	-	-	**		To Be Constructed	39
	R-13	42" Ø PRCP	60" Ø PRCP	TWIN 4'-0" X 9'-5" RC & 36" Ø & 12" Ø VP & 15" Ø VP	TWIN 4'-0" X 9'-5" RC & 36" Ø	TWIN 4'-0" X 9-5" RC & 36" Ø	Upper New York Bay		-	To Be Constructed	39
	R-14	60" Ø PRCP	12" Ø BR INT TO 60" Ø PRCP	N/A	15" Ø To R-13	••	**			To Be Constructed	39

TABLE 8 - PORT RICHMOND TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

				zuzuw, nzw	20341						Trunk	Interceptor
Regulator			Drainage Area		Populatio	n	Pay	cent I	and Us	-	Line	Design
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential			Res.	Com.		Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
R-15	Stapleton Terminal East of Baltic Street	1'0"xl'-0" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	239	3,300	100	100	57	0	43	0	1.006	56.620
R-16	Murray Bulbert Avenue South of Victory Boulevard	2'-6"2'-6" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	464	13,000	1,700	1,500	84	4	6	6	3.237	76.544
R-17	Victory Boulevard East of Murray Hulbert Avenue	***	2	0	N/A	N/A	0	35	65	0	0.002	76.602
R-18	Hamilton Avenue & Richmond Terrace	18"x12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulis Float System	36	1,500	1,500	1,000	32	68	0	0	0.379	80,520
R-19	Saint Peters Place & Richmond Terrace	18"x12" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	61	3,200	3,100	2,100	92	0	0	8	0.805	86.600
R-20	Jersey Street & Richmond Terrace	18"x18" Sluice Gate with Hydraulic Float System	138	7,300	0	0	93	0	7	0	1.662	91.938
R-21	Franklin Avenue & Richmond Terrace	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	33	900	0	0	76	0	24	0	0.231	92.884
R-22	&	12" Ø Shear Gate with Hydraulic Float System	46	1,500	0	0	79	0	21	0	0.351	94.442

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

Regu-			E CHARACTER						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass	100 200	Receiving	Value -	Operable	the second secon	for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
R-15	60" Ø PRCP	66" Ø PRCP	TWIN 6'-2" X 3'-6" RC 15" Ø VP	TWIN 6'-2" X & 3'-6" RC & 15" Ø VP	TWIN 6'-2' X 3-6" RC & 15" Ø VP	Upper New York Bay	***	***	To Be Constructed	39
R-16	36" Ø PRCP	36" Ø PRCP	2'-0" Ø RC & 12" Ø VP	2'-0" Ø RC	2'-0" Ø RC	Upper New York Bay			To Be Constructed	39
R-17	**	36" Ø PRCP	72" Ø BRICK	72" Ø BRICK	72" ¢ BRICK	Upper New York Bay			To Be Constructed	39
R-18	78" Ø	24" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 78" Ø	15" Ø VP & 24" Ø PRCP	30" Ø	1'-10" x 2'-9*	Upper New York			Under Construction	39
R-19	78" \$	24" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 78" Ø	30" Ø	30" Ø	30" Ø	Upper New York Bay	**	851	Under Construction	39
₹-20	78" ¢	36" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 78" Ø	4'-6"X 6'-0" FTRC	4°-6"X 6'-0" FTRC	4'-6"X 6'-0" FTRC	Kill Van Kull		553	Under Construction	39
R-21	78" Ø	15" Ø BR INT To 78" Ø	6" ø	6" ∅	6" Ø	Kill Van Kull			Under Construction	39
R-22	78" Ø	12" Ø VP BR INT To 78" Ø	24" Ø VP	24" Ø VP	24" Ø VP	Kill Van Kull	••	**	Under Construction	39

TABLE 8 - PORT RICHMOND TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

					,						(2) 177(0)	W
			Drainage				80				Truns	Intercepto Design
Regulator			Area	T I	opulation		Per	cent I	Land Us	ie	MOWF	Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Translent	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
8-23	Richmond Terrace	13., à	72	1,300	200	200	48	0	10	42	0.322	96.062
	Clintca Avenue	Shear Cate With Hydraulic Float System										
R-24	Tysen Street & Richmond Terrace	D.version Chamber (Weir)	20	700	0	С	68	0	8	24	0.152	96.676
R-25	Richmond Terrace West of Tysen Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	В	100	N/A	N/A	100	0	0	0	6.039	96.958
R-26	Richmond Terrace West of Tysen Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	12	100	100	100	100	0	0	0	0.051	97.186
R-27	Richmond Terrace & Sailors Smug Harbor	18" x 12" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	33	100	N/A	N/A	100	G	0	0	0.071	97.400
R-28	Kissel Avenue	18" x 12"	292	5,200	700	500	88	0	0	12	1.418	103.732
	& Richmond Terrace	Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System										
R-20	Bard Avenue	12" # Shear Gate With Hydraulic	125	3,200	0	0	91	0	5	h	0.801	106.796
	Richmond Terrace	Float System										
R-30	Davis Avenue & Richmond Terrace	Diversion Chamber (Weir)	72	1,700	0	o	96	0	4	0	0.433	108.794

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

				RISTICS						Figure No.
lator	Intercep		Trunk	By-Pass	- W. 1976 L. R	Receiving		Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
R-23	78" Ø	78" ø	36" Ø BRICK	36° Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	Kill Van Kull	**	(**)	Under Construction	40
R-24	**	18" Ø VP Br. INT To R-25	20" Ø	20" Ø	20" Ø	Kill Van Kull		••	Under Construction	40
R-25	**	18" Ø VP BR INT TO R-26	15" ø	15" Ø	15" Ø	Kill Van Kull	**	**	Under Construction	40
R-26		18" Ø VP BR INT TO R-27	24" Ø	24" Ø	24" Ø	Kill Van Kull			Under Construction	4C
R-27	78" ∮	24" Ø	15" Ø	18" Ø VP BR INT Fr R-26 & 15" Ø		Kill Van Kull		**	Under Construction	40
R-28	78" ø	24" Ø	20° ø	20" Ø	50" ¢	Kill Van Kull	**	(##)	Under Construction	40
R-29	78" Ø	18" Ø VP BR INT TO 78" Ø	8" Ø VP & 18" Ø VI	18" Ø VP	18" Ø VP	Kill Van Kull		·	Under Construction	40
R- 30		24" Ø BR INT TO 78" Ø	21" Ø	12" ø	12" ø	Kill Van Kull		••	Under Construction	40

TABLE 8 - PORT RICHMOND THEATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

			Drainage	STATEN ISLAN	D, NEW YO	RK					Trunk Line	Intercepto Design
Regulator			Area		opulation	1	Per	cent 1	and U		MDWF	Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential			Res.	Com.	Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
R-31	Elizabeth Avenue & Richmond Terrace	12" Ø Shear Cate With Hydraulic Float System	5	100	0	0	82	0	18	0	0.028	109.510
R-32	Bement Avenue & Richmond Terrace	12" Ø Shear Gate With Hydraulic Float System	206	5,200	100	0	98	0	2	0	1.312	114.650
			- 47									
R-33	Broadway & Richmond Terrace	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Ploat System	178	4,700	100	100	87	0	13	0	1.187	119.4;8
R- 34	Richmond Terrace East of Taylor Street	18" x 18" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	177	6,200	N/A	N/A	86	6	8	0	1.471	125.312
R-35	Bodine Street & Richmond Terrace	21" x 40 3/4" Slutce Gate With Mechanical Float System	1,575 (Combined	N/A Data for Regul	N/A Lators R-	N/A 35, R-36 & R-3	65 7)	5	10	20	N/A	N/A
R-36	Rector Street	Diversion Chamber (Weir) &										
	Rienmond Terrace	Tidegate Chamber										
2.22	1000	-av 15- 20 10										
R-37	Richmond Avenue North of Richmond Terrace	Diversion Chamber (Weir)										

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

Regu-			CHARACTER!						ECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept	tor Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
R-31	78 * ø	12" ¢ VP BR INT To 84" ø	12" Ø VP Inside 36" Ø CONC	12" Ø VP Inside 36" Ø CONC	12" Ø VP Inside 36" Ø CONC	Kill Van Kull	**	**	Under Construction	40
R-32	84" Ø	18" Ø VP BR INT TO 84" Ø	12" Ø VP	12" Ø VP	12" Ø VP	Kill Van Kull	**	••	Under Construction	40
R-33	84" ø	24" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 84" Ø	6" Ø CI & 15" Ø VP	15" Ø VP	15" Ø VP	Kill Van Kull			Under Construction	40
R-34	84" ø	18" Ø DROP LINE To 84" Ø	12" Ø VP	18" Ø VP	20" ø	Kill Van Kull	**	**	Under Construction	40
R-35	72" Ø	72" Ø	16" Ø	16" Ø CI	16" Ø	Kill Van Kull	11-29-71	Yes		40
R- 36	54" Ø	72" Ø	36" ø	4'-0" x 9'-0"	4'0" x 9'-0"	Kill Van Kull	11-29-71	Yes		40
R-37	54" Ø	15" Ø BR INT TO 54" Ø	TWIN 16" Ø CI	TWIN 16" ø CI	TWIN 16" Ø CI	Kill Van Kull	11-29-71	No	Grit and debris block- ing flow to interceptor	40

TABLE 8 - PORT RICHMOND TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

Intercentor

200000000000000000000000000000000000000			Drainage		econ programme						Line	Design	
Regulator			Area	State State Section 1	opulation		Per	cent L	and Us	16	MDWF	Capacity	
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)	

NOTES FOR TABLE 8:

- Regulator Data taken from regulator detail sheets (for regulators R-1 (Contract 2) through R-5 (Contract 2): 1966; for regulator R-1 (Contract 4-A) through R-6 (Contract 4-A) and regulators R-7 through R-34: 1970; for regulators R-35 through R-38: 1950) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.
- Drainage Area Data boundaries and acreage taken from maps and data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.
- Population Data from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for regulators R-1 (Contract 2) through R-6 (Contract 2); for the year 1960; for the remaining regulators: for the year 1965).
- Land Use Data for regulators R-1 (Contract 2) through R-6 (Contract 2): estimated from Land Use Policy Maps in Plan for New York City, A Proposal1969, Volume 6-Staten Ialand prepared by the New York City Planning Commission.

 for the remaining regulators: calculated from data (1966) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Nater Resources and Water Pollution Control.
- Hydraulic Data taken from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 1965).

TABLE 8 - (Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTER	ISTICS				INSF	TECTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercept	or Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator

NOTES FOR TABLE 8 (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sewer Line Maps of Staten Island.

Inspection Data - according to telephone conversation on June 2, 1972 with the Acting Chief of the Division of Flant Operations, New York City
Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control, regulator R-5 (Contract 2)
and R-37 have been placed into operable condition and regulator R-3 (Contract 2) is being repaired.

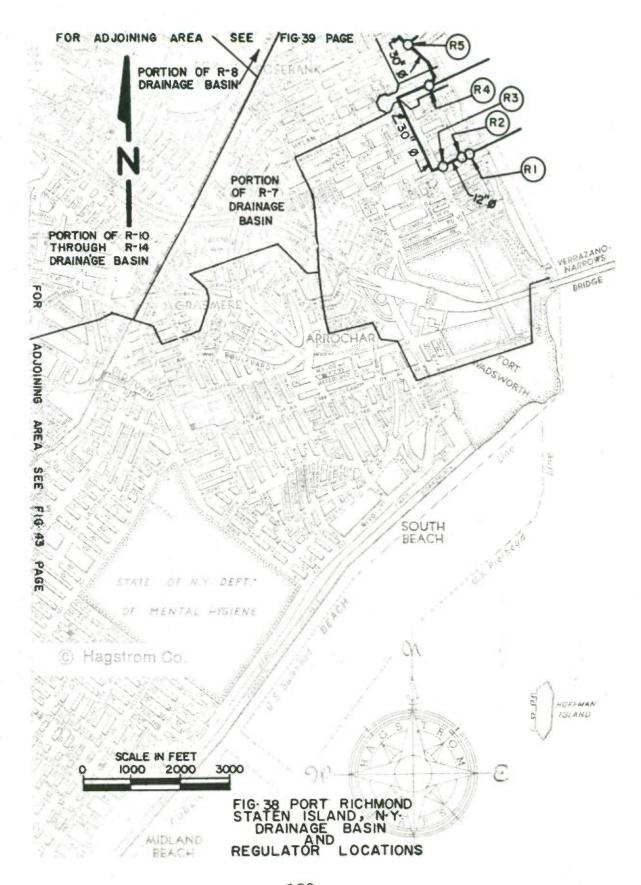
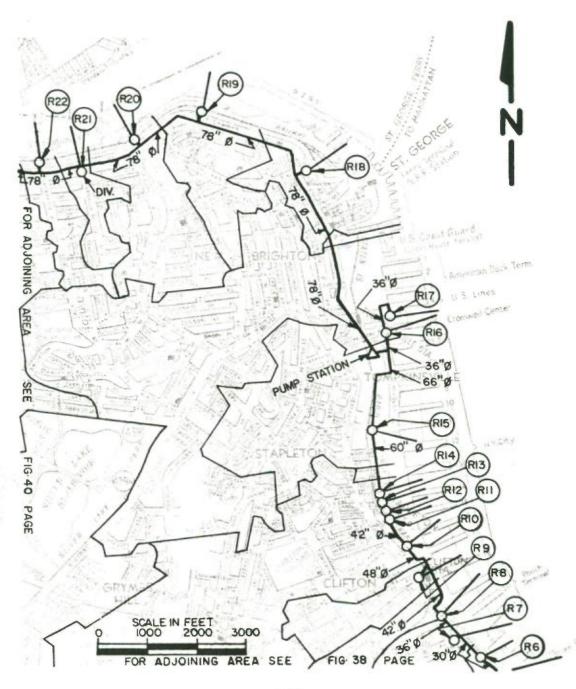
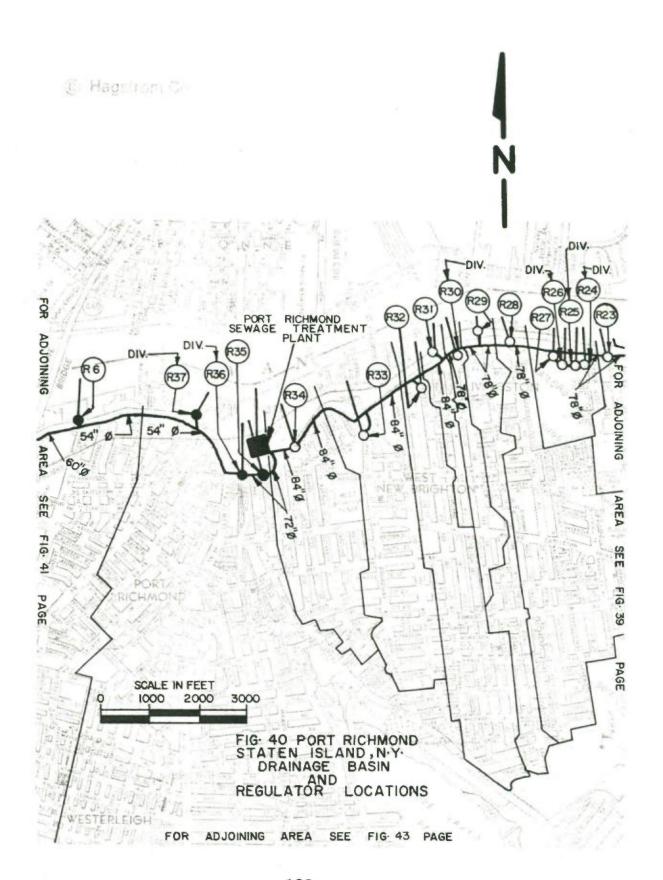
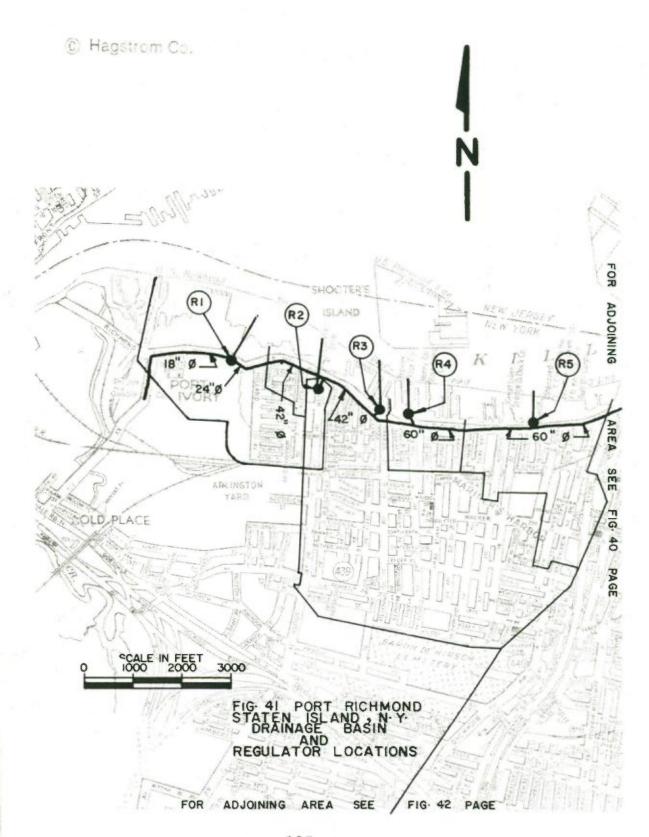
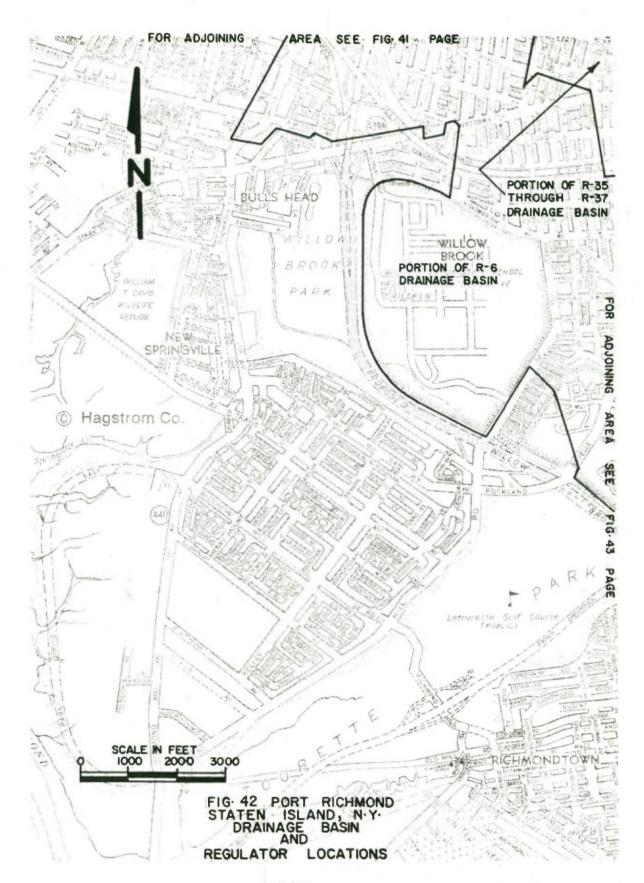


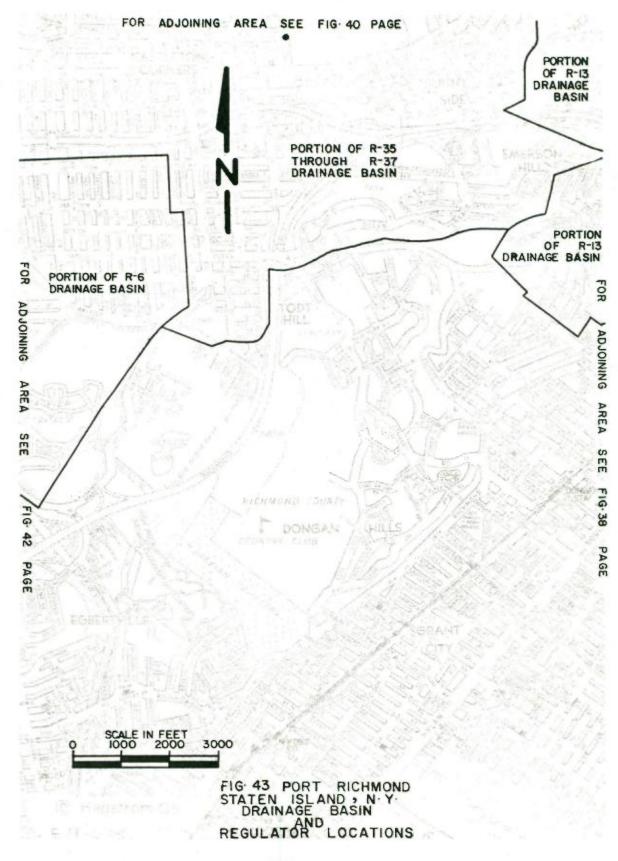
FIG-39 PORT RICHMOND STATEN ISLAND, N.Y. DRAINAGE BASIN AND REGULATOR LOCATIONS











SECTION XIV

RED HOOK SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN, BROOKLYN, N.Y.

The drainage area for the proposed Red Hook Treatment Plant will consist of a sewage system containing twenty-four regulator structures. Nine will consist of sluice gates with hydraulic float systems, nine will be manually actuated shear or sluice gates, two will have sluice gates with mechanical float systems, three will be simple tide or diversion chambers and one will be a manually operated shear gate with provisions for a future hydraulic system. These regulators are all to be constructed and as such no field inspections were conducted in this drainage area.

Additional information regarding the regulators within this drainage area is found in Table 9 and Figures 44 through 45.

TABLE 9 - RED HOOK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

TOTAL COLOR S	9,479,4	Total Control of	September 1
BROOKL	E Di .	23	T C BICK

			Drainage								Trunk	Interceptor Design
Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Area (Acres)	Residential	Population Working	Translent	Per Res.	Com.	Ind.		(cfs)	(cfs)
R-1	Van Brunt Street South Of Reed Street	12" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	34	1,000	1,700	1,100	0	0	100	0	0.314	N/A
R-2	Wolcott & Ferris Streets	36" x 34" & 36" x 24" Sluice Cates With Independent Mechanical Float Systems	1,218	123,900	54,400	36,300	50	0	40	10	31.032	N/A
R-3	Sullivan Street West of Perris Street	12" \$\text{p} \text{Manually Operated} \text{Shear Gate}	6	100	300	200	50	0	40	10	0.029	N/A
R-4	Ferris & King Streets	12" Ø Namually Operated Shear Gate With Provisions for Future Hydraulic System	10	200	400	300	50	0	40	10	0.060	N/A
R-5	Pioneer & Conover Streets	12" Ø Mamually Operated Shear Gate	10	200	300	200	5	0	95	0	0.070	N/A
R-6	Verona Street West of Imlay Street	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	6	200	300	200	5	0	95	0	0.059	B/A
R-7	Commerce Street West of Imlay Street	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	6	200	300	200	5	0	95	0	0.220	N/A

TABLE 9 - (Continued)

	Regu-		LINE SIZE	CHARACTER	ISTICS					CTION DATA	Figure No.
	lator	Intercepto	or Line	Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
	Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
	R-1		15" Ø VP BR INT To 60" Ø Hor. Ellip. PRCP	30" Ø BRICK	30" Ø BRICK	30" Ø BRICK	Buttermilk Channel			To Be Constructed	lada
	R-2	100	60" \$ Hor. Ellip. PRCP	72" Ø BRICK & 30" Ø PRCP	72" Ø BRICK	72" Ø BRICK	Buttermilk Channel			To Be Constructed	ža žą
203	R-3		15" Ø BR INT TO 60" Ø Hor. Ellip. PRCP	15" Ø BRICK & 6" Ø VP	15" Ø BRICK	15" Ø BRICK	Buttermilk Channel			To Be Constructed	łą.lą
ω	R-4	385	BR INT TO 60" Ø Hor. Ellip.	36" Ø BRICK	36° Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	Buttermilk Channel		••	To Be Constructed	hh
	R-5	60" Ø Hor. Ellip PRCP	15" Ø BR INT TO 60" Ø HOT. ELLIP. PRCP	15" Ø & 24" Ø & 12" Ø	30" ∮ BRICK	30" Ø BRICK	Buttermilk Channel		575	To Be Constructed	44
	R-6	60" Ø Hor. Ellip PRCP	15" \$\vec{\phi}\$ BR INT TO 60" \$\vec{\phi}\$ Hor. Ellip PRCP	24" ø	54" Ø	24" ø	Buttermilk Channel	••		To Be Constructed	à.la
	R-7	60" Ø Hor. Ellip PRCP	15" Ø BR INT TO 60" Ø Hor.	24" Ø Ellip. PRC	24" Ø	24" Ø	Buttermilk Channel		**	To Be Constructed	44

TABLE 9 - RED HOCK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

DDOOMT	SPM	BENCH P	VADV

											-	
Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area (Acres)				Per Res.	Com.			Line MDWF (cfs)	Interceptor Design Capacity (cfs)
R-8	Bowne Street West of Imlay Street	12" Ø Manually Operated Sluice Cate	11	300	400	300	5	0	95	0	0.097	N/A
R-9	Hamilton Avenue & Ferry Place	14" x 14" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	51.	3,600	600	400	30	0	70	0	0.928	N/A
R-9A	Sackett Street & Perry Place	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	7	700	300	200	10	0	90	0	0.162	N/A
R-10	Degrain & Van Brunt Streets	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	7	500	400	200	15	0	80	5	0.248	N/A
R-11	Kane & Van Brunt Streets	18" x 12" Sluice Gate With Mechanical Float System	50	2,000	700	500	0	0	100	0	0.520	R/A
R-12	Amity & Columbia Streets	\$2" x 24" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic System	259	35,000 1	1,700	7,800	50	10	40	0	8.027	n/a
	R-8 R-9 R-9A R-10	R-8 Bowne Street West of Imlay Street R-9 Hamilton Avenue & Ferry Place R-9A Sackett Street & Ferry Place R-10 Degrain & Van Brunt Streets R-11 Kane & Van Brunt Streets R-12 Amity & Columbia	R-8 Bowne Street West of Manually Operated Imlay Street R-9 Hamilton Avenue & Sluice Gate With Ferry Place R-9A Sackett Float System R-9A Sackett Ferry Place Buiversion & Tide Gate Chambers R-10 Degrain & Tide Gate Ferry Place R-10 Degrain & Tide Gate Chambers R-10 Degrain & Tide Gate Chambers R-10 R-10 Degrain & Tide Gate Ferry Place R-10 Degrain & Tide Gate Chambers R-10 R-10 R-10 Amily & Tide Gate With Mechanical Float System R-12 Amity & Tide Gate With Mechanical Float System R-12 Amity & Tide Gate With Mechanical Float System	Regulator Number Location Type Area (Acres) R-8 Bowne Street 12" West of Manually Operated Sluice Gate R-9 Hamilton 14" x 14" 51 Avenue & Sluice Cate With Ferry Place Hydraulic Float System R-9A Sackett Diversion & 7 Street & Tide Cate Chambers R-10 Degrain & 12" Van Brunt Manually Operated Shear Cate R-11 Kane & 18" x 12" 50 Van Brunt Sluice Gate With Hydraulic R-12 Amity & 42" x 24" 259 Sluice Gate With Hydraulic	Regulator Number Location Type Type Residential R-8 Bowne Street West of Manually Operated Sluice Gate R-9 Hamilton Avenue & Sluice Gate With Ferry Place Hydraulic Float System R-9A Sackett Ferry Place Chambers R-10 Degrain & 12" \$\phi\$ Van Brunt Streets Shear Cate R-11 Kane & 18" x 12" Yan Brunt Streets With Mechanical Float System R-12 Amity & \$2" x 24" Sluice Gate Streets With Hydraulic R-12 Amity & \$2" x 24" Sluice Gate Streets With Hydraulic R-12 Amity & \$2" x 24" Sluice Gate Streets With Hydraulic R-12 Amity & \$2" x 24" Sluice Gate Streets With Hydraulic	Regulator Number Location Type Area Acres Population Residential Working	Regulator Rumber Location Type Acres Residential Working Translent	Regulator Rumber Location Type Area Area Population Pen Residential Working Translant Res.	Regulator Rumber Location Type Area Residential Working Translent Res. Com.	Regulator Rumber Location Type Area Residential Morking Transient Res. Com. Ind.	Regulator Location Type Area Residential Working Transient Res. Com. Ind. Oth.	Regulator Location Type Area Population Percent Land Use MDMF

TABLE 9 - (Continued)

	Regu-	_		CHARACTER			arana arang arang a			CCTION DATA	Figure No.
	Number	Intercepto Upstream	r Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulator
	R-8	60" Ø Hor. Ellip PRCP	15" Ø BR INT TO 60" Ø Hor. Ellip. PRCP	24ª Ø	24" ø	24" Ø	Buttermilk Channel			To Be Constructed	44
	R-9	60" Ø Hor. Ellip. FRCP	21" Ø BR INT TO 66" Ø PRCP	6'-0" x 7'-3" ERICK & 15" Ø ER INT From R-9A	6'-0" x 8'-6" BRICK	6'-0" x 8'-6" BRICK	Buttermilk Channel	-		To Be Constructed	laka
205	R-9A		15" Ø BR INT TO 66" Ø PRCP	4°-0° Ø	4'-0" ø CI	4'-0" Ø	Buttermilk Channel		**	To Be Constructed	lak
.7X	R-10		15" Ø BR INT TO 66" Ø PRCP	TWO 12" Ø & 15" Ø VP	18" Ø	18" ∅	Buttermilk Channel	•	-	To Be Constructed	. 44
	R-11	66" Ø PRCP	24" Ø BR INT TO 66" Ø PRCP	18" Ø & 54" BGG- SHAFED BRICK	54" ECG- SHAPED BRICK	54° egg- shaped erick	East River		** 12 1	To Be Constructed	24
	R-12	102" Ø Hor. Ellip.	108" Ø PRCP	90" Ø	8'-6" x 8'-6" FTRC	8'-6" x 8'-6" FTRC	East River	••		To Be Constructed	1 44

TABLE 9 - RED HOOK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

	(23992010.7			Drainage		29444000		1200	nu i je			Trunk Line	Interceptor Design
	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
	R-13	Atlantic Avenue West of Columbia Street	12" x 12" Manually Operated Sluice Gate	10	400	1,000	700	60	10	20	10	0.136	H/A
	R-14	Joralemon Street West of Furman Street	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	2	0	300	200	0	0	100	0	0.015	b/A
206	R-15	Montague Street West of Furman Street	18" x 12" Sluice Gate With Hydraulic Float System	36	5,700	1,000	700	50	10	38	2	1.283	N/A
03	R-16	Furman & Orange Streets	12" x 12" Sluice Cate With Hydraulic Float System	12	100	1,200	800	60	10	15	15	0.074	N/A
	R-17	Pulton & Purman Streets	18" x 30" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	131	10,400	19,100	12,700	60	10	15	15	2.967	N/A
	R-18	Main & Plymouth Streets	18" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	13	100	3,900	2,600	10	0	80	10	0.141	N/A
	R-18 A	Washington & Plymouth Streets	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	21	200	3,300	2,200	10	0	80	10	1.221	N/A

TABLE 9 - (Continued)

Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTER						CTION DATA	Figure No.
lator	Intercep		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Locatio
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulato
R-13	108" \$	12" Ø VP BR INT TO 108" Ø	24" Ø	24" Ø	24" Ø	East River	••	144	To Be Constructed	I ₀ J ₀
R-14	108" ø	12" Ø VP BR INT TO 108" Ø PRCP	18" Ø VP	18" Ø	18" Ø VP	East River		-	To Be Constructed -	žąžą
R-15	108" ø	24" Ø PRCP BR INT TO 108" Ø PRCP	4*-0" x 4*-0" FTRC	4'-0" x 4'-0" FTRC	4°-0" x 4°-0" FIRC	East River			To Be Constructed	44
R-16	108" ø	108" Ø	TWO 15" Ø VP	18" Ø VP	18* Ø VP	East River			To Be Constructed	J _k J _k
R-17	108" Ø Tunnel	42° Ø BR INT To 108° Ø Tunnel	6'-0" x 6'-0" FTRC & 18" Ø VP	6'-0" x 6'-0" FIRC	6'-0" x 6'-0" FIRC	East River			To Be Constructed	àh
R-18	108" Ø Tunnel	24" Ø BR INT To 108" Ø Tunnel	24" Ø BRICK & 24" Ø RC FROM R-18 A	36" Ø RC	36" Ø RC	East River	(1880)		To Be Constructed	hb.
R-18 A	275	24" Ø RC TO REG. R-18	36" Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	East River			To Be Constructed	âş âş

TABLE 9 - RED HOCK TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)

BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Regulator			Drainage Area	1	Population		Per	rcent I	and Us	ie .	Trunk Line MDWP	Interceptor Design Capacity
Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
R-19	John & Adams Streets	12" Ø Manually Operated Shear Gate	3	O	600	400	0	0	100	0	0.025	N/A
R-19 A	John & Pearl Streets	Diversion & Tide Gate Chambers	47	600	5,700	3,800	15	0	85	0	0.551	N/A
R-20	Gold & Plymouth Streets	TWO 36" x 40" Sluice Gates with Hydraulic Float Systems	963	114,400	78,700	52,500	40	20	35	5	28.421	N/A
R-21	Hudson & Plymouth Streets	12" x 12" Sluice Cate with Hydraulic Float System	17	0	1,200	800	0	0	100	0	0.087	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 9:

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1970) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries determined from Existing Sewer Line Map of Brooklyn. Acreage taken from data (1962) supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control.

Population Data - from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 2000).

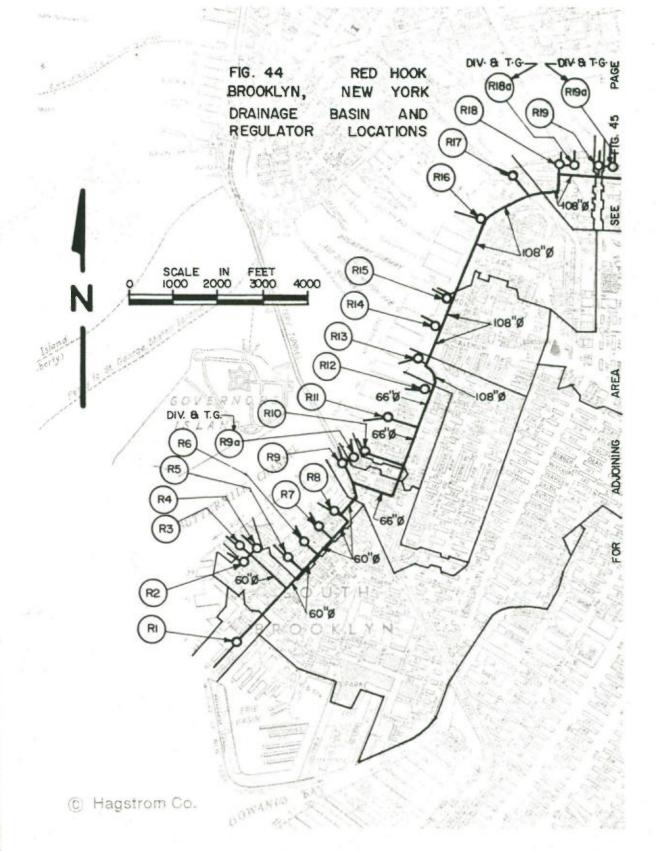
Land Use Data - estimated from Land Use Policy Maps in Plan for New York City, A Proposal-1969, Volume 3-Brooklyn prepared by the New York City Planning Commission.

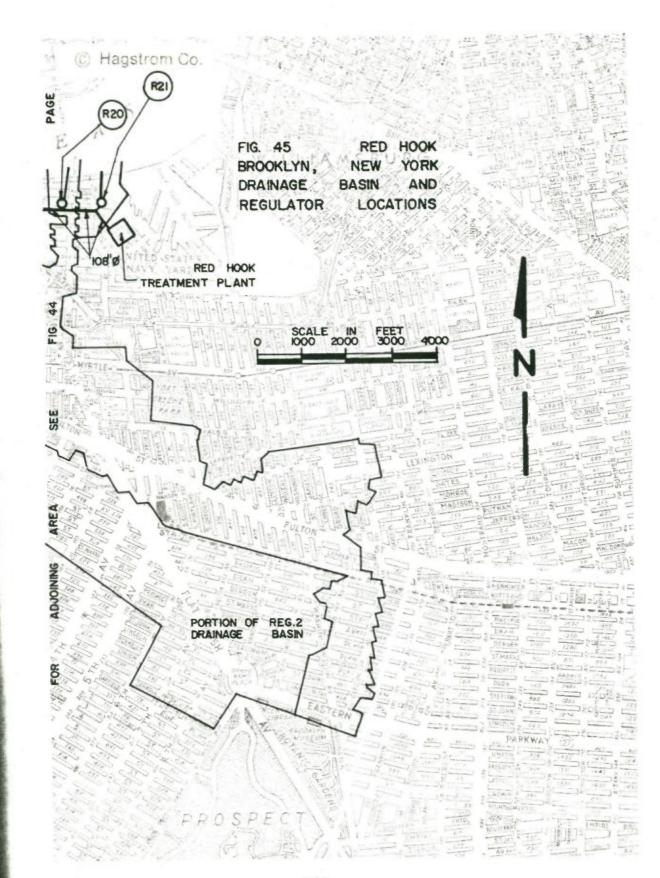
Hydraulic Data - taken from data supplied by New York City Environmental Protection Administration, Division of Water Resources and Water Pollution Control (for the year 2000).

Regu-		LINE SIZ	E CHARACTER	ISTICS				INSPE	CTION DATA	Figure No.
lator Number	Intercept Upstream	or Line Downstream	Trunk Line	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location of Regulato
R-19	108" Ø Tunnel	108" \$\psi BR INT To 108" \$\psi Tunnel	15" Ø BRICK & 18" Ø VP FROM R-19A	15" Ø BRICK	15" Ø BRICK	East River			To Be Constructed	hl
R-19 A	***	18" Ø VP To REG R-19	36" Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	36" Ø BRICK	East River		**	To Be Constructed	lala
R-20	108" Ø Tunnel	6'-0" x 7'-0" FTRC BR INT To 108" Ø Tunnel	13'-6" Ø BRICK	13'-6" Ø BRICK	13'-6" Ø BRICK	East River		-	To Be Constructed	45
R-21.	108" Ø Tunnel	18" Ø VP BR INT TO 108" Ø	4'-6" x 7'-3" BRICK & 18" Ø	4'-6" x 7'-3" BRICK	4'-6" x 7'-3" BRICK	East River		-	To Be Constructed	+ 45

NOTES FOR TABLE 9 (CONTINUED):

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sewer Line Maps of Brooklyn.





SECTION XV

YONKERS JOINT MEETING SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

DRAINAGE BASIN, YONKERS, N.Y.

The sewage system for Yonkers Joint Meeting drainage basin consists of eighteen regulators. Fourteen regulators are mechanical float actuated, three regulators are electrically operated, and one regulator has a stationary weir.

A special crew from the Yonkers Department of Public Works is used to inspect and maintain the regulators on a routine basis.

During the field inspection by the Commission, five of the regulators were found to be non-operable. According to a follow-up telephone conversation with the Chief of Regulator Maintenance, Westchester County Department of Environmental Facilities, repair work is continuing on those regulators which are inoperable.

Additional information regarding the regulators within this drainage area is found in Table 10 and Figures 46 through 47.

TABLE 10 - YONKERS TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN

YONKERS, NEW YORK

	Regulator Number	Location	Туре	Drainage Area		Population		Percent Land Use				Trunk Line MDWP	Interceptor Design Capacity
				(Acres)	Residential	Working	Transient	Res.	Com.	Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
	1	W. of Lamartine Ave. & N. of Babcock Place (In Railroad Yd.	Stationary Cate with Mechanical Float Actuated 3.6" x 4.8" Moveable)Flume	300 (Combi	7,000 ned Data for	N/A Regulators	N/A 1,2&6)	70	5	15	10	N/A	N/A
	2	Lamartine Ave. West of Woodworth Ave.	Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System										
	3	Ashburton Ave. and Alexander St.	Stationary Cate with Mechanical Float Actuated 4,8" x 4.8" Moveable Flume	170 (Combi	4,000 ned Data for	N/A Regulators	N/A 3, 4 & 5)	70	5	20	5	N/A	N/A
2													
216	4	Ashburton Ave. East of Woodworth Ave.	Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System										
	5	Woodworth Ave. North of Ashburton Ave.	Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System										
	6	Ravine Ave. North of Lamartine Ave.	Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	(See R	(See Regulator 1 for Combined Data)								
	7	Warburton Ave. W. of Fire House (Near Railroad Tracks)	18" x 24" Sluice Gate with Electrically Operated Hydraulic System.	730	4,000	3/A	N/A	80	o	10	10	N/A	N/A

TABLE 10 - (Continued)

Regu-			LINE SIZ	E CHARACTE	RISTICS				Figure No.		
	lator	Intercept		Trunk	By-Pass		Receiving		Operable		for Location
	Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outfall	Waterway	Date	(Yes or No)	Comments	of Regulator
	1		50., å cī	48" Ø CI	48" ∮ СІ	48" Ø CI	Hudson River	6/7/72	Yes		ho
	5	66" Ø RC	16" Ø CI BR To 72" Ø RC	30" x 144" EGG SHAPED BRICK	30" x 44" EGG SHAPED BRICK	30" x 44" EGG SHAPED BRICK	Hudson River	6/7/72	No	Float Actuated Binged Gate Missing.	46
	3	50. Q CI	12" Ø CI BR INT To 24" Ø CI	12" Ø CI and 48" Ø BRICK	48" Ø BRICK	48" Ø BRICK	Hudson River	6/7/72	Yes		40
	la .	72" Ø RC	12" Ø CI BR INT To 72" Ø RC	24" x 36" EGG SHAPED BRICK	24" x 36" EGC SHAPED BRICK	24" x 36" ECG SHAPED BRICK	Hudson River	6/7/72	Yes	,	46
	5	72" Ø RC	10" Ø CI BR INT To 72" Ø RC	18" ∅	18" ø	48" Ø BRICK	Hudson River	6/7/72	Yes	***	46
	6	66" Ø RC	10" Ø CI BR INT TO 66" Ø RC	18" Ø VP	18" Ø VP	48" ¥	Hudson River	6/1/72	No	Needs Maintenauco.	46
	7	66" Ø RC	66" Ø RC	48" ø 31	48" Ø CI	48" Ø CI	Hudson River	6/7/72		Not Able to Locate.	47

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TABLE 10 - YONKERS TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued)
YONKERS, NEW YORK

	Regulator			Drainage Area	,	opulation		Par	rcent I	and Us		Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
	Number	Location	Туре	(Acres)	Residential	Working	Translent	Res.		Ind.	Oth.	(cfs)	(cfs)
	8	W. of 719 - Warburton Ave. (Near Railroad Tracks)	18" x 18" Sluice Gate with Electrically Operated Hydraulic System.	15	320	H/A	N/A	90	0	10	0	N/A	N/A
	9	Roberts Lane East of Railroad Tracks	Sluice Cate with Electrically Operated Hydraulic System	330	3,700	N/A	N/A	80	5	10	5	N/A	N/A
	10	Warburton Ave. South of Odell Ave.	Stationary Weir	200	1,500	N/A	N/A	40	5	15	40	N/A	N/A
218	11	Pier St. Between Bridge & Permbrook Sts.	Sluice Gate with Mechanical Float System	490 (Combi	15,400 med Data for I	N/A Regulators	N/A 11, 12 & 16)	60	15	10	15	N/A	N/A
	12	Pier Street West of Hawthorne Ave.	16" x 34-1/2" Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System										
	13	Ashton Road East of Sunnyside Dr.	16" x 27-1/2" Shear Cate with Mechanical Float System	180	6,100	N/A	N/A	60	15	10	15	H/A	N/A
	14	Herriot St. & Buena Vista	18" # Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	130	4,200	N/A	N/A	65	10	15	10	B/A	H/A

TABLE 10 - (Continued)

Regu-	LINE SIZE CHARACTERISTICS							Figure No.		
Number (tor Line	Trunk	By-Pass Line	Outfall	Receiving Waterway	Date	Operable (Yes or No)	Comments	for Location
Number	Upstream	Downstream	Line	Line	Outract	HAUCIWAJ	THEFE	(Tes or No)	Comments	
8	66" Ø RC	18" Ø CI BR INT TO 66" Ø RC	30" Ø CI	30" Ø CI	30" Ø CI	Hudson River	6/8/72	••	Not Able to Locate.	47
9	66" Ø RC	24" Ø CI BR INT TO 66" Ø RC	30" Ø CI	30" ∮ CI	30" Ø CI	Hudson River	6/7/72	No	Equipment Corroded. Cate Frozen in Open Position. Difficult Access.	47
10	60" Ø RC	12" Ø CI BR INT TO 60" Ø RC	4'-0" x 4'-0" x RC	4"-0"x 4"-0" RC	4'-0" x 4'-0"	Rudson River	6/7/72	Yes		. 47
11		14" Ø CI BR INT TO LUDLOW PUMP HOUSE	3'-1" x 3'-6" ECG SHAPED BRICK & 54" Ø BRICK	7°-0" x 4°-6" SEMI- CIRCULAR BRICK	7'-0" x 4'-6" SEMI- CIRCULAR BRICK	Rudson River	6/8/72	Yes		46
12		42" Ø CI BR INT	54" Ø BRICK	54" Ø BRICK	54" Ø BRICK	Rudson River	6/8/72	No	Hinged Gate Prozen in Open Position. No Connection Between Gate and Float.	46
13		30" Ø CI BR INT To 60" Ø RC	48" Ø BRICK	48" Ø BRICK	48" Ø BRICK	Rudson River	6/8/72	Yes	Difficult to Maintain Equipment Properly Because of Restricted Working Space.	46
14		20" Ø CI BR INT	3'-6" x 2'-7" EGG SHAPED BRICK	3'-6" x 2'-7" EGG SHAPED ERICK	3'-6" x 2'-7" EGG SHAPED ERICK	Rudson River	6/7/72	No	Equipment Corroded,	46

TABLE 10 - YONKERS TREATMENT PLANT DRAINAGE BASIN (Continued) YONKERS, NEW YORK

Regulator Number	Location	Type	Drainage Area (Acres)	Residential	opulation Working	Transient	_		Land Us	Total Control	Trunk Line MDWF	Interceptor Design Capacity
MINDEL	Location	Type	(Acres)	Vasidencier	BOLKLING	Transiene	Res.	COM.	Inu.	Och.	(cfs)	(cfs)
15	Main St. at Railrosa Tracks (Inside Pump Station)	Hinged Gate with Mechanical Float System	825	37,900	N/A	N/A	70	10	5	15	N/A	N/A
16	Hawthorne Ave. North of Pier Street	Stationary Gate with Mechanical Float Actuated Moveable Flume	(See R	egulator 11 fo	or Combine	d Data)						
17	New Main St. At Getty Square	36" Ø Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	(See R	egulator 15 fo	r Combine	d Data)						
18	Wells Ave. At Alexander Street	Hinged Cate with Mechanical Float System	80	1,000	N/A	N/A	65	10	10	15	N/A	N/A

NOTES FOR TABLE 10:

Regulator Data - taken from regulator detail sheets (1934) supplied by Westchester County Department of Environmental Facilities.

Drainage Area Data - boundaries taken from Existing Sever Line Map of Yonkers (1934) supplied by the City of Yonkers Engineering Office. Acreage calculated from Yonkers Census Tract Map supplied by the (Yonkers) City Planning Board.

Population Data - taken from Census Tract Map (for the year 1970) supplied by the (Yonkers) City Planning Board.

Land Use Data - estimated from map in Community Facility Plan adopted June, 1961 by the (Yonkers) City Planning Board.

Hydraulic Data - not available.

INSPECTION DATA

Figure No.

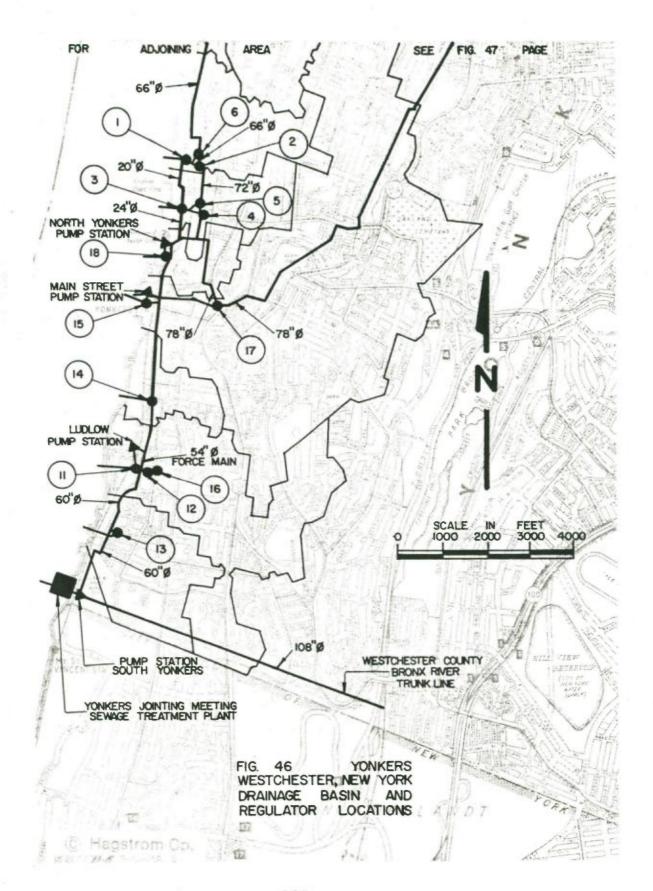
NOTES FOR TABLE 10 (CONTINUED):

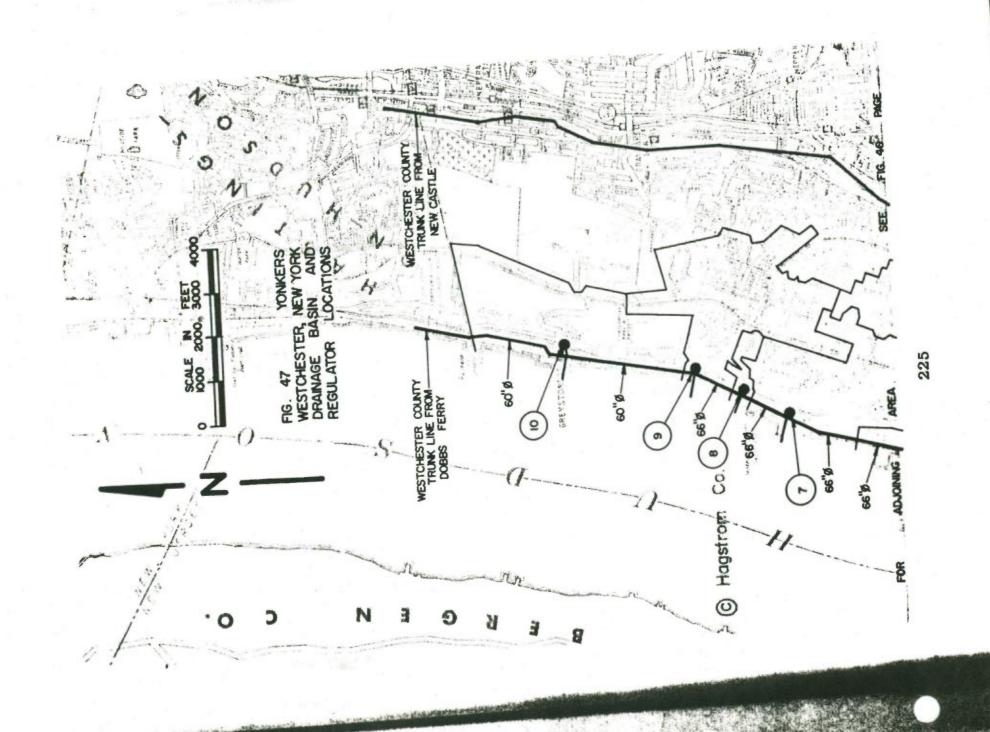
Regu-

Line Size Characteristics - taken from regulator detail sheets and Existing Sever Line Map of Yonkers.

LINE SIZE CHARACTERISTICS

Inspection Data - According to phone conversation of June 30, 1972 with Chief of Regulator Maintenance, Weschester County Department of Environmental Facilities, repair work is continuing on those regulators which are inoperable. Also, the two regulators which were not located during the field inspection, were said to be in similar condition as regulator 9.





SECTION XVI

REGULATOR SAMPLINGS AND ANALYSES

It is generally realized that the combined sewer overflows from regulators have an adverse impact upon receiving waters. Nevertheless, there appeared to be a lack of quantitative data within the Interstate Sanitation District to support this contention. Therefore, following inspection of the regulators, the Commission undertook a limited sampling and analysis study of two regulators. (Analyses of all samples were performed by laboratory methods specified in "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater", (2).) One regulator was located in the Bayonne Sewage Treatment Plant drainage and had a mean dry weather flow of approximately 5 MGD (Regulator No. 5). The other regulator (No. B-1) served the Newtown Creek Sewage Treatment Plant drainage basin and had a mean dry weather flow of approximately 50 MGD.

A land use map for Regulator No. 5 located at Ingham Avenue south of East 5th Street in Bayonne is shown on Figure 48, and the land use and demographic characteristics of the drainage basin for this regulator are shown in Table 11. The table shows that this drainage basin is approximately 50% residential and 30% industrial. A location plan of the regulator is shown in Figure 49. Figures 50-A and 50-B are photographs showing flows associated with the regulator.

A 24-hour dry weather sampling of regulator flow consisting of grab samples taken at 3-hour intervals was conducted on Wednesday, April 5, 1972. During this sampling period, no bypass was observed and no precipitation occurred. The regulator gate was fully open with flow variations noted on the field records. On Wednesday, April 12, 1972, a 12-hour dry weather grab sampling was undertaken at this regulator at 3-hour intervals. Again no bypassing was observed and no precipitation occurred during sampling. The analyses of the samples obtained are given in Tables 12 and 13 for April 5 and April 12, respectively.

The data developed is of interest in several respects. The time sequence of samples clearly shows a distinct variation of many of the parameter readings in the daytime compared to nighttime. For instance, the composite sample of the total suspended solids for the daytime period on April 5, 1972, (0900 to 2100) was 156 Mg/L while for the nighttime and early morning hours (2100 to 0900) it was 55 Mg/L (see Table 12). The daytime values on April 12, 1972, for suspended solids given in Table 13 for daylight hours are comparable to those presented in Table 12, although each of the samplings shows a large variability as a function of time.

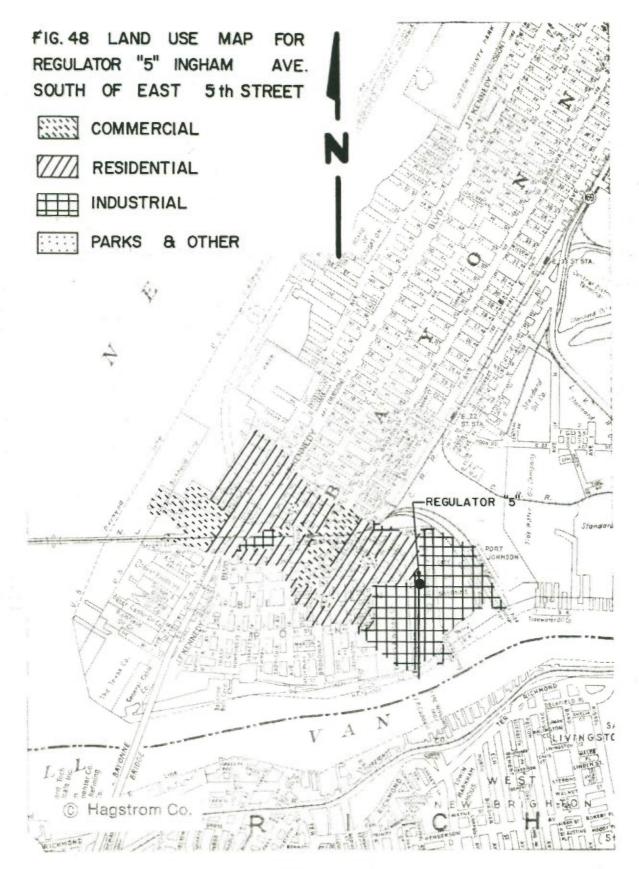


TABLE 11

LAND USE AND DEMOGRAPHIC

CHARACTERISTICS OF DRAINAGE BASIN

(Regulator 5 - Bayonne)

Population	10,760	(residential)
Area (Acres)	219.0	
Population Density	491	people/acre
Land Use		
% residential % commercial % industrial % other	50 15 30 5	
Streets		
Total Length (Miles)	9.36	
Estimated number of catch basins	175	

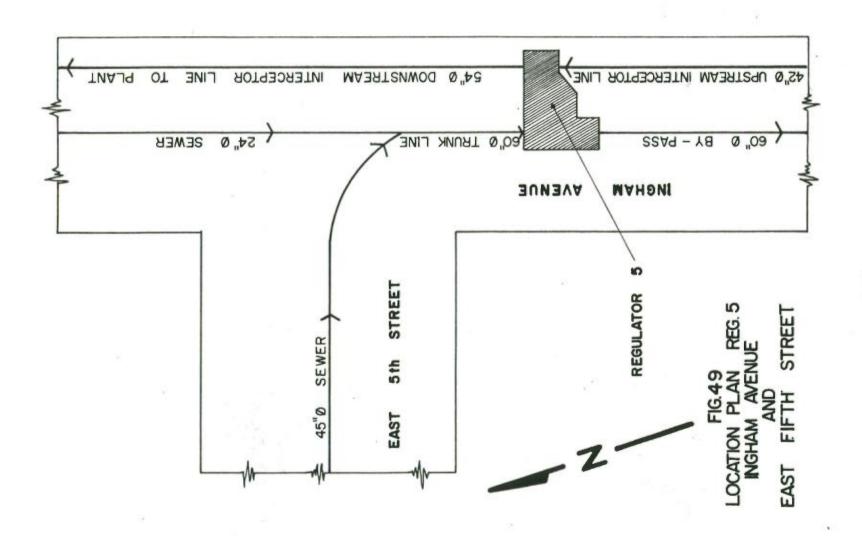




FIG. 50-A, TRUNK LINE FLOW TO REGULATOR CHAMBER AT REGULATOR 5, INGHAM AVENUE AND EAST 5TH STREET, BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY



FIG. 50-B, OUTFALL FOR REGULATOR 5, INGHAM AVENUE AND EAST 5TH STREET, BAYONNE, NEW JERSEY

TABLE 12 - REGULATOR 5, EAST 5th STREET AND INCHAM AVENUE

DRY WEATHER SAMPLING RESULTS FOR APRIL 4, 5, 1972

SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN WITHIN BAYONNE DRAINAGE AREA REGULATOR: 5

EAST 5TH STREET AND INGHAM AVENUE BAYONNE NEW JERSEY 07002

DISCHARGE WATERWAY: KILL VAN KULL I.S.C. WATER CLASSIFICATION: B2

DATE OF SAMPLING: 4/5/72 & 4/6/72 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN: 11

SAMPLED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION I.S.C. INVESTIGATION NUMBER: 8938

PARAMETER	POINT :		SAMPLE 3 POINT 1 4/5-1500	POINT 1 4/5-1800	SAMPLE 5 POINT 1 4/5-2100	POINT 1 4/5-0900 TO 2100
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	138		242	100	104	156
COLIFORM DENSITY	********	>100000	***********	>100000	***************************************	пининини
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	150			258	212	196
TEMPERATURE	16.0			14.0	15.0	MMMMMMMM
PH	7.8	8.2	7.7	7.6	7.2	10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20
CHLORIDES	163		224	146	143	165
TOTAL CARBON	20		30	13	20	22
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	1		30	13	15	17
OIL AND GREASE	**********	30.0	************	32.8	RHHKKHHH	HHHHHHHH
TURBIDITY (UNSETTLED SAMPLE)	91		590	93	85	********
TURBIDITY(SETTLED SAMPLE)	HEREKERN		20202222222	***************************************	XXXXXXXXX	**********
ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P	7.20		5.86	3.45	4.36	5.86
AMMONIA - N	16.40				10.60	12.30
MITRITE - N	0.5			0.12	0.18	0.30
NITRATE - N	0.5			0.22	0.45	0.56
COPPER	************	0.10	**********	0.10	XXXXXXXXXX	0.10
ZINC	ининини	0.10	HHHHHHHHH	0.12	никиники	0.18
CHROMIUM	*******	<0.05	ниижиких	<0.05	икининии	<0.05
LEAD	ининини	0.40	*******	0.20	жижижижи	0.40
NICKEL	mannannan.	<0.10	HHHHHHHHHH	<0.10	********	<0.10
CADMIUM	HHHHHHHHH	<0.02	***********	<0.02	HHERKKERE	<0.02
MANGANESE	HHHHHHHH	0.44	HHHHHHHH	0.48	*******	0.48
MERCURY	********	0.0350	***********	0.0030	**********	0.0270
SILVER	*********			<0.05	HHHHHHHHH	<0.05
COBALT	*********	<0.05	***********	<0.05	********	<0.05

TABLE 12 - (CONTINUED)

PARAMETER	SAMPLE 7 POINT 1 4/5-2400	SAMPLE 8 POINT 1 4/6-0300	SAMPLE 9 POINT 1 4/6-0600	SAMPLE 10 POINT 1 4/6-0900	SAMPLE 11 POINT 1 4/5-2100 TO 4/6-0900
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	98 38 *******	64 ******* ******	46 2 >100000	99 39 *******	55 20 *****
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND TEMPERATURE	78 10.7 6.4	35 10.0 7.1	11.0 7.3	168 12.1 7.6	185 ********
CHLORIDES TOTAL CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	2031	6409 8	882	314 16 16	1498 12 8
OIL AND GREASE	9.4 35	**************************************	5.6 23	**************************************	*********
ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P AMMONIA - N NITRITE - N	1.98 7.30 0.17	0.61 4.00 0.21	1.17 5.80 0.21	5.31 18.90 0.24	2.21 8.70 0.23
NITRATE - N	0.39 0.05 0.06	0.47 ********	0.67 0.02 0.06	0.56 *******	0.45 0.05 0.12
CHROMIUM	<0.05 0.20	HERRENE HERRE	<0.05 <0.20	*******	<0.05
NICKEL	<0.10 <0.02 1.12	***************************************	<0.10 <0.02 0.78	**************************************	<0.10 <0.02 0.70
MERCURY	0.0018 <0.05 <0.05	**********	0.0020 <0.05 <0.05	**************************************	0.0016 <0.05 <0.05

- (1) POINT 1 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM REGULATOR CHAMBER POINT 2 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM TIDE GATE CHAMBER
- (2) ALL UNITS ARE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EXCEPT PH AND THE FOLLOWING:
 TEMPERATURE DEGREES CENTIGRADE
 COLIFORM DENSITY FECAL COLIFORM ORGANISMS PER 100 MILLILITERS
 TURBITY JACKSON TURBIDITY UNITS

(3)	SAMPLE	TYPE OF SAMPLE	FLOW TO INTERCEPTOR LINE (APPROX)	
- 11	1	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	2	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	3	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	3	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	5	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	6	DRY WEATHER-		
		COMPOSITE	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	7	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	8	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	9	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	10	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	
	11	DRY WEATHER-		
		COMPOSITE	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED	

TABLE 13 - REGULATOR 5, EAST 5TH STREET AND INCHAM AVENUE

DRY WEATHER SAMPLING RESULTS FOR APRIL 12, 1972

SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN WITHIN BAYONNE DRAINAGE AREA REGULATOR: 5

EAST 5TH STREET AND INGHAM AVENUE BAYONNE NEW JERSEY 0700'2

DISCHARGE WATERWAY: KILL VAN KULL

I.S.C. WATER CLASSIFICATION: B2

DATE OF SAMPLING: 4/12/72

NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN: 6

SAMPLED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION I.S.C. INVESTIGATION NUMBER: 8951

PARAMETER	SAMPLE 1 POINT 1 0900	POINT 1	SAMPLE 3 POINT 1 1500	SAMPLE 4 POINT 1 1800	SAMPLE 5 POINT 1 2100	SAMPLE 6 POINT 1 0900-2100
PARAMETER	3900	1200	1,000	1000	2100	3900-2100
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	210	324	188	70	36	171
SETTLEABLE SOLIDS	72	76	32	40	G	34
COLIFORM DENSITY	nnnnnnnn	>100000	**********	8900	********	**********
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	180	277	194	26	100	150
TEMPERATURE	12.0	13.0	13.0	6.9	10.0	HHHHHHHHH
РН	7.7	7.8	7.7	7.6	6.9	***********
CHLORIDES	2862	1968	525	10192	7644	4998
TOTAL CARBON	15	22	13	C	11	14
TOTAL ORGANIC CARDON	11	21	15	4	8	10
OIL AND GREASE	HHHHHHHHH	5.5	инининий	0.4	нининини	инининии
TURBIDITY (UNSETTLED SAMPLE)	********	*******	********	********	65	220
TURBIDITY(SETTLED SAMPLE)	70	400	250	25	60	190
ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P	6.32	7.66	6.16	0.06	1.30	3.70
AMMONIA - H	29.00	11.10	15.50	0.80	2.10	12.10
NITRITE - N	0.23	0.20	0.19	0.09	0.15	0.16
NITRATE - N	0.43	0.41	0.48	0.20	9.37	0.33
COPPER	HHHHHHHH	0.02	**********	0.05	********	0.05
ZINC	***************************************	0.16	***************************************	0.06	**********	0.12
CHROMIUM	********	< 0.05	инининии	<0.05	инининии	0.70
LEAD	*********	0.40	HHHHHHHHH	0.40	инининин	0.02
NICKEL	***************************************	<0.10	***************************************	<0.10	********	<0.10
CADMIUM	*********	<0.02	************	<0.02	инининин	<0.02
MANGANESE	******	0.44	**********	0.10	HHRRRRRRR	0.23
MERCURY	***************************************	0.1720	nammann	0.0009	**********	0.0484
SILVER	***********	<0.05	***************************************	<0.05	***************************************	<0.05
COBALT	HERENERS	<0.05	***********	<0.05	*********	<0.05

- (1) POINT 1 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM REGULATOR CHAMBER POINT 2 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM TIDE GATE CHAMBER
- (2) ALL UNITS ARE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EXCEPT PH AND THE FOLLOWING: TEMPERATURE DEGREES CENTIGRADE COLIFORM DENSITY FECAL COLIFORM ORGANISMS PER 100 MILLILITERS TURBIDITY JACKSON TURBIDITY UNITS

(3)	SAMPLE	TYPE OF SAMPLE	FLOW TO INTERCEPTOR LINE (APPROX)
	1	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED
	2	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED
	3	DRY WEATHEP-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED
	4	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED
	5	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	FLOW NOT ESTIMATED
	6	DRY WEATHER-	
	-	COMPOSITE	FLOW NOT ESTUMATED

The values of the mercury concentrations also show a time dependent variation and in both sampling periods, the highest values occurred at the 12 noon sample which may indicate that the discharge of the mercury into the sewer lines was probably associated with industrial batch processes. This matter is being investigated. Due to lack of extensive rainfall during the scheduled sampling period, wet weather sampling was not performed at this regulator.

The other regulator sampled was the Newtown Creek Regulator (No. B-1), a large regulator designed for dry weather flow of approximately 50 MGD. A land use map for this regulator is given in Figure 51, and Table 14 shows demographic characteristics of the drainage basin. This drainage area is approximately 90% residential. The land use map shows that an industrial area immediately surrounds the regulator with residential areas extending outward from the edge of the industrial area. A location plan of the regulator is shown in Figure 52, and Figure 53-A shows the hydraulically operated sluice gate at the regulator while Figure 53-B shows the outfall of the regulator. The results of the 12-hour and 24-hour samplings are given in Tables 15 and 16, respectively.

During the 12-hour sampling conducted on March 1, 1972, the flow was reasonably uniform throughout the day with a slight increase noted at 6 P.M. Flows were estimated (by measuring liquid height) to be approximately 35 MGD during the uniform flow period and approximately 50 MGD at the 6 P.M. peak. No precipitation or bypass flow occurred during sampling. Strong gaseous odors were evident from the overflow line manhole opening during the sampling period. During the 24-hour sampling which occurred on March 8 and 9, 1972, the flow during the day was fairly uniform and comparable to the previous sampling performed on March 1, 1972, with increased flow again occurring at 6 P.M. During the early morning hours of March 8, a light precipitation occurred with a slight overflow being observed at 9 A.M. As with the Bayonne regulator, large variations in pollutant concentrations occurred between daytime, nighttime, and early morning hours. This holds true not only for the parameters of usual interest such as total suspended solids and BOD, but also for many of the heavy metals such as chromimum, nickel, and copper.

The Commission also conducted two wet weather sampling surveys at the Newtown Creek Regulator (No. B-1). Analytical data was developed from the samples taken during two storm periods, April 13 and June 16, 1972. The analytical data for the April 13, 1972, storm is shown in Table 17. The storm flow and pollution loading characteristics during this storm are shown in Table 18, and Figures 54, 55, and 56 show total suspended solids, BOD, and oil and grease concentrations as

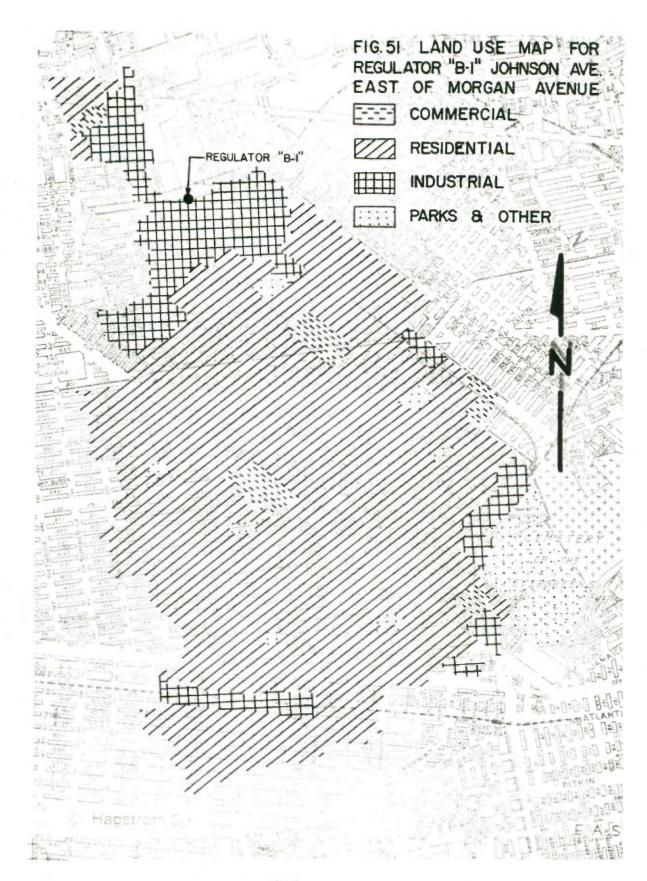


TABLE 14

LAND USE AND DEMOGRAPHIC

CHARACTERISTICS OF DRAINAGE BASIN

(Regulator B-1) (Newtown Creek)

Population	N/A
Area (Acres)	1408
Population Density	
Land Use	
% residential % commercial % industrial % other	80 0 15 5
Streets	
Total Length (Miles)	83
Estimated number of catch basins	1400

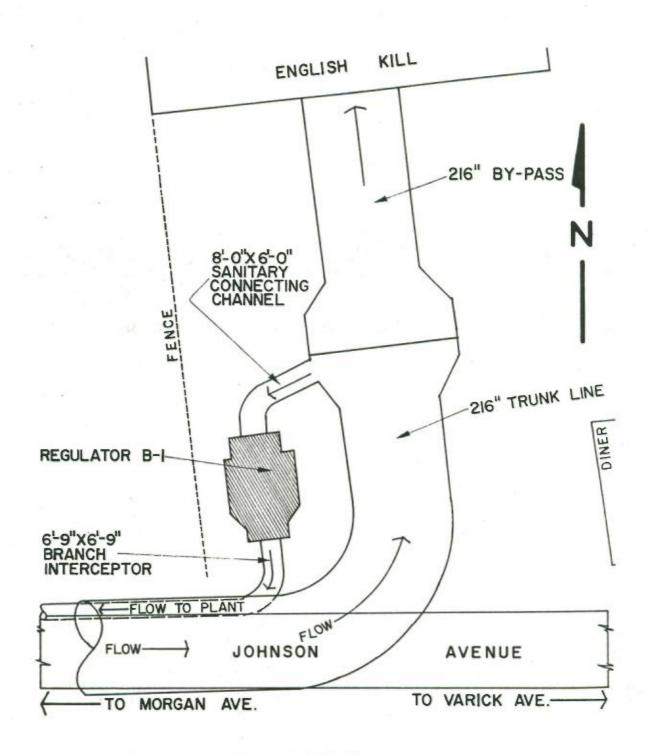


FIG. 52 LOCATION PLAN REG. B-I JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE

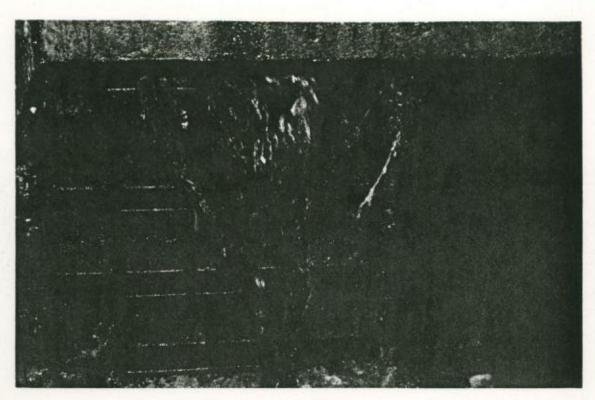


FIG. 53-A, HYDRAULICALLY OPERATED SLUICE GATE AT REGULATOR B-1, JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK



FIG. 53-B, OUTFALL FOR REGULATOR B-1, JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

TABLE 15 - RECULATOR B-1, JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE

DRY WEATHER SAMPLING RESULTS FOR MARCH 1, 1972

SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN WITHIN NEWTOWN CREEK DRAINAGE AREA REGULATOR: B-1 JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE BROOKLYN NEW YORK

DISCHARGE WATERWAY: NEWTOWN CREEK

1.S.C. WATER CLASSIFICATION: B2

DATE OF SAMPLING: 3/ 1/72

NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN: 6

SAMPLED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION I.S.C. INVESTIGATION NUMBER: 8897

PARAMETER	SAMPLE	1 100		1	SAMPLE 3 POINT 1 1500	POINT 1	POINT 1	SAMPLE 6 POINT 1 0900-2100
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	00.5	85	14	8	112	92 56	172	********
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND			4500 24 16.	0	204 17.0	80000 183 15.0	**************************************	**************************************
PH	3	43	7.	9	8.0	7.5	119	ининини 161
TOTAL CARBON		50 37	18 16 53.	8	137 126 *******	95 83 25.8	96 84 ининини	135 122 нинияния
TURBIDITY (UNSETTLED SAMPLE) TURBIDITY (SETTLED SAMPLE) ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P	6.	78 55 03	7 6 3.5	7	58 50 2.83	52 47 2.11	**************************************	ининини ининини 2.96
AMMONIA - N	10.		7.3 0.2 1.0	5	5.50 0.29 1.12	6.80 0.18 0.79	4.70 0.15 0.60	0.60 0.28 0.90
NITRATE - N	HHHHHHH	36 36	1.7	5	RHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHHH	0.45	RHHHHHHH	1.30
CHROMIUM	36 36 36 36 36 36 3 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 3	36 36	0.9 <0.2 0.7	0	**************************************	0.55 <0.20 0.04	**************************************	0.75 <0.20 0.04
CADMIUM MANGANESE MERCURY	36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	30.30	0.1 0.0 жжжжжж	8	**************************************	0.06 0.06 жининия	11	0.12 0.06 ********
SILVER	36 36 36 36 36 36 36		<0.0		********	0.02 <0.05	********	0.02 <0.05

- (1) POINT 1 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM REGULATOR CHAMBER POINT 2 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM DIVERSION CHAMBER
- (2) ALL UNITS ARE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EXCEPT PH AND THE FOLLOWING: TEMPERATURE DEGREES CENTIGRADE COLIFORM DENSITY - FECAL COLIFORM ORGANISMS PER 100 MILLILITERS TURBIDITY - JACKSON TURBIDITY UNITS

(3) SAMPLE	TYPE OF SAMPLE	FLOW	TO INTERCEPTOR LINE (APPROX)
1	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	35	MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
2	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	35	MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
3	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	40	MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
4	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	40	MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
5	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	35	MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
6	DRY WEATHER-		
	COMPOSITE	37	MILLION GALLONS PER DAY

TABLE 16 - REGULATOR B-1, JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE DRY WEATHER SAMPLING RESULTS FOR MARCH 8, 9, 1972

SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN WITHIN NEWTOWN CREEK DRAINAGE AREA REGULATOR: B-1 JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE BROOKLYN NEW YORK

DISCHARGE WATERWAY: NEWTOWN CREEK I.S.C. WATER CLASSIFICATION: B2

DATE OF SAMPLING: 3/8/72 & 3/9/72 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN: 11

SAMPLED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION 1.S.C. INVESTIGATION NUMBER: 8902

PARAMETER	SAMPLE 1 POINT 1 3/8-0900	SAMPLE 2 POINT 1 3/8-1200	SAMPLE 3 POINT 1 3/8-1500	SAMPLE 4 POINT 1 3/8-1800	POINT 1	SAMPLE 6 POINT 1 3/8-0900 TO 2100
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	168 78 нижиния	154 46 <1000	116 42 ******	194 82 3000	84 42 *******	173 86
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND	153 14.0	139	253 16.0	224 16.0	192 15.5	189
PH	жининия *********************************	6.9 ******	нининия нининия	7.9 нининия	7.2 жжжжжжж	**********
TOTAL CARBON	. 87 77 ******	82 73 26.4	167 151 ******	148 140 31.6	93 72 ниминия	100 89 ********
TURBIDITY (UNSETTLED SAMPLE)	55	57	60	69	58	63
TURBIDITY(SETTLED SAMPLE) ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P	2.47 6.80	2.11 5.20	52 2.47 €.70	62 2.60 7.10	2.60 8.20	2.47 7.32
NITRITE - N	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.15	0.15	0.23
ZINC	*********	0.76	**********	8.90	************	2.27
CHROMIUM	***************************************	1.95	*********	0.65	**********	3.75
LEAD	*********	<0.20	********	<0.20	***********	<2.22
NICKEL	*********	0.80	*********	0.50	***********	0.33
CADMIUM	**********	0.08	**********	0.06	************	0.10
MANGANESE	***********	<0.0001	*********	<0.0001	***********	<0.0001
MERCURY	***************************************	<0.05	*********	<0.05	***************************************	<0.15
COBALT		<0.05	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		**********	< 3. 35

NOTES:

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73

20.95

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100

- (1) POINT 1 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM REGULATOR CHAMBER POINT 2 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM DIVERSION CHAMBER
- (2) ALL UNITS ARE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EXCEPT PH AND THE FOLLOWING: TEMPERATURE - DEGREES CENTIGRADE COLIFORM DENSITY - FECAL COLIFORM ORGANISMS PER 100 MILLILITERS TURBIDITY - JACKSON TURBIDITY UNITS

(3)	SAMPLE	TYPE OF SAMPLE	FLOW TO	INTERCEPT	OR LINE	(API	PROX)
	1	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	50	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	2	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	40	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	3	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	35	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	4	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	35	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	5	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	30	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	5	DRY WEATHER -	****				
		COMPOSITE	42	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	7	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	30	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	8	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	30	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	9	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	30	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	10	DRY WEATHER-GRAB	35	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	11	DRY WEATHER-	-				
		COMPOSITE	31	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY

TABLE 17 - REGULATOR B-1, JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE

WET WEATHER SAMPLING RESULTS FOR APRIL 13, 1972

SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSES OF SAMPLES TAKEN WITHIN NEWTOWN CREEK DRAINAGE AREA REGULATOR: B1 JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE BROOKLYN NEW YORK

DISCHARGE WATERWAY: NEWTOWN CREEK

I.S.C. WATER CLASSIFICATION: B2

DATE OF SAMPLING: 4/13/72

NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN: 12

SAMPLED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION 1.S.C. INVESTIGATION NUMBER: 8954

PARAMETER	SAMPLE 1 POINT 2 1035	SAMPLE 2 POINT 2 1045	SAMPLE 3 POINT 2 1055	SAMPLE 4 POINT 2 1110	SAMPLE 5 POINT 2 1125	SAMPLE 6 POINT 2 1155
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS	1595 1522 нининия	8759 8646 ининини	1831 1759 жиннини	564 497 нининия	388 274 жижижия	323 201 *******
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND TEMPERATURE PH	242 ******** *******	428 ******** *******	275 жжжжжж жжжжжж	215 *******	186 *******	123 *******
CHLORIDES TOTAL CARBON TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON	32 6 4	37 12 11	39 8 8	39 7 7	41 7 6	32 4 3
OIL AND GREASE	46.7 70 45	8970.9 98 60	1031.3 65 44	163.4 61 45	80 50	65 41
ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P						
NITRATE - N	0.30 0.54	0.30 0.82	0.30 0.82	0.30 0.70	********	0.20 0.44
CHROMIUM	0.40 0.40 0.20	0.35 1.40 0.20	0.55 0.40 0.30	0.50 0.20 0.30	**********	0.35 0.20 0.20
MANGANESE	0.06 0.06 0.0046	0.08 0.12 0.0023	0.08 0.08 0.0016	0.06 0.08 0.0028	*********	0.06
COBALT	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05		<0.05

TABLE 17 - (CONTINUED)

PARAMETER	SAMPLE POINT	7 2 25	SAMPLE POINT 12	8 2 55	SAMPLE POINT	2 25	SAMPLE POINT	10 2	SAMPLE POINT	11 2 525	SAMPLE POINT	
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS		214	2	48	2	37		135		132		157
COLIFORM DENSITY	нинин		HHHHHH		ининии		нинии		нинии		REFEREN	
TEMPERATURE	******		******		1		: ************************************		*****		*****	
CHLORIDES		32		32		61	25 25 25 21 29 2	62	** ** ** ** **	59 11	** 40 ** 25 **	114
TOTAL CARBON	36363636363	6	HMHHHH	3	*****	8	******	11	******	11	*****	11
TURBIDITY(UNSETTLED SAMPLE) TURBIDITY(SETTLED SAMPLE)		50		50 34		53		52 43		46		82 67
AMMONIA - N	******	:::::	******	11 31	******	26.26	*******	11111	******	иин	******	инн
NITRATE - N	********	:::::	******	1111	*******	**	********		*****	***	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
ZINC	********	сии	0.	26	KKKKKK	3636	0.	98	HHHHHH	жж	1	.16
LEAD	******		<0.	20	*****		<0.	20	HHHHH		0	.20
CADMIUM	*****	:::::	<0.	02	******		0.	16	HHHHH	нин		1.16
MERCURY	*******	:::::	0.00	05	*****	::::		.05	******	ник	<0	004
COBALT	HHHHHHH		<0.	05	HHHHHH	36.26	<0.	.05	******	** ** **	< 0	1.05

- NOTES:
 (1) POINT 1 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM REGULATOR CHAMBER
 POINT 2 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM DIVERSION CHAMBER
 - (2) ALL UNITS ARE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EXCEPT PH AND THE FOLLOWING: TEMPERATURE DEGREES CENTIGRADE COLIFORM DENSITY - FECAL COLIFORM ORGANISMS PER 100 MILLILITERS TURBIDITY - JACKSON TURBIDITY UNITS

(3)	SAMPLE	TYPE OF SAMPL	E FLOW	TO RECEI	VING MAT	TERWA	Y (APPROX)
	1	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 43	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	2	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 53	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	3	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 63	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	4	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 80	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	5	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 95	MILLION	GALLONS	PEP	DAY
123	6	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 119	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	7	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 130	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	8	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 121	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	9	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 88	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	10	WET WEATHER-GR	AB 23	MILLION	GALLONS	PER	DAY
	11	WET WEATHER-GR	AB (SEE	NOTE 4)			
	12	WET WEATHER-GR	AB (SEE	NOTE 4)			

(4) NO BY-PASS: FLOW IN DIVERSION CHAMBER THROUGH REGULATOR TO INTERCEPTOR LINE

TABLE 18 REGULATOR B-!, JOHNSON AVE. EAST OF MORGAN AVE.

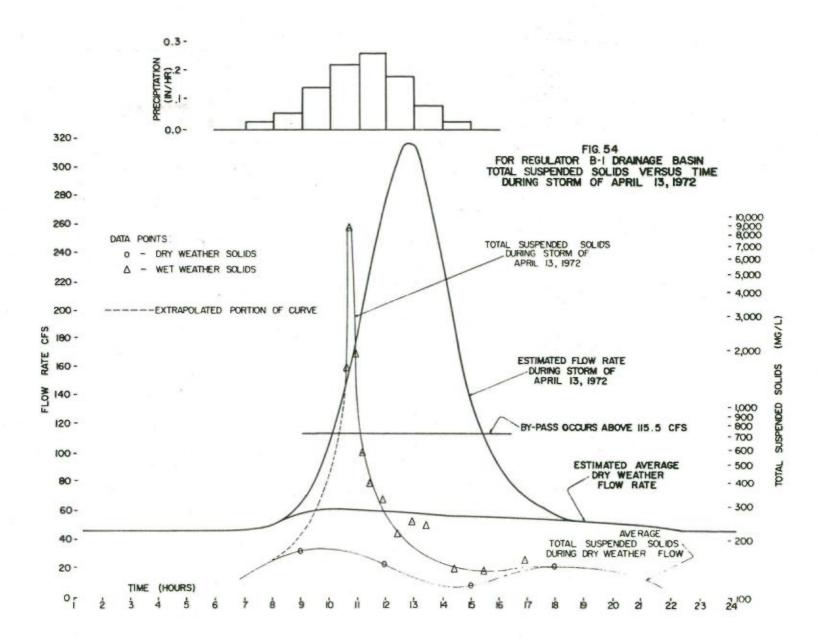
STORM FLOW AND POLLUTION LOADING CHARACTERISTICS DURING STORM OF APRIL 13, 1972

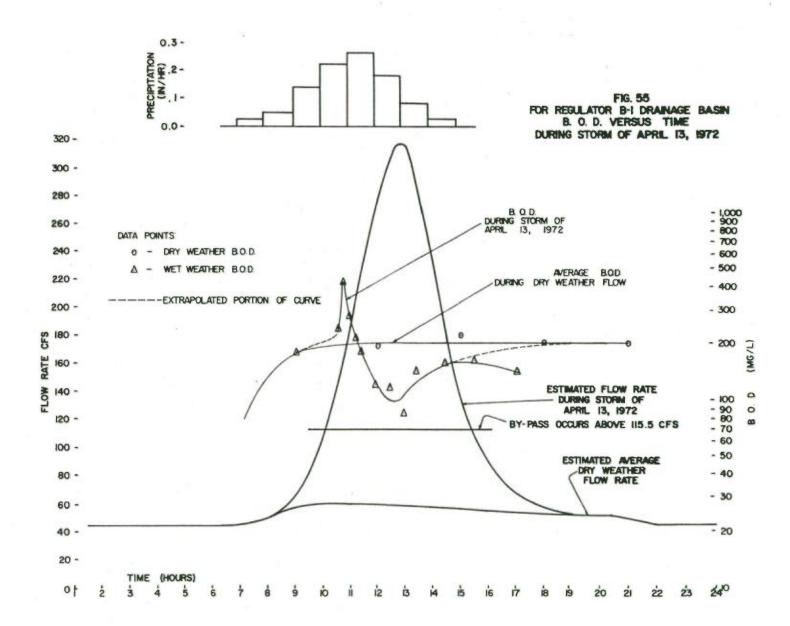
Sample	Time (<u>E.S.T.</u>)	Interval	Avg. Dry Verther Flow (CFS)	Runoff (CFS)	Total Flow (CFS)	By Pass*	By-Pass (MGD)	Avg. By-Pass During Interval (MGD)	T.S.S. (Mg/L)	Avg. T.S.S. During Interval (Mg/L)	T.S.S. (Lbs.)	B.O.D. (Mg/L)	Avg. B.O.D. During Interval (ME/L)	B.O.D. (Lbs.)	Oil and Grease (Mg/L)	Avg. Cil & Grease During Interval (Mg/L)	Oil and Grease (Lbs.)
	1005	20	60	56	116	0	0	12	425*	1010	2269	210*	226	508	36*	42	94
1	1035	30	60	94	154	38	25	13	1595			242	220	6.41	47		
		10	60	110	170	56	36	31	8759	5177	9244	428	335	598	8971	4509	8051
2	1045	10		112	172			39		5305	11917		352	791	0317	5001	11234
3	1055	15	60	120	180	64	41	50	1851	1208	5219	275	245	1058	1031	597	2579
14	1110		60	146	206	90	58	N. C.	564			215	5-08-5		163		
5	1125	15	59	165	224	108	70	64	388	476	2632	186	201	ш	110*	137	758
6		30		111		154	100	85		356	5229	123	155	2277	554	83	1219
	1155	30	59		270			111	323	269	5160	100	122	2340	55*	47	901
7	1225	30	58	247	305	189	122	126	214	231	5030	120	103	2243	38*	38	827
8	1255		58	258	316	200	129		248			86			37*		
9	1325	30	58	241	293	177	115	122	237	243	51.23	145	116	2445	36×	37	780
		60	58			80		84		186	5400	158	152	4413	34*	35	1016
10	1425	60		138	196	00	52	26	135	134	1204		162	1456	34*	33	297
11	1525	90	56	60	116	0	C		132	145		163	153	-	32*	31	1200
12	1655	30	56	20	76		(SEE NOTE	A)	157	47/		143	-73	_	29*)r	_
						Total I	ly-Pass Los	ding			58,427			19,240			27,756

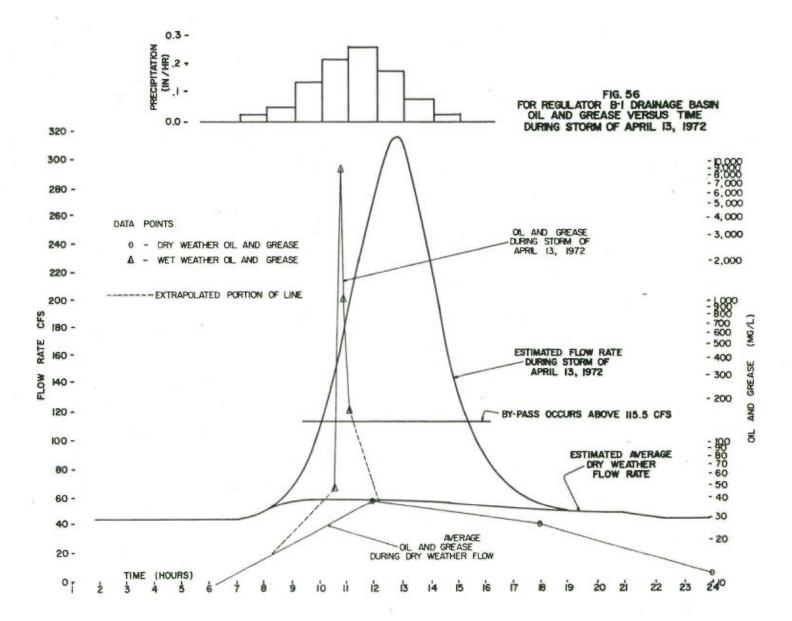
^{*}Regulator Capacity is estimated to be 116 CFS. By-Pass (CFS) = Total Flow (CFS) - Regulator Capacity (CFS).

^{*}Value obtained from extrapolated data.

A) No By-Pass - Flow in diversion chamber passing through regulator to interceptor line.







a function of time, respectively. An explanation of the column headings and the method of calculation for the various columns in Table 18 are found in Appendix B. Appendix D also lists the terms used in Tables 18 and 20.

Analytical data for the storm that occurred on June 16, 1972, is presented in Table 19. The storm flow and pollution loading characteristics of the storm are given in Table 20 and the total suspended solids, BOD, and oil and grease concentrations are given as a function of time in Figures 57, 58, and 59, respectively.

Estimates of storm runoff for both storm periods were calculated using the rational method. This method probably is the most prevalant one currently used in the United States to estimate the quantities of storm water runoff (23, 24). The rational formula relates runoff to rainfall in the following manner:

Q = CIA

where: Q = peak runoff

C = runoff coefficient

I = average rainfall intensity

A = drainage area

The runoff coefficient "C", is the least known quantity in the rational equation. It is not easily determined since it includes the effects of several variables such as infiltration capacity, interception by vegetation, and storage in depressions or rooftops. The coefficient represents a fixed ratio of runoff to rainfall in the equation but in reality it varies as a function of time during a storm, from storm to storm, and with the seasons.

Presently, there is no precise method for evaluating the runoff coefficient, although studies have been reported in this area (25). Common engineering practice is to utilize average values of the coefficient for various surface conditions. Values of the coefficient reported in the literature (23, 26, 27, 28) for urban areas range from 0.70 - 0.95. It should be noted that in highly urbanized regions with high percentages of impervious surfaces, the choice of "C" becomes more reasonable as "C" approaches unity and the application of the rational method becomes more suitable.

During this study, the initial value of the runoff coefficient was chosen to be 0.55 (a conservative value) and was incremented by 0.04 for each hour of rainfall to account for further runoff following saturation of the surface. The total flow during each increment was determined by

TABLE 19 - REGULATOR 8-1, JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE WET WEATHER SAMPLING RESULTS FOR JUNE 16, 1972

SUMMARY OF THE ANALYSIS OF SAMPLES TAKEN WITHIN NEWTOWN CREEK DRAINAGE AREA REGULATOR: B-1 JOHNSON AVENUE EAST OF MORGAN AVENUE BROOKLYN NEW YORK

DISCHARGE WATERWAY: NEWTOWN CREEK I.S.C. WATER CLASSIFICATION: B2

DATE OF SAMPLING: 6/16/72 NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN: 8

SAMPLED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION ANALYSES PERFORMED BY: INTERSTATE SANITATION COMMISSION 1.S.C. INVESTIGATION NUMBER: 9035

PARAMETER	SAMPLE 1 POINT 2 1540	SAMPLE 2 POINT 2 1550	POINT 2 1600	POINT 2 1610
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS SETTLEABLE SOLIDS	531	16804	2312	20244
	486	16726	2144	20157
	******	жжжжжж	жининия	нижиния
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND TEMPERATURE PH	173	321	465	272
	*******	*******	*******	*******
CHLORIDES	32 ******** ********	35 ********	50 *******	29 *******
OIL AND GREASE TURBIDITY (UNSETTLED SAMPLE) TURBIDITY (SETTLED SAMPLE)	110	4314	248	1216
	75	92	110	83
	40	50	110	59
ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P	**************************************	**************************************	********	**************************************
NITRATE - N	0.66	0.72	1.49	1.13
	1.48	2.09	1.65	2.25
	1.08	0.88	1.21	1.42
	0.80	1.00	0.80	1.40
NICKEL	0.90	1.30	1.70	1.90
	0.03	0.08	0.36	0.28
	0.15	0.22	0.24	0.22
	0.0020	0.0006	0.0010	0.0074
SILVER	********	*******	*********	*******

TABLE 19 - (CONTINUED)

PARAMETER	SAMPLE 5 POINT 2 1625	SAMPLE 6 POINT 2 1640	SAMPLE 7 POINT 2 1710	SAMPLE 8 POINT 2 1730
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS SETTLEABLE SOLIDS COLIFORM DENSITY	7534	1128 1061 ******	420 383 ижнижни	130 99 иннинин
BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND TEMPERATURE		148 ********	жининии 82	87 ********
TOTAL CARBON	инниния	16 *******	24 ******	21 ******
TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON OIL AND GREASE TURBIDITY (UNSETTLED SAMPLE)	HHHHHHHHHH	1008 72	******** ********	47 45
TURBIDITY (SETTLED SAMPLE) ORTHO PHOSPHATE - P AMMONIA - N	39	40 *********	26 *******	25 *******
NITRATE - N		*********	********	*********
ZINC	1.55	0.69 1.66 1.13	0.25 0.83 0.37	0.25 0.71 0.21
NICKEL	0.70	1.10	0.40	0.40
MANGANESE	0.14	0.13 0.18 0.0023	0.03 0.10 0.0015	0.03 0.07 0.0014
SILVER			*********	**********

- (1) POINT 1 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM REGULATOR CHAMBER POINT 2 SAMPLES TAKEN FROM DIVERSION CHAMBER
- (2) ALL UNITS ARE MILLIGRAMS PER LITER EXCEPT PH AND THE FOLLOWING:
 TEMPERATURE DEGREES CENTIGRADE
 COLIFORM DENSITY FECAL COLIFORM ORGANISMS PER 100 MILLILITERS
 TURBIDITY JACKSON TURBIDITY UNITS

(3)	SAMPLE	TYPE OF SAMPLE	FLOW TO RECEIVING WATERWAY (APPROX)
	1	WET WEATHER-GRAB	289 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	2	WET WEATHER-GRAB	287 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	3	WET WEATHER-GRAB	286 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	4	WET WEATHER-GRAB	284 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	5	WET WEATHER-GRAB	278 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	6	WET WEATHER-GRAB	267 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	7	WET WEATHER-GRAB	32 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
	8	WET WEATHER-GRAB	1 MILLION GALLONS PER DAY

TABLE 20 - REGULATOR B-1, JOHNSON AVE. EAST OF MORGAL AVE.

STORM FLOW AND POLLUTION LOADING CHARACTERISTICS DURING STORM OF JUNE 16, 1972

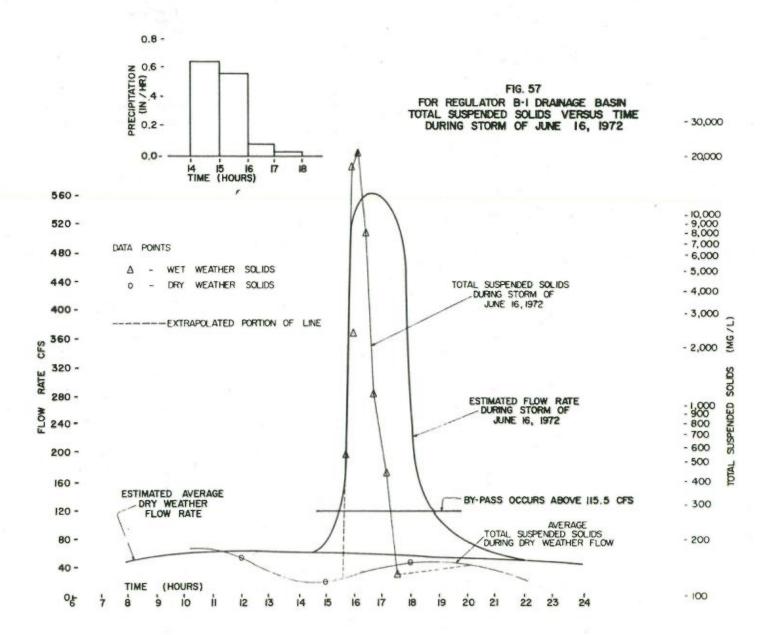
	Sample Number	Time (E.S.T.)	Interval	Total Flow (CPS)	By-Pass Flow (CFS)	By-Pass Flow (MGD)	Avg. By-Pass During Interval (MCD)	T.S.S. (Mg/L)	Avg. T.S.S. During Interval (Mg/L)	T.S.S. (Lbs.)	B.O.D. Mg/L)	Avg. B.O.D. During Interval (Mg/L)	B.c.D (Lbs.)	Oil and Grease (Mg/L)	Avg. Oil & Grease During Interval (Mg/L)	0:1 and Grease (Lbs.)
	-	1530	10	100	•	-	21	120*	326	394	80*	127	154	33*	72	87
	1	1540	10	180	64	41	149	531	8668	74392	173	247	2120	110	2212	18984
	2	1550	10	512	396	256	265	16804	17664	269623	321	393	5999	4314	31.57	48186
	3	1600	10	540	424	274	278	18524**	19384	310392	465	369	5909	2000**	1590	2546C
	I _k	1610		552	436	282	285	20244	13924	342865	272	236	5811	1180	1140	28071
	5	1625	15	560	141414	287		7604			199			1100		
	6	1640	15	556	440	285	286	1128	4366	107886	148	174	4300	1008	1054	26045
260			30				280		774	37449	82	115	5564	160**	584	28256
0	7	1710	20	540	424	274	265	420	275	8395		85	2595		104	3175
	8	1730	50	512	396	256	128	130	130	4792	87	90	3318	47	37	1364
		1820	20	116	3	0		130*			115*	500	_	27*		
						Total By	-Pass Load	ling		1,156,188			35,770			179,630

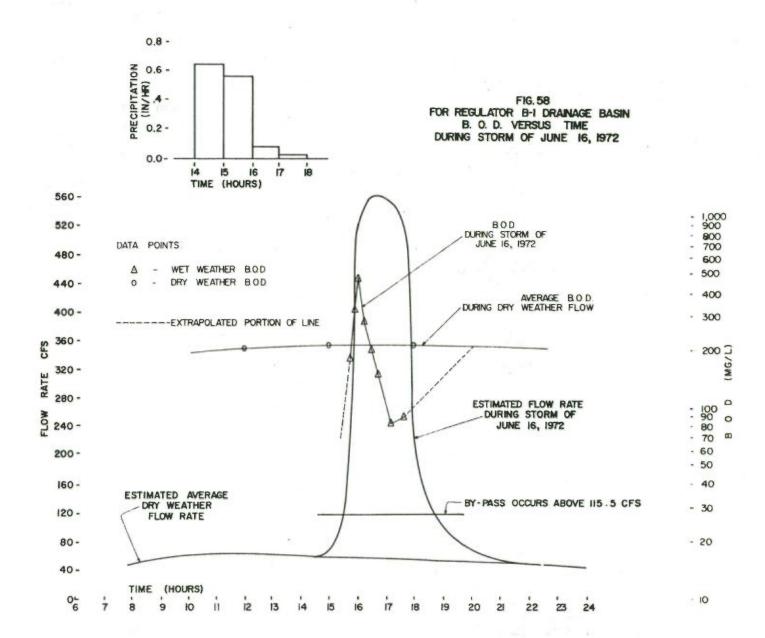
^{*}Regulator Capacity is estimated to be 116 CFS. By-Pass (CFS) * Total Flow (CFS) - Regulator Capacity (CFS).

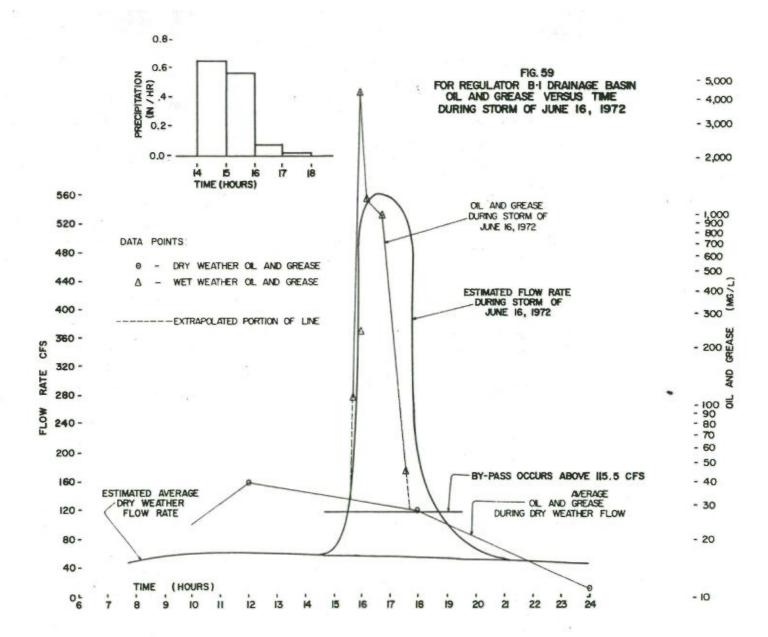
^{*}Extrapolated Value

^{**}Interpolated Value

A) Average Dry Weather Flow: 55-60 CFS during this period.







calculating the runoff flow using the rational equation and adding to that value the mean dry weather flow. A plot of these points versus time determined the shape of the total flow curve during each of the two storms studied. The placement of the total flow curve on the time axis was based upon the time of the observed initial bypass flow. The initial bypass was estimated to occur at 1.5 times the design mean dry weather flow of 50 million gallons a day through the regulator. Actually, there was a slight difference between the observed time of initial bypass and the theoretical time of bypass based upon runoff calculations. This is probably due to the fact that the rainfall data for the storms were obtained at the National Weather Service station at Central Park, a distance of approximately five miles from this regulator.

The total quantity of bypass for each storm was obtained by numerically integrating the function represented by the difference between total flow and initial bypass flow.

The two storms that were sampled were of distinctly different characteristics. During the storm which occurred on April 13, 1972, 0.97 inches of rain fell over a 9-hour period with a peak intensity between 11 A.M. and 12 noon EST of 0.26 inches per hour. As can be seen on Figure 54, the hydrograph of the rainfall approximates a normal distribution and may be considered to be typical of a spring day-long rain storm. The storm previous to this occurred on April 4, more than a week prior, during which 0.31 inches of rain fell.

The storm which occurred on June 16, 1972, was of a completely different nature. During this storm, a total of 1.31 inches of rain fell and as can be seen from the hydrograph on Figure 57, the total rainfall occurred over a 4-hour period. During the initial two hours, 1.22 inches fell with the peak intensity of 0.65 inches per hour occurring between 2 and 3 P.M. EST. This type of storm is perhaps typical of a summer thunderstorm due to its high intensity and short duration. In fact, this storm has established a new record for rainfall on this date. The rainfall previous to the June 16 date occurred on June 10, during which 0.19 inches of rain fell. Trace amounts of rain also fell on June 12, 13, 14, and 15, which totaled approximately 0.01 to 0.02 inches.

An analysis of the total suspended solids, BOD, and oil and grease values for both storms indicates that the nature of the storm, i.e., its intensity and duration, has a large effect upon the pollutants which are bypassed through the regulator. The April 13 storm, which had a relatively long buildup time, allowed the concentration of both parameters (TSS and BOD) to be maximized prior to the peak flow and

thus some of the "first flush" phenomena was diverted to the treatment plant prior to bypassing. In contrast, the June 16 storm had a high initial rainfall rate, such that the maximum values of pollutant concentrations and flow rates practically coincided. For all practical purposes, all of the "first flush" was discharged into the receiving waters with little or none being diverted to the treatment plant.

In both cases, however, the concentration as well as poundage of pollutants bypassed are very large. For instance, on the April 13 storm, 58,000 pounds of total suspended solids, 19,000 pounds of BOD, and 28,000 pounds of oil and grease were bypassed while on the more intense June 16 storm, over 1 million pounds of suspended solids, 36,000 pounds of BOD, and 180,000 pounds of oil and grease were bypassed. To gain some insight into the magnitude of these values, consider that during the June 16 storm, in 3 hours and 15 minutes of bypassing, approximately 30 times as much suspended solids were bypassed as are discharged from the treatment plant in a full 24-hour normal dry weather flow period. BOD and oil and grease discharges were also very high, especially in light of the fact that the flow through this regulator is only 25% of the total Newtown Creek Treatment Plant flow.

As can be seen from the tables of analytical data, during the wet weather flows, some of the heavy metals appear to have higher concentrations than during dry weather. particular, wet weather lead and mercury concentrations appear to be significantly higher than corresponding dry weather values. As seen in Tables 15 and 16, dry weather lead concentrations (8 values) are all less than 0.20 Mg/L. Wet weather analyses (see Tables 17 and 19) for lead show concentrations ranging from less than 0.20 to 1.40 Mg/L (16 values). The analyses for mercury during dry and wet weather periods have shown a similar trend. The dry weather analyses for mercury (Table 19) show concentrations below 0.0001 Mg/L (5 values). Wet weather concentrations of mercury (Tables 17 and 19) range from 0.0004 to 0.0074 Mg/L (16 values). It is interesting to note that during the June 16 storm, the total quantities of lead and mercury discharged were approximately 135 and 0.4 pounds, respectively. The increased concentration of these metals during wet weather periods could be attributed to automobile exhaust residues, vehicle drippings, and atmospheric scrubbing of lead and mercury aerosol compounds. However, even those metals which show a lower concentration during storms (due to a dilution effect of the stormwater) still discharge a considerable load into the receiving waters.

Treatment plants in general do not remove the large amounts of heavy metals and thus the effect on the receiving waters

should not differ appreciably whether these heavy metals enter directly via bypass flow or indirectly through the treatment plant effluent. It should be noted that even if means were developed to remove these heavy metals at treatment plants (which does not appear to be the general case), this would only allow their removal during dry weather flow. The heavy metals would continue to bypass the treatment plant controls during wet weather flow periods. Thus, it becomes apparent that these heavy metals must be removed at their source before entering the sewer system. Essentially, pretreatment, whether to remove heavy metals or other pollutants, would reduce the load to treatment plants, minimize concentrations in bypass flow, and tend to improve the quality of receiving waters.

If the pollutant values associated with this regulator can be considered representative of the type of bypassing that occurs throughout the District, then some means must be found to minimize the effects of combined sewers, for even though the treatment plants in the District are being expanded and upgraded, this upgrading may not achieve the desired results since the wet weather bypassing may totally overwhelm the In fact, it may be that in determining the receiving waters. efficiency of a treatment system, the results should be evaluated on a systemwide basis; i.e., not only the efficiency of the treatment plant but the net discharge should be considered, including the bypass from combined sewers. Therefore, additional attention needs to be directed toward a total system evaluation of effects, i.e., combined sewers and treatment plants and a minimization of these effects rather than on treatment plants alone.

SECTION XVII

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Martin Lang, Commissioner

William J. Stampe, Administrative Engineer

Harman J. Smity, Senior Civil Engineer

Maurice F. Breen, Senior Civil Engineer - Sanitary

Norman M. Cherry, Senior Civil Engineer

Martin J. Gelvand, Senior Civil Engineer

Edward O. Wagner, Acting Chief - Division of Plant Operations

William Fotopulis, Chief - Plant Services Section William Paulmeno, Assistant Civil Engineer Ralph Cohn, Assistant Mechanical Engineer The Newtown Creek Regulator Crew The Oakwood Beach Regulator Crew

Yonkers, New York

Westchester County Department of Environmental Facilities William Borghard, Commissioner Ken Wolf, Chief - Regulator and Pump Station Maintenance The North Yonkers Regulator Crew

City of Yonkers - Engineering Department Richard Aglietti, Assistant City Engineer

City of Yonkers - Planning Board Philip Pistone, Director

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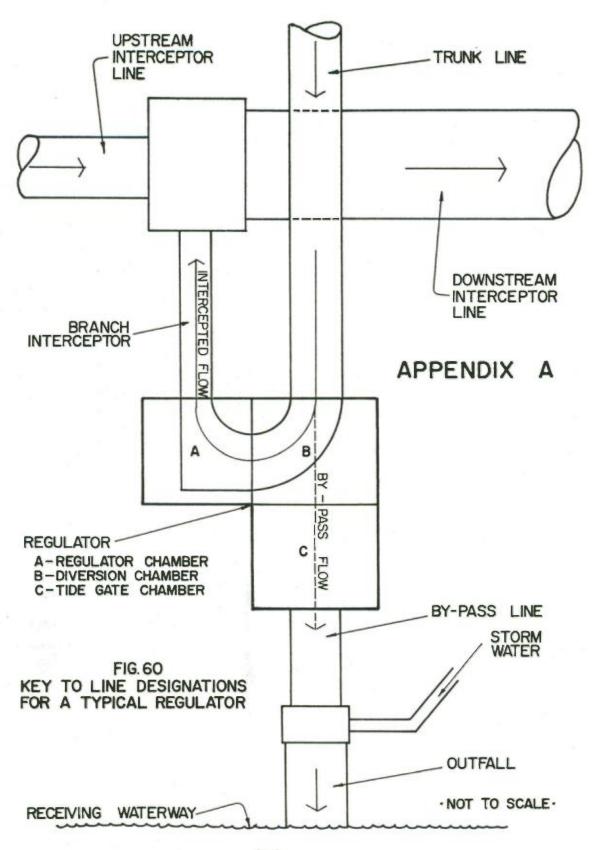
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APPENDIX B

GLOSSARY AND ABBREVIATIONS

BYPASS (noun) - An arrangement of pipe, conduit, gates, pumps, and valves whereby the flow may be passed around a hydraulic structure or treatment facility.

(verb) - The act of causing flow to pass around a hydraulic structure or treatment facility.

COMBINED SEWER - A sewer which carries sanitary sewage with its component commercial and industrial wastes at all times and which, during storm or thaw periods, serves as the collector and transporter of storm water from streets or other points of origin, thus serving a "combined" purpose. Combined sewers make provision for the overflow of excessive amounts of flow, over and above the volumes to be carried by the interceptor sewers and handled by treatment or pumping facilities, from the combined sewer system at predetermined points where some form of regulator devices are located.

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW - Wastewater flow in a combined sewer system resulting from the runoff of precipitation or from the flowing or draining of previous precipitation.

DIVERSION CHAMBER - An enclosure within the regulator which acts to conduct flow from an influent sewage line to the regulator chamber under dry weather conditions. During wet weather (bypass conditions), the flow is directed to the tide gate chamber.

DRY WEATHER FLOW - The combination of sanitary sewage and industrial and commercial wastes normally found in the sanitary sewers during the dry weather season of the year, sometimes referred to as base flow.

DYNAMIC REGULATOR - A semi-automatic or automatic regulator device which may or may not have movable parts that are sensitive to hydraulic conditions at their points of installation and are capable of adjusting themselves to variations in such conditions or of being adjusted by remote control to meet hydraulic conditions at points of installation or at other points in the total combined sewer system.

FORCE MAIN - A pressure pipe joining the pump outlet at a wastewater pumping station with a point of gravity flow.

INTERCEPTOR SEWER - A sewer that receives dry weather flow from a number of transverse sewers or outlets, and frequently additional predetermined quantities of storm water admixed with sanitary flows, and conducts such wastewaters to a point for treatment or for disposal between the collector sewer and the interceptor sewer.

<u>LOADING</u> - The dry weight, in pounds, of some material that is being added to a process or disposed of to a receiving waterway.

 $\underline{\text{Mg/L}}$ - Milligrams per liter or the concentration of some chemical in a liquid. If a letter appears after "Mg" it represents the chemical symbol, e.g., "N" for nitrogen, "P" for phosphorous.

MGD - Million gallons per day -- a common term for quantity of wastewater flow.

OUTFALL SEWER - The outlet, structure, or sewer through which sewage is finally discharged.

OVERFLOWS - The overflowing of trunk or interceptor sewers resulting from the combination of extraneous flows and normal flows that exceed their capacities.

RATIONAL METHOD - A means of computing storm drainage flow rates by use of the formula Q=CIA where Q is the peak runoff, C is a coefficient describing the physical drainage area, I is the rainfall intensity, and A is the drainage area.

<u>REGULATOR</u> - A structure which controls the amount of sewage entering an interceptor by storing in a trunk line or diverting some portion of the flow to an outfall.

REGULATOR CHAMBER - An enclosure which acts to control the quantity of flow of sewage admitted to an intercepting sewer or a unit of a sewage treatment plant.

STATIC REGULATOR - A regulator device which has no moving parts or has movable parts which are insensitive to hydraulic conditions at the point of installation and which are not capable of adjusting themselves to meet varying flow or level conditions in the regulator-overflow structure.

TIDE GATE CHAMBER - An enclosure within the regulator which acts to conduct the sewage flow (usually bypass) through a tide gate to the outfall.

TRUNK - A large sewer which receives wastewater from tributary branch sewers serving generally one drainage area.

ABBREVIATIONS

BR	Branch
CA	Corrugated Aluminum
CB	Circular Brick
CFS	Cubic Feet per Second
CI	Cast Iron
CIRC	Circular
COM	Commercial
CONC	Concrete
FTRC	Flat Top Reinforced Concrete
IND	Industrial
INT	Interceptor
MDWF	Mean Dry Weather Flow
N/A	Not Available
OB	Oval Brick
OTH	Other
PRCP	Pre-cast reinforced concrete pipe
RC	Reinforced concrete
RES	Residential
VP	Vitrified (Clay) pipe
Ø	Diameter

APPENDIX C

LEGEND FOR DRAINAGE BASIN AND REGULATOR LOCATION MAPS

	LEAD LINE TO REGULATOR'S DRAINAGE AREA
	LIMITS OF DRAINAGE AREA
	OUTFALL
	INTERCEPTOR
REG.	REGULATOR CHAMBER
DIV.	DIVERSION CHAMBER
T.G.	TIDE GATE CHAMBER
\bigcirc	REGULATOR NUMBER
•	EXISTING REGULATOR
0	PROPOSED OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION REGULATOR
A	EXISTING PUMP STATION
Δ	PROPOSED OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION PUMP STATION
	EXISTING SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT
	PROPOSED OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANT

APPENDIX D

TERMS USED IN TABLES 18 and 20

Sample Number - Consecutively numbered grab samples taken from overflow during storm.

Time (EST) - Eastern Standard Time used in all cases.

Interval (Min.) - Time interval between grab samples.

Avg. Dry Weather Flow (CFS) - Based on limited field observations made during dry weather sampling.

Total Flow (CFS) - Sum of Avg. Dry Weather Flow and Runoff.

Bypass (CFS) - Difference between Total Flow and Regulator's Capacity.

Bypass (MGD) - Conversion Factor: $0.649 \times (CFS) = (MGD)$.

Avg. Bypass During Interval (MGD) - Flow (MGD).

TSS (Mg/L) - Values from laboratory analyses of wet weather samples.

Avg. TSS During Interval (Mg/L) - Conc. (Mg/L).

TSS (Lbs) - Conc. (Mg/L) x 8.34 Lbs/Gal x Flow (MGD) x Interval (Min./24 x 60).

BOD (Mg/L) - Values from laboratory analyses of wet weather samples.

Avg. BOD During Interval (Mg/L) - Conc. (Mg/L).

BOD (Lbs) - Conc. (Mg/L) x 8.34 Lbs/Gal x Flow (MGD) x Interval (Min./24 x 60).

Oil and Grease (Mg/L) - Values from laboratory analyses of wet weather samples.

Avg. Oil and Grease During Interval (Mg/L) - Conc. (Mg/L).

Oil and Grease (Lbs) - Conc. (Mg/L) x 8.34 Lbs/Gal x Flow (MGD) x Interval (Min./24 x 60).

XXX - Average value of parameter.